Morning Oregonian.

VOL. 26, —NO. 8219. PORTLAND, OREGON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 16 1886 [illegible] FIVE CENTS.

BANKS.

**Merchants National Bank**
PORTLAND, OR.
TRANSACTS GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
[illegible]
ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT available [illegible]
SELLS [illegible] TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS [illegible]
MAKES COLLECTIONS [illegible]
VAN B DELASHMUTT, President. [illegible] W THAYER, Vice-President.
SAM'L [illegible] GOTMAN, Cashier

**Metropolitan Savings Bank**
Transacts a General Banking Business, allows interest on deposits as follows:
On 3 months certificates 4 per cent.
On 6 months certificates 5 per cent.
On 12 months certificates 6 per cent.
Directors:
[illegible] W. Thayer, H. W. Scott,
[illegible] D. Shattuck, H. W. Monastes,
[illegible] Williams, Dr W. H. Saylor,
Van B DeLashmutt, Dr S. J. Barber,
[illegible] Dodd, L. F. Powers.

**Commercial National Bank**
OF PORTLAND.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED
[illegible]
[illegible] Receive Prompt Attention [illegible]
[illegible] President. W. K. SMITH, Vice President. J. P. [illegible] Cashier.

**Ainsworth National Bank**
OF PORTLAND—cor. Third and Oak.
[illegible] A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS [illegible]
[illegible]

**The Dundee Mortgage & Investment Co., Ld.**
Capital Authorized [illegible]
Capital Subscribed $5,000,000
[illegible] Dundee, Scotland.
[illegible]
HUGH [illegible] OGER
40 Second street, [illegible]

**Bank of British Columbia**
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid-up Capital [illegible]
Reserve [illegible]
Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.
Branches—Portland, San Francisco, Victoria [illegible]
This bank transacts a General Banking [illegible] change business. Loans made; Bills Discounted [illegible] Commercial Credits granted. Deposits received [illegible] current account, subject to check, also on special [illegible] ificate.
FRED'K TOWNSEND [illegible]

**Ladd & Tilton, Bankers**
Transact a General Banking Business.
INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.
COLLECTIONS made at all points on favorable terms.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in [illegible] and the Eastern States.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.
EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, [illegible] and Hongkong.

THE
**Portland National Bank.**
Transacts a General Banking Business.
ACCOUNTS kept, subject to check.
SELLS EXCHANGE on San Francisco and [illegible]
MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in [illegible] and the Eastern States.
WILLIAM REID, President.
[illegible] INGALLS, Vice President.
[illegible] Cashier.

**London and San Francisco Bank**
LIMITED.
Capital and Reserve [illegible]
Head Office, 22 Old Broad st., London.
This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange business, makes loans, discounts bills, and issues commercial and travellers' credits available in any city in the world.
Portland Branch, 48 First St.
W. MACKINTOSH, Manager.

FRANK DEKUM, President. | W. K. SMITH, Vice Pres't. | R. C. [illegible] Cashier.

**The Portland Savings Bank**
OF PORTLAND, OR.
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
DIRECTORS:
D P Thompson, W. K. Smith, J. W. [illegible]
[illegible] Hirsch, C. A. Dolph, Ward & [illegible]
L. J. Jeffery, R. M. Wade, Cleveland [illegible]
Frank Dekum, Geo. H. Durham, [illegible]
S. W. cor. Second and Washington [illegible]

**OREGON & WASHINGTON Mortgage Savings Bank**
81 First street, Portland, Or.
Rates of Interest on Deposits
Three months 4 per cent.
Six months, 5 "
Nine months, 5½ "
One Year 6 "
LOANED ON MORTGAGES
$7,597,721 in 11 Years.
CORRESPONDENCE
solicited, and every information and facility for [illegible] mination will be furnished by applying to
WILLIAM REID, President.
CITY, COUNTY AND SCHOOL BONDS [illegible]

**First National Bank**
OF PORTLAND.
Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States.
President [illegible] HENRY [illegible]
Vice President, H. W. [illegible]
Cashier G. E. WITHINGTON
Assistant Cashier H. J. [illegible]
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in [illegible] and the Eastern States.
SIGHT EXCHANGE & TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, [illegible] Omaha, San Francisco, and the principal points in the Northwest.
SIGHT and TIME BILLS drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on the-Main, Hongkong.
COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

**DR. MINTIE**
THE SPECIALIST,
No 11 Kearny St., San Francisco, Cal.
[illegible]

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

Is a certain cure for Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Prostatorrhoea, and all the evil effects of youthful follies and excesses, and drinking intoxicating liquors. Dr. [illegible] [illegible] Restorative [illegible]
[illegible] 11 Kearny St. [illegible]
[illegible] BOTTLE FREE [illegible]

**DR. VANMONCISCAR,**
Nos. 132, 134 Third st.
[illegible]

The Oldest and Most Successful Physician on the Coast
25 Years' Experience.
[illegible]
PRIVATE DISEASES
[illegible]
YOUNG MEN,
[illegible]
LOST MANHOOD
[illegible]

[illegible] Clearance Sale
Carriages, Buggies [illegible] Spring Wagons, Etc.
This sale is bona fide. Goods will be sold without regard to profits above cost of manufacture
TERMS CASH.
NORTH PACIFIC MFG. CO. W. JACKSON & Co., Prop'rs.
Repository, corner North Twenty-Second and T sts.

[illegible] Sale of Lots.
—AT—
Pomeroy, Wash. Ter.

The Columbia Valley Land and Investment Co.
Have determined by resolution of their Board of Trustees to dispose of ALL the balance of their property and wind up the Company's business AT ONCE, and will sell without reserve at AUCTION

**Five Hundred Town Lots!**
In the Railroad Addition to the town of Pomeroy.

This will present a Rare Opportunity for [illegible]. The prospects for the growth of Pomeroy are better than that of any other town in Washington Territory. This Addition being in a valley one third of a mile wide, the hills rising on each side to the height of over 500 feet, [illegible] is so situated that the city cannot extend in any other direction but [illegible] the few exceptions all the available ground for RESIDENCES or BUSINESS PURPOSES and in the future extension of Pomeroy, the growth can only be in the direction of the above Railroad Addition, the passenger and freight depots and warehouses being located in the center of these Lots which are all in the city limits. Pomeroy is the county seat of Garfield County and already is a thriving town of over 1000 population with fine schools, three weekly newspapers and is the terminus of the Starbuck & Pomeroy Railroad, a branch line of the O R & N, and there is a more fertile agricultural land tributary to it than any other town in Oregon or Washington Territory, and there is but little doubt of its doubling its population within the next two years.

Terms of Sale:
Cash for all sales of $25 or under. For all over that amount 10 per cent. discount for cash; or one-third (1-3) cash, balance in 6 and 12 months, with notes, bearing [illegible] per cent. interest, secured by mortgage.

This Auction Sale will commence at 10 o'clock A. M., on Court day, October 4th, 1886, and will continue until all the Lots are sold.

For Description, Plats or further information, apply to
JOSEPH JORGENSEN,
Walla Walla, W.T.

Peruvian Bitters
Conquers Death-Dealing Malaria.
Destroys A Morbid Appetite for Stimulants.
Kills Dyspepsia by Removing its Cause
Restores Health and Consequent Happiness.
For sale by all Druggists and Wine Merchants.
CHAS. KOHN & CO., Agents,
44 Front st., Portland, Or.

THE PARKER GUN

THE BEST BREECH-LOADING SHOT-GUN IN THE WORLD.
[illegible] T HUDSON, Agent
AND DEALER IN
Breech and Muzzle-Loading Shotguns, Rifles, Revolvers, Fishing Tackle and Sportsmen's Goods.
[illegible] CHAMBERLAIN CARTRIDGES [illegible]
93 First st., Portland, Or.

SAVE YOUR BUTTER
BY PACKING IT IN
PEORIA (Ill.) STONEWARE.
[illegible]
[illegible] stamped PEORIA POTTERY
TAKE NO OTHER.
CHAS. HEGELE & CO.
KAMM'S BLOCK, PORTLAND
[illegible] Agents for Oregon, Washington [illegible]

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE!
Sash, Blind, Door and Furniture Factory and Planing Mill,
[illegible] MISS C [illegible]
[illegible]

EVERDING & FARRELL.
Timothy, Clover, Rye SEED
FRONT AND ALDER STS.

PORTLAND BOILER WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF STEAMBOAT AND [illegible] Boilers, Sheet-Iron Work of all descriptions. Special attention given to repairing in and out of city. JAMES MONKS, WM NORTON, [illegible] & Son, Portland.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY
GIANT AND JUDSON POWDER.
LITTLE'S FLUID SHEEP DIP.
P. & B. PAINT.
Varnishes,
[illegible] CAIMAN & CO'S, WILKINSON, HAY WARD & CLARK'S, London.
COTTON WASTE.
JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,
16 North Front St. Portland Oregon.

T. J. COLBERT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CARPETS
[illegible]
MATS, etc., etc.
First and Yamhill sts. Portland, Or.

COCKLE'S
ANTI-BILIOUS
PILLS.
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
[illegible]

Notice to Shipowners, Merchants and Captains,
That we will Discharge and Load Ships at [illegible] Per Ton from August 1st, 1886
R. LEMON & CO.,
Stevedores and Riggers,
[illegible]

J. B. CONGLE,
Manufacturer Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
SADDLES, HARNESS
Leather and Saddlery Hardware.
108 and 110 Front St. — Portland Or

JOS. SCHLITZ BOTTLING WORKS, LD.
Milwaukee Wis.
SOLE BOTTLERS OF THE
JOS. SCHLITZ BREWING CO'S
PILSNER LAGER BEER.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER & CO., Agt.,
Portland, Or.

MISS CONSTANCE JORDAN,
TEACHER OF PIANO Portland Savings Bank Building cor Washington and [illegible] sts. Portland

MOST PERFECT MADE
[illegible] Purity, Strength and [illegible] Dr Price's [illegible] flavored deliciously
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO AND ST LOUIS

NATURE'S CURE FOR CONSTIPATION, Sick-Headache, AND DYSPEPSIA.
A[illegible]
TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT Seltzer Aperient.
[illegible]
TARRANT & CO., New York.

[illegible]
"It is the [illegible] membrane that wonderful semi fluid envelope surrounding the delicate tissues of the air and food passages that Catarrh makes its strong hold. Once established it eats into the very vitals, and renders life but a long drawn breath of misery and disease dulling the sense of hearing trammeling the power of speech destroying the faculty of smell tainting the breath and killing the refined pleasures of taste. Insidiously creeping on from a [illegible] in the head it assaults the membranous lining [illegible] bones eating through the cells [illegible] and causing inflammation sloughing and death. Nothing short of total eradication will secure health to the patient, and all alleviatives are [illegible] sufferings leading to a fatal [illegible] SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE, by Inhalation and by Internal administration has [illegible] the disease has made frightful [illegible] smell [illegible]
SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one bottle of the [illegible] FOR CATARRHAL [illegible] and IMPROVED INHALER neatly wrapped in one package [illegible] full directions price, $1.00
POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. BOSTON

Friedrichshall.
THE TONIC APERIENT WATER
"A most [illegible] Aperient, and Diuretic"
Therapeutic Gazette, Phila
"After [illegible] years' [illegible] as highly as ever."
Professor Virchow, Berlin
"For HABITUAL CONSTIPATION it is [illegible]"
British Medical Journal
NOTICE —"The LONGER Friedrichshall is taken, the SMALLER is the quantity necessary to effect the purpose"
Sir Henry Thompson, F R C S, Lond
Of all Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers
TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., PORTLAND

POND'S EXTRACT

INVALUABLE FOR
BURNS, SUNBURNS, DIARRHŒA, CHAFINGS, STINGS OF INSECTS, PILES, SORE EYES, SORE FEET,
THE WONDER OF HEALING!
For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching, it is the greatest known remedy.
For Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bruises and Sprains, it is unequaled—stopping pain and healing in a marvellous manner.
For Inflamed and Sore Eyes.—Its effect upon these delicate organs is simply marvelous.
It is the Ladies' Friend.—All female complaints yield to its wondrous power.
For Ulcers, Old Sores, or Open Wounds, Toothache, Faceache, Bites of Insects, Sore Feet, its action upon these is most remarkable.
RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS! USED IN HOSPITALS!
Caution.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation.
It is never sold in bulk or by measure.
[illegible]
Prices [illegible] $1, $1.75. Sold everywhere
OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO
POND'S EXTRACT CO.
76 Fifth Ave., New York.

WILL CERTAINLY C[illegible] ness Sore Throat [illegible] Whooping Cough [illegible] Throat Lungs and Chest [illegible] Sold by all druggists
CAUTION.—[illegible] WILD CHERRY, having the signature of "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper

# THE EAST.

## Jay Gould's Son George Marries an Actress.

### CLEVELAND GOES DEER HUNTING

No Hope for the Imprisoned Miners Near Scranton—Proceedings of the Agricultural and Dairy Association Convention

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Miss Edith Kingdon an actress of Daly's company, who arrived with her mother on the Servia from Liverpool on Monday, was married at dusk yesterday to George J Gould, eldest son of the one hundred millionaire, at Jay Gould's summer residence, Lyndhurst at Irvington-on-Hudson. Rev Dr Washington Choate of the Presbyterian church, Irvington, read the marriage service. Jay Gould and Mrs Gould, George's two brothers, Edward and Howard, and his two sisters, and Mrs Kingdon the bride's mother, were the only persons present at the ceremony.

Mr Jay Gould and young George, with his bride elect and Mrs Kingdon, sailed up the Hudson to Irvington on the Atalanta in the forenoon. The parlors had been prettily adorned with [illegible] from the conservatories. The bride was attired in a black silk walking dress and her mother was similarly dressed. Both wore very fine solitaire diamond earrings. After the ceremony the little party had dinner.

At 7:30 the young couple (the bridegroom is [illegible] years old and the bride is 22) and Mrs Kingdon returned to this city and Gould's Fifth avenue home. Young Gould and his bride will to-day run out of town for a few days.

As an actress Miss Kingdon stood next to Ada Rehan and Virginia Dreher, and was vivacious, saucy and dashing. She has a strikingly pretty face, brown eyes and dark hair, which are set off by a remarkably clear complexion. She is of medium height and graceful carriage. No scandal has ever floated in the theatrical world concerning her.

A GOOD WORD FOR GEN. MILES

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Sept. 15.—The *Democrat* to-morrow will say editorially: "The recent reports circulated concerning the surrender of Apaches and detracting from the merits of the campaign have caused considerable indignation among military men in this section, who feel that it is but an effort to deprive gallant officers and soldiers of the fruits of their victory, and believe that they are inspired by envious critics. People in this community who know all the facts appreciate the great and final success of Miles's campaign as much as they have deplored the past futile efforts of others to secure lasting peace. Those who know say that Geronimo and his band were never captured or disarmed until Miles landed them last week at Fort Bowie as prisoners of war. Military men say that the Miles campaign was a necessity to bring the Apache troubles to a successful termination. His vigorous campaign lasted only four months, and Geronimo only gave up when he was exhausted and hopeless. He surrendered to troops in the field and Gen Miles simply told him army officers never kill their prisoners of war, that they must lay down their arms and do what he said, trusting their future to the president."

THE PRESIDENT GOES DEER HUNTING

SARANAC INN, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The third attempt at a deer hunt proved successful this morning. No rain had fallen during the night, and as the conditions were favorable for the scent lying on the ground, the dogs were put out about 8 o'clock. The hunt was in charge of Mr Charles F. Cutter, of New York and Col Belo, of the Galveston *News*. President Cleveland remarked that he had not much faith in its success, so far as he was concerned, but he called out his guide, and together they made their way toward the watch ground assigned them. One lucky hunter among those who started out from the inn was Mr A. L. Coolidge, of Boston, who was stationed at the long pond, and who was fortunate enough to kill a buck. On Friday the president's party will, in all probability, start for the upper lake region. A report has recently found its way into the woods that Col. Belo, who is spending the summer here with his family would probably be selected for the Austrian mission. Both Col. Belo and President Cleveland unite in saying the rumor is entirely unfounded.

THE SCRANTON MINE DISASTER

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 15.—The work of boring through the pillar at the Marvine coal mine where the coal was some twenty feet thick, for the purpose of ascertaining something definite as to the fate of the entombed miners, was pushed with vigor this morning, and the drill was not long in effecting an entrance to the opening beyond. When this was done, however, it was found that instead of air rushing in, as it had been hoped it would, gas came out. As no possible good could be accomplished by further work at this point it was stopped and work is now progressing at the first point where work was commenced, and where the distance to be cut through is something over 100 feet. About twenty seven feet of this was cut this morning, and by to-morrow morning half the distance will have been traversed. The "creep" has practically stopped and the miners are fast losing their nervousness and apprehension, which affected them greatly yesterday. There is no hope that the entombed miners are still alive.

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

MADISON, Sept. 15.—The democratic state convention here to-day nominated Gilbert M. Woodward for governor, and J. D. Putnam for lieutenant governor.

The platform supports the principles of the [illegible] party, supports the present administration, and commends the action of the postmaster general in regard to the Pacific Mail subsidy. [illegible] leasing of [illegible] and [illegible] the practice of allowing vast tracts of public lands to fall into the hands of foreign land companies.

The convention also nominated [illegible] secretary of state, [illegible] Ludwig, of Milwaukee; treasurer, John A. Johnson, of [illegible]; attorney general, J. M. [illegible] of [illegible]; superintendent of schools, Frank M. [illegible]; [illegible] James Meehan of Stevens Point; insurance commissioner, John Kreul of Kewaunee. W. A. Walker of Manitowoc, was re-elected chairman of the state central committee.

FERDINAND WARD

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Ferdinand Ward, from his cell in Sing Sing prison, continues to pour out threats against all persons formerly connected with the firm of Grant & Ward. He said yesterday to a reporter: "I do not desire to [illegible] angel. [illegible] punishment [illegible] [illegible] the whole trouble was [illegible] [illegible] and tried to work out [illegible] the stock market, and [illegible] ed [illegible] have been Ferdinand Ward [illegible] [illegible] failed I am a convict. [illegible] what I am getting but others deserve [illegible] persons connected with [illegible] Grant & Ward not [illegible] attack me. I have every letter I ever received, and these [illegible] Some of them will [illegible] the truth of this thing. Some day I shall [illegible]

[illegible]

LAS VEGAS, N. M., Sept. 15.—[illegible] day's train [illegible] from the south brought the Chiricahua and Warm Spring Apaches from the San Carlos reservation in Arizona to Florida. There were [illegible] of the savages guarded by three companies of United States infantry. Although none of them have been on the warpath since Geronimo [illegible] it was well understood they were [illegible] him with ammunition and there was no telling at what moment they might [illegible] [illegible] the government decided to ship them to Florida, where they could do no harm. More than half of the Indians are squaws and their children, and a more repulsive and hideous mass of humanity were never crowded into emigrant sleepers before. The car coaches are closely guarded by soldiers.

COLLISION ON THE WATER

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The Hudson river [illegible] Catskill narrowly escaped being run down [illegible] this city this morning by the Pennsylvania railroad ferry boat Baltimore. As it was, a hole of thirty feet was knocked in her hull beyond the guard rail on the starboard side of the vessel, and the water rushed in and threatened to sink her. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] promptly taken to stop the leak, which succeeded in keeping her afloat until she made her berth under a full head of steam. There were at the time more than 100 passengers on board. They were terribly frightened, but no one was injured. The damage to the boat is $5000.

A BANK CLOSES ITS DOORS

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—Late Wednesday afternoon the Howard county bank at Glasgow, closed its doors and placed its business in the hands of a trustee for the benefit of its creditors. James S. Thompson president of the bank, makes the following statement of the bank's affairs: "The assets of the bank are ample to pay all the depositors and stockholders in full. Hard times and the difficulty of collecting induced the directors to turn over its business to a trustee who will collect and pay its depositors and then the stockholders. The amount [illegible] [illegible] $40,000 and the liabilities [illegible] quite this sum."

TWO MEN KILLED

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 15.—A terrible accident occurred half a mile from this city at [illegible] this evening, on the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia railway. A north bound express train struck a [illegible] on a sharp curve while coming to the city. The [illegible] was thrown over a slight [illegible] crushing engineer [illegible] Buckley and fireman [illegible] Parish [illegible] Buckley's body was not recovered for several hours.

THE WYOMING FAIR

CHEYENNE, Sept. 15.—Owing to bad weather the first day of the Wyoming territorial fair it will be continued until next Saturday night, [illegible] programme being carried over. The railroad companies have made rates good until the [illegible]. The fair is a great success financially and otherwise, almost every branch of agriculture and variety of stock being represented.

FIRE IN IOWA

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 15.—Fire at Brooklyn this morning destroyed half the business portion of the town including the *Chron[illegible]* printing office, several stores, offices and shops. The total loss is estimated at $100,000. The fire originated in Holmes's grain elevator, near the railroad, supposed to have been set on fire by a spark from a passing engine.

TILDEN'S WILL

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The probating of the will of Samuel J. Tilden set down for to-day has been adjourned for one week. The adjournment was in consequence of the absence of Mrs. Caroline B. Whittlesey, who resides in Wisconsin. She is one of the heirs and must be present or be represented by counsel.

WANTS TO BUY BONDS

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—The Union Pacific railroad company, through Frederick L. Ames, trustee of the land grant bonds, advertises for proposals of sale to him of land grant bonds of the value of $2,164,000, which he is authorized to apply to such purchase. Proposals will be opened on the 20th inst.

RETURN OF AN ACTOR.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Harry E. Dixey, the actor, arrived here this morning with his company on the steamer Nevada. He was met down the bay by a number of actors and escorted up to the city.

ANOTHER RICH MAN'S SON MARRIED

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 15.—Anthony J. Drexel, son of Anthony Drexel of Drexel, Morgan & Co., was married to Miss Rita Armstrong of Philadelphia at Elberon yesterday afternoon.

AGRICULTURAL AND DAIRY ASSOCIATION

The Seventh Annual Convention in Session at Philadelphia—A Letter from Cleveland

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—Members of the American agricultural and dairy association met to-day in seventh annual convention. Some forty odd delegates were present, representing mainly Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Ohio, Virginia, Maryland, Georgia, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts and Canada. President Cleveland sent the following:

SARANAC INN, Sept. 4, 1886.

Joseph H. Reall, Esq.—*My Dear Sir*—Your letter of this [illegible] inst., supplementing our pleasant interview and containing an invitation to attend the national convention of the American agricultural and dairy association, is received. I should be glad to accept the kind invitation tendered and avail myself of the opportunity the convention will afford to meet representatives of an interest so important and valuable as that which the farmers and agriculturists of this country have in charge. The relation of this interest to the welfare and prosperity of our land is so intimate that it is a proper and legitimate care, and protection is, in my opinion, a patriotic duty. This consideration elevates the responsibility of those in any wise intrusted with our farming industry beyond the plane of mere unselfishness, and should induce conservatism and moderation. Demands made by such a spirit can not fail to exact a just and appreciative response from those who make and execute our laws. I hope that the coming convention may be productive of the best results to agriculturists, as well as to all the people of our country, and though plans already made and engagements already agreed upon will prevent my accepting your invitation, I shall be much interested in its objects and purposes. Yours sincerely,

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Congressman James Buchanan of New York, addressed the convention on the subject of the oleomargarine bill, and in his remarks said that during the next session of congress efforts would be made either to repeal or modify the law, and he advised the convention to hold itself ready to oppose such attempts. After Reall was installed as presiding officer the convention took a recess.

THE RESOLUTIONS

The committee on resolutions reported as follows, and the report was adopted:

WHEREAS, The agricultural interests and the [illegible] of this country are the property [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

Adjourned till to-morrow.

**A Mighty Sat Man**

Indeed is he who won't try the best men's shoes made, the celebrated "Hanan's," now the recognized leader in foot wear for gentlemen who require the finest and best. Eggert, Young & Co., special agents for Portland.

# PACIFIC COAST.

## The Higgins Murder Mystery Remains Unsolved.

### NEWS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Another Rate War Probable—Michael Davitt Arrives at Sacramento—A Murderer at Bay—San Francisco Notes

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—The mystery surrounding the death of Edward Higgins, the young man who was found dead in a Natoma street lodging house last night, with a knife wound over his heart, remains as deep as ever. His wife, who became unconscious at the time of the killing recovered this morning. She stated that she had quarrelled with her husband, accusing him of going with other women, when he suddenly drew a [illegible] knife and stabbed himself.

Charles Thurber, who lives in the lodging house, says that hearing a woman's screams he went to the room where Higgins was lying on the floor. He asked Mrs Higgins who did the cutting and she replied that she did it.

"What for?" asked Thurber.

"I don't know why I did it," she answered. "It was in a moment of passion. I was jealous."

Detectives who are at work on the case give it as their belief that it is a case of suicide, and not murder.

The killing of Edward Higgins has assumed another phase to-night, which will probably end in dispelling the mystery which has heretofore surrounded the case. Late to-night the detectives reported that they had found five witnesses who saw the quarrel between Higgins and his wife in the hallway of the house where he was killed. They state that after some angry words had passed between the couple, Mrs Higgins drew a knife and stabbed her husband, and that in the excitement which followed, Mrs Higgins found opportunity to dispose of the knife and time to concoct the story of suicide. The witnesses are J. Rollins, C. H. Thurber, H. C. Sheals and Emil Martin, inmates of the house, and Mrs Lambert, landlady of the house.

NEWS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—The steamer Gaelic arrived this evening with Hong Kong dates to August 24, and Yokohama to September 2.

The authorities of Macao have recovered $18,000 from Jose Dacruz, who is believed to have been the accomplice of Betram, who obtained $80,000 by a forged draft from a chartered bank at Hong Kong. Dacruz has been arrested. Nothing has yet been learned of Betram.

The British naval court at Yokohama, in the case of the American ship Clarissa B. Carver vs the British steamer Glamorganshire, which arose out of a collision between these vessels near Hiogo, Japan, June 17, 1886, allows the American vessel $67,000 damages.

In connection with the late anti missionary riots in China the Tsung li Yamen, or foreign board, have adopted the suggestion of the viceroy that the propagation of Christianity should be countenanced, if carried on openly, but if secretly it should be suppressed.

The *Jap[illegible] Gazette* says the total number of cholera cases throughout the country since its first appearance this year is 54,000, of which [illegible],000 ended fatally. Indications are that the epidemic is now abating.

Intelligence from Seoul, Corea, says cholera is still raging at that city. According to official returns fatal cases for July, this year, were 35,000, out of a population of 250,000. Outside of the capital, the epidemic is equally fatal. At Silmat[illegible], province of Keishodo, 5000 and at [illegible] 6000 deaths in one month are reported.

THEY WERE FROM OREGON

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—John Gribben, who last night killed an unknown man in self defense, stated to-day that he believed deceased was one of two men with whom he had had a difficulty some time ago in Oregon. He did not know the name of deceased, further than that he was called "Jack" in Portland, Oregon. Last year he (Gribben) was playing cards in a saloon. "Jack" wanted to join the game, and Gribben objected. This caused a fight, and Gribben, as he said, "got away with Jack." He never saw him again until about three months ago, when he was attacked at 1 o'clock in the morning by two men, one of whom was his old enemy. He told them if they came near him he would let them have a knife he held in his hand, and in that way he succeeded in scaring them off. Last night, when the man assailed him near the same place, he was prepared and determined to defend himself. Several persons who saw the shooting say that the man who fired the shots was running away, and that the dead man was pursuing him. The body of deceased is still lying at the morgue. No one has yet been able to give his name.

A DEFAULTER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—Marshall A. Bates, cashier with Collingham & Co., local agents of several insurance companies, has been discovered to be short in his accounts. The shortage was found ten days ago, since which time the books have been undergoing an examination. The shortage, it is believed, will reach $10,000. Bates, who has been employed by Collingham & Co. for ten years, has not been arrested and it is stated that his friends will settle the deficiency. Bates had a good reputation and announcement of the shortage is received with surprise. It is stated that Bates lived beyond his means which caused him to become a defaulter.

THE MARE ISLAND CONTEST

[illegible] of D. W. [illegible] and R. I. M[illegible] against Commodore [illegible] Phelps who had command of the navy yard when suit was brought to recover possession of Mare Island [illegible] this morning. The [illegible] papers were filed in the circuit court [illegible] February [illegible] plaintiffs claim title [illegible] Mare Island and [illegible] Don Victor Castro, May [illegible] 1841 [illegible] December 1851 [illegible] [illegible] Aspinwall and [illegible] W. P. [illegible] which [illegible] confirmed [illegible] [illegible] the United States.

ANOTHER RATE WAR [illegible]

A meeting of [illegible] passenger agents was held yesterday, for the purpose of [illegible] a [illegible] [illegible] the absence of the representative of the Atlantic & Pacific [illegible] [illegible] the general opinion that the [illegible] of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with the [illegible] company [illegible] [illegible] the two great overland lines.

[illegible] AS [illegible]

Mrs Effie Perkins, a lodging house keeper [illegible] streets, was arrested to-day by Detective Rogers on the charge of embezzlement. Robert W[illegible] charges her with having sold a [illegible] of clothing and [illegible] articles belonging to [illegible] [illegible] Mrs Perkins [illegible] [illegible] that her house was robbed and the articles stolen by burglars. Detective Rogers says that this is an old game [illegible] and that she has been suspected before, but always [illegible]

THE POSTAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY

President Henry Rosener of the Pacific Postal Telegraph company which proposes to construct a telegraph line between this city and New Westminster, B. C., in connection with the Canadian Pacific telegraph system, in an interview stated that there are now 100 men at work on the line between here and New Westminster, and that its completion would be pushed with all possible speed. The completion of this line will give San Francisco additional communication with the East, via the Canadian Pacific and with Europe via the Mackay Bennett transatlantic cable.

A MOVE AGAINST BUCKLEY

A decided sensation has been created in local democratic political circles by an effort to amalgamate several of the existing and coming municipal conventions and put Senator Patrick Reddy at the head of an independent ticket for mayor. Among the regulation Buckley democrats the proposition is viewed with the greatest apprehension, for if it did not result in the election of such amalgamated ticket it would certainly have the effect of defeating the entire democratic ticket, and thus leave Buckley without fodder for his lambs.

SAFE IN PORT

The schooner Eliza Miller, which went ashore at Hueneme last week with a cargo of barley, arrived in port this morning, in tow of the steamer Alki, forty four hours from Hueneme. The vessel is not damaged to any considerable extent, and the principal loss is on the cargo. It was necessary to throw about 1200 sacks of grain overboard in order to float the ship. Part of the cargo is also injured by water. The loss is about $1500, fully covered by insurance.

FOR THE CHARLESTON SUFFERERS

The commissioners appointed at a recent meeting to canvass the city for the purpose of getting subscriptions for the sufferers by the Charleston earthquake are meeting with success in their tours. About $1500 have already been subscribed by attorneys, and insurance men will donate about the same amount. Merchants will subscribe fully $5000 so that it is confidently believed that at least $10,000 will be forwarded to the East in a few days.

BLAINE NOT COMING WEST

There has been a report current for several days in republican political circles that Hon. J. G. Blaine would visit this state next month. It now turns out that the rumor is unfounded. Mr Blaine recently told two or three distinguished Californians who visited him that he greatly desired to visit the golden state, but that it would be certain to be construed as a boom for himself in 1888, and he was not a candidate for president, or any other office.

FOR THE [illegible] SUFFERERS

The management of the Bush street theater has consented to give a series of performances during the coming week in aid of the relief fund for aid of the Charleston earthquake sufferers.

ARRIVAL OF MICHAEL DAVITT

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 15.—Michael Davitt arrived here from the East this morning. The *B[illegible]* this afternoon publishes an interview with him on the subject of the pamphlet issued by the English loyal and patriotic union, on "The status of the Irish tenant farmer." Davitt says the arguments advanced in the pamphlet are utterly misleading, and tend to create misconception in the minds of the American public as to the exact present state of affairs in Ireland. He draws marked attention to the great depreciation that has taken place within the last few years in the prices of all Irish agricultural products, and denies that the Irish farmers enjoy greater advantages of tenure than others do. He says facts and figures which Parnell will present when he introduces his bill into the house of commons Friday next will completely refute the misrepresentations made in the pamphlet, and establish the truth of his charges against the entire Irish landlord system. Mr. Davitt left here this afternoon for Monterey, where he will remain for a few weeks, after which he contemplates delivering a series of addresses in the principal cities of California.

ATTEMPT TO ROB A STREET-CAR.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 15.—Late last night an attempt was made to rob street-car No. 8 of the C street line. The car was on Twentieth street, en route to the stable, and when near N street two men ran out from the shadow of a tree and commanded the driver to stop. One of the men attempted to seize the horses, and the other ran toward the rear of the car. The driver drew a switch iron and struck at the man near the horse, when the horses took fright and started rapidly toward the stable. One of the would-be robbers fired a shot toward the car, and the men then ran away.

A MURDERER AT BAY

LIVERMORE, Sept. 15.—Word was brought to town this morning that N. B. Sutton shot and killed Alex Martin, near the Livermore coal mine. A posse of officers went to the scene to arrest the murderer. On their arrival they found him pacing around the body on a hilltop. He would not allow the officers to approach, and fired two shots at the officers with a Henry rifle, keeping them at bay. They sent to town for reinforcements and a large number of men, well armed, have left for the scene of the murder.

Officers arrived on the scene, and after considerable parleying the murderer gave himself up to Deputy Sheriff Shaffer, and was brought to jail. Martin has cattle and they were in the habit of straying on Sutton's land. For several years petty rows were engaged in. The supposition is that cattle strayed on the land to-day, causing a renewal of the old feud, and resulting in Sutton shooting Martin.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

ANOTHER BOND CALL.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The secretary of the treasury this afternoon issued the 142d call for the redemption of bonds. The call is for $15,000,000 of 3 per cent loan of 1882.

Notice is given that the principal and accrued interest of the bonds herein below designated will be paid at the treasury office of the United States, Washington, the 16th day of October, 1886, and interest on said bonds will cease on that day, viz: Three per cent bonds issued under act of congress approved July 12, 1882, and numbered as follows: $50, original number 60 to original number [illegible] both inclusive; $100, original number [illegible] to original number [illegible] both inclusive; $500, original number [illegible] to original number [illegible] both inclusive; $1000, original number [illegible] to original number [illegible], both inclusive; $10,000, original number 8821 to original number [illegible] both inclusive: total $15,000,000.

The bonds described above are either bonds of the original issue, which have but one serial number at each end or substitute bonds that may be distinguished by a double set of numbers, which are marked plainly, original numbers and substitute numbers. All of the bonds [illegible] will be called by "original numbers."

[illegible] TELEPHONE SUIT

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Messrs Goode, [illegible] and Wiltmer, special counsel in the government suit against the Bell telephone company will [illegible] leave this city this evening for [illegible] where the case will come up for [illegible] next Monday. The ex[illegible] is reported [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] Bell [illegible] [illegible] contending [illegible] the law making the [illegible] obligatory [illegible] granting of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] that it was not called [illegible]

[illegible]

WASHINGTON, [illegible] At the instance of [illegible] appropriation of $[illegible] to cover the expense incident [illegible] in the fish commission [illegible] to defray [illegible] the Pacific coast, [illegible] Wilmington Del., [illegible] boilers, which are [illegible] As soon as the boilers [illegible] San Francisco by way [illegible] Magellan, and will do extensive [illegible] soundings en route. The Pa[illegible] have never yet been thoroughly [illegible] will be prosecuted along the [illegible] the Aleutian and Sea Island [illegible]

[illegible]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—What is commonly [illegible] circular [illegible] August [illegible] issued by the acting secretary, [illegible] 3 per cent. bonds to [illegible] $10,000,000 if presented before September 15 has been so modified as to offer [illegible] until further notice, all 3 per cent. [illegible] at the treasury at par and with [illegible] interest up to date of redemption. The [illegible] is indefinitely the amount of [illegible] that may be presented and the date [illegible] which they will be redeemed.

BAYARD MUST BACK DOWN

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The *[illegible]*, so-called administration organ, intimates that the government will have to back down from the stand it has taken respecting seizures of British seal vessels by the revenue cutter Corwin. It is claimed the seizures have been made in the interest of the Alaska Commercial company. People begin to ask if there is anything in the way of [illegible] which the administration will stand.

AN INTERESTING DECISION

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—The treasury department has decided that Indians living in the United States near the Canadian frontier, are not entitled to the privilege of purchasing horses and cattle in Canada, and importing them into the United States free of duty.

# NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

## OREGON

Baxter Young's hop house, near Eugene, with 2400 pounds dried hops, burned Thursday; loss, $2000; no insurance.

John Backus and Charles Charlton, of Prineville, have been arrested, charged with robbing the safe of County Treasurer Bushnell several months ago of about $3000.

### POLK COUNTY

On Saturday Adria Haley, of Monmouth, split his foot seriously while in the woods cutting timber.

Most of the hops in the vicinity of Independence are picked, and will shortly be ready for market.

A wen the size of a hen's egg was removed from the left ear of George McCaffee, of Buena Vista, last week.

D. L. Keyt, of Dallas, has sued J. P. Frizzel for $3000, alleged false imprisonment upon the latter's complaint.

Jeff Byerley was arrested Thursday at Dallas at the instance of Newt McDaniel, for assault with intent to kill. Mr Byerley was also arrested at the instance of Joshua McDaniel for assault with intent to kill.

While Mrs. A. A. Kratz was driving across the bridge that spans the Rickreall at Dixie the horse backed off the apron of the bridge, all falling a distance of fourteen feet. Neither Mrs Kratz nor a little child she had with her was hurt.

There is an attempt to enforce the Keady liquor law at Suver. John Bills, arrested for selling without license, was placed under $250 bonds to appear before the grand jury. The bonds were furnished by James Plunkett and Dillard Price. In spite of this the evil has not been stopped. A correspondent writes: "While the old man was in jail Suver had a rest, but since his release disorder, drunkenness and dissipation have been the daily nuisance."

A terrible row occurred about one mile from Buena Vista a few days since, between a family by the name of Nixon and a band of Chinamen, while picking hops. The Chinamen had gone to dinner and on their return missed some hops which one of the Nixon boys had taken. About ten of them, armed with hop poles, jumped upon John Nixon, who was an innocent party, and clubbed him until they barely left life in him. At this juncture the old lady and her daughter ran in; the old woman struck one of the heathens in the mouth and cut her hand to the bone on one of his teeth. The girl used a club, and the two women together succeeded after quite a battle, in driving off the Chinamen and remaining victorious upon the field.

### UMATILLA COUNTY

At Pendleton, Folwell, who shot Vaughn, was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

Caviness, who eloped with a 1[illegible] year old girl from Pendleton, married her and was discharged.

Hank Vaughn's wounded arm is not mending so fast as was expected, and now it is feared he may lose it.

J. J. Hunsaker, the school teacher at Helix, while in the act of mounting a cayuse last Friday was thrown and had two ribs fractured.

Webb Leasure, brother of J. C. Leasure, of Pendleton, who was shot about ten days ago by a man named Foy, at Wardner, Idaho, is slowly recovering from his wounds.

The famous poor farm, which has cost the county about $4500, was sold at auction by Sheriff Bentley last Monday for the sum of $1400, J. W. Salisbury of Pilot Rock, being the purchaser.

*East Oregonian*: Mrs T. F. Lucy, Mrs J. B. Purdy and Frank Mansfield leave on next Tuesday evening for Illinois, on a visit to their old home. Mrs Lucy and Mrs Purdy came away together twenty one years ago. Mr Mansfield has been away thirty one years.

Hugh Medlock was arrested near Centerville Friday, on charge of horse stealing and was taken to the Pendleton jail. He is the man who decamped with a horse from O. L. Jones's stable about three months ago, and who, with confederates, is supposed to have gotten away with several other horses from this neighborhood at the same time.

Prof F. O. Richards of Pendleton, tried to commit suicide a few evenings ago. He was dangerously ill with typhoid fever, and in a fit of delirium he seized a small penknife lying on the stand by his bedside and cut his throat in the region of the main arteries. The blood flowed over the bed clothes and down on the floor. The deed was discovered in time to save the unfortunate man's life.

### MORROW COUNTY

Rough lumber retails in Heppner for about $15 a thousand.

John G. Maddock of Heppner is arranging to start a private bank at that place.

The lumber is on the ground for the erection of the Catholic church in the south end of Heppner. The site is a commanding one.

On September 20, on the Heppner track, a quarter mile race will be run between Ben Swaggart's Sleepy Dick and Jim Jones's Blue Dick, for $500.

There is a demand for dwelling houses in Lexington. Every day inquiries are made for houses by heads of families who wish to winter in town and send their children to school.

*Heppner Gazette*: A sheep buyer from the Stein mountain country has been ranging Morrow county the past week offering $2 a head all round for stock sheep. No one seemed very anxious to sell.

*Lunchgo* [illegible] Ed Harbin who died last fall, or rather made his wife believe he did, was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Harrington last week at Mitchell, Crook county, for branding a horse belonging to Aleck Thompson. When Harrington came upon him the dead man was enjoying a sociable game of bean poker in a saloon. Harbin's wife had been wearing mourning for her dead husband ever since last winter, and was somewhat surprised when she found that he was lodged in the Heppner jail. It is said that Harbin was on the point of being married again to a young lady of the John Day valley, when he was ruthlessly torn from his pleasant surroundings by our meddlesome deputy sheriff. Harbin is a young man not over 25, and was married a few years ago to a rather elderly widow of Heppner. It seems he got tired of his bride after a little while and went away into the wilds of the Blue mountains and sent back word that he had died and was buried. His widow has thrown off her weeds and visits him in jail.

### BENTON COUNTY

W. P. [illegible], aged 13, died near Oneatta last Friday.

Mr David Leach and Miss Hattie J. Harrington were married last Tuesday at Corvallis.

A 4-year old son of Charles [illegible] of Newport, upset a kettle of hot water on himself Saturday last and was severely scalded.

Col Hogg has [illegible] house for the [illegible] now use [illegible] inconvenient.

Willis, the [illegible] who lives five miles west of Philomath [illegible] day of diphtheria. [illegible] are now down with the same disease.

The term of the circuit court at which Mr Allison will be tried [illegible] October [illegible] Saunders will again [illegible] to receive his delayed sentence [illegible] which occurred in Albany [illegible].

It is not generally known [illegible] Harrison [illegible] owners [illegible] plenty of fish. The [illegible] is the best [illegible] many years.

[illegible] boy who was [illegible] last week [illegible] danger [illegible] on the top of his head [illegible] skull were removed [illegible].

Corvallis [illegible] has been [illegible] department at Washington [illegible] service between Corvallis and [illegible] the Oregon Pacific railroad [illegible] into effect [illegible] schedule is not yet known, but it will [illegible] mail.

### LINN COUNTY

I. H. Montanye, of Albany has been appointed deputy prosecuting attorney for [illegible] county.

An infant son of Charles [illegible] who lives at Tangent, Linn county, had his leg broken last Friday by an older child, who was holding him falling down.

A team driven by Henry Kinzer [illegible] with a road cart four miles from Albany, one of the shafts of the cart penetrating the breast of, and killing almost instantly, one of Mr Kinzer's horses.

A man named Lloyd, employed in the narrow gauge warehouse at Dallas, was caught up by a belt and carried up to the shafting from which perilous place he was rescued just in time to save his life.

### UNION COUNTY

Union has organized a dramatic club.

La Grande has a baseball nine who style themselves the "Burned Outs."

The residence of Mr. Scott, of Pine Valley, was destroyed by fire a few nights since.

R. D. Hamilton, of La Grande, has a contract to deliver 50,000 ties to the O. R. & N. Co.

J. W. Fisher and Miss Allie Barnes, of Cove, were married at Union last Friday. Fisher had been brought back from Denver by Sheriff Hamilton, to answer to a charge of seduction.

Mrs. Moe, mother of Mrs D. A. McAlister and Mrs. Willis Skiff, died at Union last Monday.

Six thousand dollars are offered in purses and premiums by the Union County Agricultural society for the coming fair.

The fourteenth annual fair of the Union County Agricultural society will commence Monday, October [illegible], and continue six days.

Dick Peebles, of Ladd canyon, while trying to escape arrest for running his horses through the streets of Union, was shot in the left arm, probably rendering amputation necessary. Officer Cates, who did the shooting was arrested, and bonds were quickly furnished. The townspeople of Union stand by him for his endeavor to enforce their laws.

### GILLIAM COUNTY

H. C. McFarland sustained a fracture of both bones of his right forearm by a kick from a horse, Saturday last.

Byron Turner, sentenced to one year in the pen for horse-stealing, was taken below Thursday last by Sheriff Blakely and turned over to the authorities at Salem.

The wool shipped from Arlington so far this season amounts to [illegible] pounds, which, at a low net estimate of 12½ cents a pound, would bring into the country $[illegible],500.

Arlington *Enterprise*: Elijah Hendrix, a prominent cattleman near Lone Rock, had two valuable colts shot and killed a few days ago by a mob of seven drunken Indians that passed through his ranch on their way to the mountains.

### YAMHILL COUNTY

Capt. Lafollette, of Sheridan, has had a peculiar experience. For three years he has had pains, more or less severe at times, in the stomach and bowels. When first noticed he supposed he must have swallowed a fish bone while out camping. After seeking the best medical aid without relief, and almost despairing of life, he has finally dislodged from the lower bowel, embedded in a swelling and gathering, a piece of rock, some half an inch square. It appears to be quartz, the white portion crumbling when exposed to the air, but the blacker part is sharp as a lancet. How the quartz got there is a mystery, even to Capt. Lafollette.

### BAKER COUNTY

The sheriff's posse that were after the Canyon City stage robbers have returned, having lost the trail.

The bounty on rabbits, wildcats and coyotes cost the county for the past two months over $2,200, mostly on rabbits.

It is reported that a wealthy rancher by the name of Norwood, who lives on Willow creek, Baker county, was shot and instantly killed a few days ago by a man named Renfrow. Renfrow was arrested and after an examination before a justice of the peace was acquitted.

### JACKSON COUNTY

Wm M. Turner, of Jacksonville, is again confined to his bed, and is very low.

C. Scheidemann, who attempted to cut his throat not long since, has been taken to the insane asylum.

Jacksonville *Sentinel*: During the year ending with August 1, 1[illegible]000 pounds of freight were brought to Jacksonville, requiring over $[illegible]000 for freight money. R. S. Dunlap, the agent, kept no record of the exports, but thinks it would amount to over 20[illegible] pounds.

### COOS BAY

The tug Traveler was launched at Marshfield Saturday.

Henry [illegible] had his leg broken by a log [illegible] upon it last Wednesday.

George Hall lost one of the fingers of his right hand by coming in contact with a saw in the stave mill, Friday last.

J. W. Hume was on the bay Saturday and endeavored to make arrangements with the bay fishermen to purchase their salmon, which he intended to ship to the [illegible].

### DOUGLAS COUNTY

A little boy of A. B. Hames, of Elkton, was thrown from a horse, inflicting serious wounds about the head.

C. Henderer, of Elkton, set a brush fire this week, from which fire extended to his fields and destroyed nearly all his fences. It will take 1000 rails to replace the fences. It was only by the most strenuous work that his house and barns were saved.

## WASHINGTON TERRITORY

### SEATTLE

Stephen Ring and James Foster have been indicted for unlawfully bringing Chinese laborers into the United States.

Gov. W. C. Squire has received a thirty days leave of absence and will start for a trip to the Eastern states in a day or so.

The grand jury has returned a true bill against T. W. Alden of Tacoma, for robbing the United States mails on board the steamer Idaho.

The first six and-a-half mile section of the Puget Sound & Gray's Harbor railroad will be completed next month. One hundred thousand feet of logs are now hauled daily over this road and put into salt water. This amount will be increased from time to time until the mill at Port Blakeley is wholly supplied from that section.

Saturday was sentence day in Judge Greene's court. Charles Wilcox, the young man who pleaded guilty to having stolen a boat and fishing net, was sentenced to two years at hard labor at the territorial penitentiary. Arthur Daniels, a boy, pleaded guilty to grand larceny, and was sentenced to eighteen months in the territorial penitentiary. Ernest Lowry, a boy, pleaded guilty to grand larceny, and was sentenced to one year at Seatco. Frank Hermanson, a boy, pleaded guilty to a charge of grand larceny and was sentenced to eight months at Seatco. In passing sentence on these boys Chief Justice Greene regretted that there was no reformatory establishment in this territory where such boys could be sent. One Thompson, a highway robber, was sentenced to four years imprisonment. Charles B. Powers, who broke into the Seattle electric light works, and attempted to destroy the dynamo by driving a cold chisel through it was sentenced to two years and six months at hard labor in the territorial penitentiary.

### WALLA WALLA

Among patents recently issued to Pacific coast inventors was one to J. J. Gilbert of Walla Walla, for a rotary water motor.

T. J. Anders' son Willie 10 years old, was thrown from a horse Saturday evening, with result to break his left thigh bone.

Work on the penitentiary building at Walla Walla is progressing rapidly. The stockade, in some places, has reached fifteen feet.

Will Kelly had his right arm caught under the belt [illegible] so as to badly mangle the flesh, though no bones were broken.

The electric light people have orders altogether for [illegible] lamps more than are now in operation. [illegible] supply this demand another plant will be requisite. Instead of employing steam [illegible] the company will [illegible] water power to an adequate extent.

[illegible] Wolf appeared in court and gave an entirely different version of the affair from that which it is alleged she had given to the neighbors the next morning after the occurrence.

### LINCOLN COUNTY

The city assessment roll for Sprague footing up $[illegible].

Ground has been broken at Sprague for the new sisters' school.

A young man named [illegible], a resident of Sprague, was drowned at Coeur d'Alene lake a few days ago.

W. H. [illegible], one of the most prominent attorneys of Sprague, died at that city on the [illegible]. Mr [illegible] was the democratic nominee for [illegible] of that district.

[illegible] A building 40x22 feet has been added to the N. P. master mechanic's office at Sprague to be used as a reading room by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

The Sprague [illegible] tells of one H. Schmidt, a grocer of that city who has been doing a big business in selling goods at a low figure. Having established an apparently thriving business he took in a partner named Wells, of Kansas, who paid $200 cash down and sent for more funds. While Wells was awaiting the arrival of more money, Schmidt said he was going to Portland to buy goods, but it is generally supposed that he has left the country with his wife and about $1800 in cash—$1100 of which is money due Portland firms for goods.

### THURSTON COUNTY.

The Olympia water company is supplying the citizens of Olympia with water from Ferguson lake, near Bush prairie. The company has expended $8000 this summer in laying mains, etc., says the *New Transcript*.

Burglars are operating in Olympia. Recently the store of J. S. Brewer was entered and $29 75 and a $20 watch were stolen.

A man named Peter Stewart, working in Ben Turner's camp, met with a severe accident on the 4th inst., says the Olympia *Standard*. He was on a logging train and in attempting to put on the brakes the two cars between which he was standing came suddenly together, causing his leg to be caught between the ends of two logs, crushing the flesh and bones for a distance of six inches below the knee.

### SPOKANE COUNTY.

The Cheney flouring mill has started up again.

The Cheney *Tribune* is whooping up the prohibition cause in politics.

Myrtle lodge, No. 14, K. of P., of Spokane Falls, has organized a drill corps.

William Krone, employed on the Spokane & Palouse branch, had his left foot badly crushed Sunday afternoon.

The residence of Jacob Bettinger, at Cheney, was destroyed by fire a few days ago; loss, $5060, insurance, $2500.

The Benjamin P. Cheney academy began its fifth year September 13, with M. M. [illegible] of Iowa as principal and Mrs. I. E. Tucker as assistant.

### GARFIELD COUNTY

On Wednesday evening last S. C. Sanford was married to Miss Daisy Edmunds.

The body of the Patterson boy, who was drowned last spring in the Pataha, was found last week near the place where he lost his life.

The public schools of Pomeroy are crowded. There are now about 1[illegible]0 scholars in attendance and many more to hear from. We need a larger building and more teachers.

J. F. Finch, an old citizen of Pomeroy and a respected member of the G. A. R., departed on Monday for the Soldiers' home in California. For a long time past he has suffered from paralysis, and being in poor circumstances financially, he was sent to the home.

### KLICKITAT COUNTY

Thirty seven horses were sold at Goldendale last week at $20 a head and the colts were thrown in.

Thomas B. Taylor of Bickleton who was recently discharged from the insane asylum (where he had been since November last), suddenly again became insane and was sent back to the asylum.

Goldendale *Sentinel*: An affidavit was filed on September 8, in Squire Stapleton's court, by I. N. Barris, charging Willis Ewing with an attempt to commit rape upon his little ten year old daughter. A warrant was issued and placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriff [illegible] for his apprehension.

### SNOHOMISH COUNTY

[illegible] recently voted a [illegible] special school tax.

A sturgeon eleven feet in length weighing 600 pounds was caught near Snohomish City by one Indian.

The [illegible] county officers elected will reduce the $[illegible]000 debt and prevent in the future a 2[illegible] mills tax levy.

The Snohomish *Eye* states that Walter Keyes has commenced the work of transforming his recently acquired Mukilteo property into a summer resort. The hotel is being renovated and a large dancing platform is being built. Meanwhile Walter is in Portland talking about building a theater.

### YAKIMA COUNTY

[illegible] Charles [illegible], assessor of [illegible], is the new Indian agent, has taken charge of the [illegible].

Wm. T. Nelson, Henry [illegible] and [illegible] Snooks were arrested by Sheriff [illegible] on the [illegible] horses. [illegible] Tyler and Snooks [illegible] fault they were committed to jail.

### ADAMS COUNTY

Work on [illegible] in well [illegible] the company [illegible].

Hinton, the man who married Capt. Hatton's daughter at Ritzville and then [illegible] deserted [illegible], has been arrested at La Crosse, Wis. It has been [illegible] that he has a wife and four children in Albany. He will be brought to Ritzville for trial on the charge of bigamy.

### COLUMBIA COUNTY

[illegible] Jim, Indian [illegible] himself, hung himself in the Dayton jail [illegible]. He was cut down in time.

George Blackmer of Payne Hollow was severely kicked by a horse a few days ago, the horse's hoofs striking him in the right side. He is expected to recover.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Capt. George Roberts of the steamer George E. Starr, has been lying dangerously ill for several days with some kind of fever in Victoria, but is now slowly convalescing. During the captain's sickness Capt. Charles E. Clancey, the agent for the Oregon Railway & Navigation company of this city, is taking Capt. Roberts's place.

## MONTANA.

At Butte, on the [illegible]th, John Hobbs, 1[illegible] years old, a tool packer in the Alice mine, tried to jump across the shaft at the 200-foot station but struck his head against a crossbar and fell 817 feet down the shaft. His body was horribly mutilated and the head crushed.

## FARM NOTES

The Arlington *Times* says that calves are dying all over the hills with blackleg.

Last week 50,000 pounds of watermelons were shipped from Rogue river to Montana.

The farmers of Crook county are holding their oats and barley for [illegible] cents a bushel, and wheat $1.

Chehalis *Vidette*: And now comes N. S. Merrill with samples of wheat over seven feet high, and two varieties of oats, which stand respectively 6 and 7 feet from the ground.

Arlington *Enterprise*: As threshing progresses the yield continues to exceed previous expectations. There will be lots of wheat shipped from Morrow county this year.

Dr Plummer's young orchard, located three miles southwest of Portland, near Summit station, produced this year three tons of Bartlett pears, upwards of five tons of Italian prunes, besides much fruit of other varieties.

Some Polk county farmers have begun work on their summer fallow. A large fall crop will be sown in this vicinity. The late rain moistened the ground and laid the dust, which adds much to the convenience of the work.

Hop picking is well along with in all parts of the valley. In Linn, Polk and Marion counties a great share of the picking is being done by white labor. A few of the Linn county raisers contracted their hops at 8 cents before the [illegible] and are now regretting their haste.

Skagit *News*: The popular idea that peaches cannot be grown in Western Washington has been completely exploded. H. I. Kelly, residing below Skagit City, has raised and marketed over 100 boxes of choice fruit besides what was [illegible] on the upper river [illegible] peaches [illegible] can be grown [illegible].

Dr. Riley, of Olympia some months ago set the broken leg of a cat. Recently the animal died of some disease and the doctor removed the fractured bone and found that the fracture had [illegible]. This disproves the theory of farmers and veterinary surgeons, says the Olympia *Standard*, that the fractured bone of a horse cannot be made well again.

Yakima *[illegible]*: As an evidence of what the county is good for, we cite the fact that three quarters of an acre of ground on the farm of W. H. Mine, ten miles up the Ahtanum, has this year yielded 80 bushels of wheat, and besides this there was taken from the same three quarters of an acre five large two-horse loads of wheat hay, which latter could not be cut by the self binding machine because it lay tangled on the ground.

Kenneth Macleay, of the firm of Corbitt & Macleay, of Portland, is cultivating a fine fruit orchard on one of the highest knobs of Carter's hill, and containing nearly 1000 choice Royal Ann, peaches, plums, prunes, pears, apple and Italian prune trees. The orchard has been set out about two years. The Royal Ann trees bore some fruit this season, and many of the varieties will do the same next year if the conditions are favorable.

*West Side*: Polk county farmers are working hard to get their wheat hauled before the winter rains set in. You can hardly look out on the street, from morning until night, without seeing teams loaded with wheat going to the warehouses. The warehouse at McCoy is said to be full to overflowing, and the railroad company is beginning to release the crop. If good prices can be realized for the present crop money will be plentiful.

## MINING NOTES.

Rogue River *Courier*: The parties who have bonded the Green Bros.' quartz mine at Galice creek inform us they are going to go down on the ledge a depth of 500 feet, whence they will run two inclines, and hope to strike it rich.

*East Oregonian*: "Bent" Wells was in town this week from the Granite creek mines. He reports several rich discoveries lately, and that many claim owners are making large profits. They haul the ore to Baker City and ship it to Omaha for reduction, and even after the big expenses are well repaid. He thinks reduction works in Baker City would pay large profits and be a Godsend to the miners.

Vancouver *Register*: We were shown a piece of quartz this week from a ledge recently discovered by Thomas Combest near Texas gulch. It shows indications of being a very rich strike. This sample was broken off from the vein near the surface and is said to assay as high as $[illegible] in silver to the ton. The ledge is also very wide, and the discoverer thinks he has struck a bonanza, and we hope he has. The country tributary to the East Fork of Lewis river will yet become a mining region of no small importance.

Yakima, W. T., *Farmer*: J. S. Hill came down from the Swauk mining district a few days ago and brought with him some specimens of free milling gold quartz ore taken from the Homestake and Keystone lodes. The Homestake is twenty feet wide and has tunnels run in on it aggregating several hundred feet. Several tons of ore have been worked and the assays showed from $[illegible] to $80 per ton. The Keystone is an extension of the Homestake, and a prospect shaft exposes the quartz to a width of twelve to fourteen feet, and it is equally as promising a property as the Homestake.

## SALMAGUNDI.

Indian papooses are very much like the children of the Caucasian race. Up in Polk county the other day a languid child of a haggard old squaw refused to pick hops. He was shown how to pick and told to begin, but instead bolted off across the already picked ground, the squaw after him. She caught her toe in a vine and left the imprint of her face in mother earth, but caught him nevertheless. He was then told again to pick, and still declining, the ancient dame picked up a barrel, slipped it over him and held him prisoner for half an hour. He was then released, and the friend in their ejaculated: "Now you pick hop!" [illegible] hop. In reply the youth extended his right hand, sought his mother's [illegible] and the now furious mother slipped the barrel over him and did not release him till sundown.

Tillamook county is quite noted for rank growth of vegetables [illegible] the following is a little above the average. It is well known that in the spring the pea vine grows at a respectable size before the fern has a start, but when the fern sticks its head out of the ground it grows very fast, and the pea vine has a weakness for twining around the aforementioned fern. A farmer went out one morning and found that the fern had grown so fast in the night that it had all the pea vines out by the roots. Another recent comes to hand that a cow [illegible] among some fern one night and was [illegible] stockmen went to drive it in the next morning found it lodged up in the high branches of the rapidly growing fern [illegible] the animal [illegible] the ground [illegible].

## NEWSPAPER TALK

[illegible] *Oregon* [illegible] of Pendleton will [illegible].

[illegible] who has [illegible] is [illegible] in [illegible] the Business [illegible].

[illegible]

## TERRITORIAL POLITICS

Snohomish *Eye*: "The democratic territorial convention, by its senseless denunciation of Gov. Squire and Chief Justice Greene, we presume think they have scooped the working men and K. of L. into the fold body and soul."

Walla Walla [illegible]: Judge Barney who was appointed receiver of the land office at Spokane Falls by Cleveland does not think that Cleveland meant anything by ordering officials to keep out of politics. At least Barney is stumping for Voorhees.

Kittitas county democratic nominations are: Auditor, W. H. Peterson; sheriff, Samuel [illegible]; [illegible]wood, treasurer; Mr. Rembke, probate judge; W. Davis, county superintendent; [illegible] and Peterson, county commissioners; Perry Clemans and Sam Bates [illegible].

The republicans of Garfield county made the following selections: C. H. DeBow, auditor; H. H. Wise, sheriff; Benjamin Butler, probate judge; Gilbert Dickson, treasurer; F. N. [illegible], assessor; I. Beckwith, school superintendent; Hayden Geurhardt, surveyor; G. W. Black, coroner.

The Walla Walla democratic county ticket is as follows: Councilman, B. L. Sharpstein; representatives, F. M. Louden, J. F. Cropp; sheriff, A. S. Bowles; auditor, J. Chitwood; probate judge, R. Guichard; assessor, J. S. Houtchens; superintendent of schools, J. H. Morgan; coroner, W. B. Clowe; county commissioners, Wm. McKinney, Ed McDonald, W. T. Barnes. The democratic nominee for district attorney for Walla Walla and Franklin counties is F. K. Hanna.

## NECROLOGY

Mrs Adeline Bullard who died at the family residence in Benton county, September [illegible], was born in Hawkins county, Tenn., August [illegible]. When a girl of 1[illegible] years she removed with her parents from Tennessee to Kentucky. At the age of 18 she was married to W. Bullard, and with him removed to Oregon in 18[illegible].

Abraham Jones who died recently at Zena, Polk county, was born July 1, 1841, in Vermillion county, Illinois; enlisted in Company [illegible], Seventy third regiment, Illinois infantry, 15th day of July, 18[illegible]; was discharged from service the 12th day of June [illegible]. He was in the battles of Chickamauga, Missionary Ridge, Lookout Mountain, Atlanta, Stone River, Nashville and Franklin besides many other small affairs. In one of the last he received a wound for which he has been a great sufferer, and for the last four years [illegible] helpless. He came to this coast in [illegible].

## TURF TOPICS

[illegible] free for all race at Walla Walla fair [illegible] assures the grandest [illegible] ever witnessed in [illegible] the meeting [illegible] in turf annals in the [illegible] coast. Charles Russell of Walla Walla [illegible] Tempest; Wm [illegible] of Walla Walla [illegible]; Tom Scott, [illegible]; [illegible] Peach, of [illegible]; B. De Lashmutt, of Portland, Kitty Lynch. These are the leading trotters of Washington territory and [illegible] and the fleetest trotter in Montana.

## MISCELLANEOUS NOTES

[illegible] is supplied with water from sixteen artesian wells with a capacity of [illegible] gallons daily.

American women who go abroad and quarrel over their perilous flirtations with the Prince of Wales hardly give European society an elevated conception of American womanhood.

When Bismarck goes to Gastein he always stays in the upper floor of an old barber's shop adjoining the Badeschloss. There is a little garden attached to the house and here in a tent the iron chancellor sits for hours with his favorite dog, the Reichshund, crouching at his feet.

Senator Voorhees announces that he does not want the vice-presidential nomination, and doesn't think he is the man for the place. The unanimity upon this question is something remarkable in the present disturbed state of our politics. There are nearly sixty millions of people in hearty accord with the senator.

Mr Gladstone takes every day two glasses of claret at lunch and two at dinner, with a glass of port wine. His alcoholic consumption has been estimated by his son at seven gallons a year, which would be three and a half times the average consumption per head in England and four and a half times the average in Europe.

A San Francisco man told a Grand Army man that Gen. Grant was the greatest orator he had ever seen. "Why," said he, "when he made his reply to the address of welcome that was fired at him in this city six or eight years ago he removed his cigar, made his speech and went on smoking again. His cigar hadn't gone out. It's a pity we have only one public speaker of that kind in about ten millions."

# MILLIONS OF GOLD.

## The Long Lost Gunsight Mine Rediscovered.

### The Richest Discovery for Many a Year—The Gunsight and Goulder—Lucky Los Angeles Men Find a Fortune

Through many weary years the search for the wondrous Gunsight mine, that was reported to have been discovered near the Nevada line about twenty five years ago has been continued, and many bleaching human skulls lie on the burning desert, the only evidence of the adventurers who went out to find the golden treasure. Many times, says the Los Angeles *Herald*, it has been reported found, but on careful observation it has been discovered that the real mine was not the lost and fabulous Gunsight, but yet the spirit of adventure lived and thrived, and the persons who had seen the specimens of gold from the opulent region believed with a firm faith that they could find the long lost region of richness.

In firm, brave faith, about a month ago, a party left Los Angeles to search for the golden glory of the Pacific slope. It consisted of A. J. Judson, A. D. Spring and Barney Carter. They went by team via Cajon pass down the Mojave, over the Mojave desert in a northeasterly direction from Barstow, passing by Black's ranch and south of Panamint around the foot of the Amargosa mountains into that caldron of fire, Death valley, under the fervent heat of an August sun. Their object was to follow as nearly as possible the supposed trail that the lamented Goulder followed when he discovered vast placers of gold and gathered it like the gleaning of a head of ripened grain.

Into the dazzling white plain they went, the burning sand scorching their sore and swollen feet, and through the green goggles over their eyes the reflecting blazing light nearly ruined the sight of their weakened eyeballs.

To add to the horrors of the scene the bones of the emigrants and prospectors' mules, burros and oxen lay on the plain where the possessors of these skeletons died from thirst, heat or starvation.

The party followed the north star toward the land of their hopes. Occasionally a great vulture sailed above them, waiting to see when one of the party would perish to furnish him a coveted meal. In the background the barren mountain cliff where no blade of grass ever grew to gladden the eye, afforded no relief, while the heat was terrible, and beyond the waste of shining sand and fantastic forms of rugged rocks bounded the horizon and seemed to sink into the ocean of a deep blue sky. After passing out of the northern end of the valley, they entered the east range of the Amargosa mountains. Here they became bewildered and utterly lost. The water barrels became dry and shrunk and fell to pieces while the wagon shrunk and fell apart. Fortunately in this country were found [illegible] pieces of the old wagons [illegible] were found from time to time where the emigrants had burned [illegible] and their [illegible] these remnants of wagons they kept their vehicle in repair [illegible] they knew not whither. Their thirst became [illegible] digging into the sand [illegible] water [illegible].

At last, [illegible] they found [illegible] and [illegible] spring [illegible] digging [illegible] chunks of [illegible] they knew that they had found the great placers [illegible] discovered long years ago [illegible] certain that they were [illegible] Gunsight ledge [illegible] in these searches they were rewarded with [illegible] These ledges [illegible] and secured a large amount of specimens.

They then began their long and weary journey towards Los Angeles, and arrived in this city yesterday, all rugged bronzed, and tired, with weakened eyesight, and was exhausted. As soon as they had obtained refreshment they sent for a *Herald* reporter, to whom they showed their rich specimens and told their romantic tale of suffering and success. Judson and Spring are in fair preservation, but Barney Carter was badly used up and was not able to receive company.

To day preparations for opening the placers and using dry washers will begin, and men, teams and tools will be engaged to open the ledges. Steel wheels will be made for the wagons and galvanized iron barrels will be made to hold water. Nothing but steel or iron seems to be able to withstand the climate of the great barren burning Death Valley.

By the time these preparations are completed it is likely that the heat will greatly moderate.

The returning party will go from Los Angeles to a point near Tehachipe by rail and then by teams to the land of gold. It is likely that about three weeks will elapse before the expedition will get under way. In the meantime, the discoverers are jubilant at the thought that they have found the Gunsight mine and the Goulder placers.

# MILITARY COMMISSIONS.

PORTLAND, Sept 1[illegible]

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

In THE OREGONIAN of the 11th the suggestion is made that for the trial of the Apache outlaw, Geronimo, the members of the jury which decided the anarchist cases at Chicago be constituted a "commission," with final and complete authority.

This would probably be quite as legal a method of constituting a commission as any other.

A great many loose notions exist in the country in regard to what is called a "military commission," and a Washington dispatch of the 10th contains several examples of those vague, loose notions. It says: "The atrocities of these prisoners, terrible as they were, are not thought to be such as would bring them within the jurisdiction of a court martial." Certainly not, because it is not the atrocity of the crime committed but the fact as to whether the criminal is a military personage, which enables a court martial to take jurisdiction. No person unless he is a member of the military service, can be tried by a court martial. Hence an Indian unless he was an enlisted scout, could not legally be tried by a court martial.

The dispatch goes on to say: "Nor would the civil courts in the absence of witnesses [illegible] the requirements of the case, although the guilt [illegible]. Under the circumstances a military commission, which seems to be intermediate between a court martial and a tribunal of Judge Lynch, and which is recognized by leading publicists as a necessity under certain circumstances is perhaps the only court by which justice could be meted out to these marauders. It would of course be composed of military officers and its proceedings [illegible]."

This certainly would [illegible] court of competent jurisdiction [illegible] instruments in the absence of witnesses [illegible] proceedings.

It might be well to go a little slow in this matter, not with a view of saving the neck of an outlaw like Geronimo who has been [illegible] without going through any forms of law short of Judge Lynch's, but with a [illegible] apprehension that the creation of an illegal tribunal might at some future day be used against some persons [illegible] not quite so obnoxious as an Apache outlaw.

The strictest search of our laws fails to discover any legal enactments covering the composition of a "military commission," whether as regards the character of its members, the number of them, the oath to be administered to them, or the course of its proceedings, and except under "certain circumstances" any such "commission" could have no more legal authority to act than one of Judge Lynch's courts.

It is believed that the first instance of the use of a "military commission" by authorities of this country was in Mexico by order of Gen Scott, when in command of an army in that country. For the government of his army the military laws of the United States were ample, but these laws were not applicable to Mexican citizens, nor to some of the crimes which might be committed by others on Mexican territory. To provide for such cases Gen Scott instituted "military commissions" and prescribed their method of procedure. It is believed his right to do this has never been successfully questioned.

From that time until after the commencement of the civil war no instance can be recalled of the creation of one of these "commissions," but soon after the actual inauguration of war it became evident that some means would have to be adopted to try cases similar to those for which Gen. Scott had instituted the "commission" on Mexican soil. Of course within the seceding states the question was a plain one, for civil law was dead, and the "circumstances" were essentially the same as if our armies had been operating on foreign soil. The result was that the "commission" was resorted to, and its use was gradually extended from the seceding states to the loyal states where the writ of habeas corpus had been suspended, and in some cases to places where this writ was still in force. But as an instance of how this sort of thing grows, the cases brought before military commissioners were not limited to non-military persons. One of our most distinguished commanders, Gen. Buell, was brought before a so-called "military commission," at first composed of five and afterwards reduced to three members, and these often committing all sorts of absurdities, such as trying to swear the accused officer to secrecy, refusing his right to be present, etc., submitted a record which mysteriously disappeared from the files of the war department, and has never been seen since. It is a well known fact also that a "military commission" was originally ordered to try Gen Fitz John Porter, but in this case the attempt was abandoned.

All these things go to show that a "military commission" on the soil of a free country and in a time of profound peace is entirely devoid of any legal status and has just as much right, and no more, to try even an Indian as a lyncher's court. If congress, the law making power of this country, desires to place the military commission amongst the legal courts of the land it will probably take appropriate steps in that direction, but until it does do so all the "recognition" given to such bodies by "leading publicists" is necessarily under certain circumstances, cannot render them legal under existing circumstances.

J.

## ATLANTA'S PROHIBITION

ASTORIA, Sept 11

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Prohibitionists do not expect a perfect enforcement of prohibition in the South until the democratic party of the South is supplanted by the prohibition party. There is, however, very good enforcement in many places in the South, and the very best results are seen wherever the law is enforced. These results as shown by the public records, are greatly reduced taxation and the diminished volume of crime. In Maryland, for instance, there are nine counties which have prohibition with [illegible] inhabitants against fourteen counties that have license with a population of [illegible] inhabitants. In one year's observation there was shown to be 3,22[illegible] commitments in the whisky counties and only 1[illegible] commitments in the prohibition counties. This result shows that in this state of Maryland [illegible] that results are obtained everywhere that prohibition is enforced.

Since the diminution causes the crime and the consequent taxes, there is also a great reduction in taxation wherever prohibition is enforced. In proof of we can take the public records everywhere. In Kentucky, for instance, the two counties of Hardin and Bullitt are adjoining. Hardin has about twice the population and twice the property that Bullitt county has. In 1881 Hardin county had license and Bullitt county had prohibition. The prosecutions of that year cost Hardin, which was the whisky county, nearly nine times as much as they cost Bullitt county. An examination of the records also showed that during a period of years the number [illegible] from Hardin county was ten times the number in Bullitt county. Bullitt county has lately adopted prohibition [illegible].

[illegible] where most whisky was formerly sold is now the greatest sign of improvement. Real estate is higher than it was six months ago. There is a great improvement in all legitimate lines of business and the condition of the laboring classes is at least [illegible] per cent better. The money that formerly went for whisky now goes for necessaries—including real estate on the installment plan. There is less noise and rowdyism on the streets and a general feeling among the better classes of greater security, both of life and property.

Such is the tenor of nearly a score of letters from the most prominent business men of Atlanta.

When we shall have obtained a well enforced prohibition in Oregon, what a day for rejoicing it will be.

Then there will be very little crime, low taxation, good and happy times, and fewer wretched homes. These are the good things now coming and coming fast. AUG. C. KINNEY, M. D.

## NOTES AND NEWS

There is demoralization among the democrats in Washington over the heartless apathy in every department of their administration in regard to the Charleston affair.

Mrs Gen W. S. Hancock has been engaged this summer in writing a volume of reminiscences of her late husband. It is now about completed and will be published this winter.

The new *Scribner's Magazine* is now definitely announced to make its appearance January 1. Mr E. L. Burlingame will be the editor, and F. D. Millet, a brother of the artist, will be superintendent of the art department.

Old man Taylor and three of his sons are running for governor in Tennessee. There are two more strapping young Taylors waiting for nominations. There does not seem to be parties enough to give them all a chance.

The money lost by laborers in the great southwestern railroad strike last spring was enough to have bought the land and built 1000 cottages for the strikers if they had kept at work and used their wages for that purpose.

Russia readily offers to guarantee a Bulgarian loan of 10,000,000 roubles. She begins to feel a kind of proprietary interest in the country and has no doubt already distributed enough [illegible] to control the Bulgarian assembly.

Gen Neal Dow informed the Boston correspondent in Maine that St John is paid $50 a night for his speeches in that state. He refused to speak in Augusta because the [illegible] could not be raised to pay him in advance.

The word "seismic," just now so prominent in the description of earthquake phenomena, is from a Greek word meaning "to shake." Without stretching things, an attack of [illegible] fever might be called the seismics.—[illegible]

The money of Mexico [illegible] Mexican [illegible] account [illegible].

The Hartford [illegible] Washington [illegible].

Harriet and Virginia Washington, of Berryville, Clarke county, Va., the [illegible] surviving relatives of George Washington, being but [illegible] pressing need. They are middle aged, [illegible] ladies, who enjoy the respect of the community in which they live.

Mr. Ruskin, as was recently related in the papers, took occasion to advise churches not to run into debt. "Starve and go to heaven," he said, "but don't borrow. Try first begging." [illegible] with a Methodist church in a neighboring village took him at his word, begged of him and in reply he sent them a guinea.

As soon as the deposed Alexander recovers from the turmoil and demoralization consequent upon his recent enforced retirement to private life, he will by invitation already given, visit Queen Victoria and enjoy at her hands the honor of being created a knight of the Garter. The poor fellow merits enjoyment of some sort.

The Maine newspapers report that a shipbuilding firm in Bath is preparing to build a five-masted schooner, which will be the largest fore and aft rigged vessel afloat. Some of the shipbuilders are talking of the possibility of constructing a six masted schooner that shall have a carrying capacity of 100,000 cases of oil.

The $10,000 equestrian statue of Maj Gen Burnside, now in a foundry in New York city, has just been inspected by a delegation of citizens from Rhode Island and pronounced a success. It was designed and modeled by Launt Thompson. His work has been completed, and the statue only awaits final casting to be ready for its pedestal.

Eighteen hundred and eighty-six began a Friday, will end on a Friday, and contains fifty three Fridays. Five changes of the moon occur on a Friday, and both the longest and shortest days in the twelve months are on Friday. "This might, indeed, be termed a Friday year," concludes the *Pall Mall Gazette*, having earthquakes and such things in mind.

## THE GEORGIA PRISON

Washington Star.

Few people have an idea of the [illegible] the Georgia prison camps, where [illegible] dred prisoners were recently [illegible] tiny for alleged mistreatment. [illegible] description from the pen of a [illegible] has visited them, and who has studied the prison system of this country [illegible] terest. On the northwest corner [illegible] lies the county of Dade. This is [illegible] neighboring regions as the free state [illegible] owing not only to the wild [illegible] character of the region, which [illegible] inhabitants are in keeping with [illegible] ings, but because during the war [illegible] they openly seceded from the [illegible] gia and the Confederacy, and [illegible] a freedom which they virtually [illegible]. Through this county extends the [illegible] longation of the Allegheny coal [illegible] able beds of which are near the [illegible] high and almost inaccessible [illegible] this wild region are situated the [illegible] the convicts are employed in mining coal.

These prison camps are peculiar [illegible] there being nothing like them in [illegible] tries, excepting Siberia, save in [illegible] the neighboring states. They are [illegible] form of the southern prison system [illegible] undoubtedly the most inhuman [illegible] in America. This system is a [illegible] poverishment of the Southern [illegible] ability of the newly freed and [illegible] to accustom themselves to their [illegible] dom is distinguished from [illegible] tems of the United States chiefly [illegible] the entire personal control of the [illegible] linquished to the contractor, who [illegible] tion of so much a year for the [illegible] body, takes them, feeds, clothes [illegible] maintains them, and in return [illegible] make out of them. The only ta[illegible] to the state is to pay the sum [illegible] upon. In no other prison system [illegible] States is the state's control over [illegible] ing, medical attention and discipline [illegible] oner so completely relinquished [illegible] ever turned over for a day's labor [illegible] tor except with the sanction of [illegible] mediate agents, who at all times [illegible] care in their hands. Such is the [illegible] Southern lease system of convicts [illegible] readily seen that the margin for [illegible] mous; but what are the facts? [illegible] geration, these abuses are the most [illegible] that ever blackened a people's history [illegible] sees, usually men of great influence [illegible] life, have within their hands [illegible] sponsibility, the entire control [illegible] death of any wretch whatever [illegible] ted to their keeping.

The prisoner is looked upon merely as a source of money making [illegible] worked to his utmost, upon the most unsanitary food, scantily and clothed and housed, chained [illegible] the most unhygienic manner [illegible] [illegible]

### Oregon Improvement [illegible]

New York Special [illegible]

The full report of the Oregon Improvement company for the last fiscal year [illegible] earnings of $2,288,207, a decrease [illegible] of this total the Pacific Coast [illegible] pany furnished $1,[illegible] were $652,[illegible], a decrease of [illegible] principal reasons for the decline [illegible] ure of the California wheat crop [illegible] depression of business on the [illegible] [illegible]

### The Prohibition [illegible]

The Voice (prohibition) [illegible] Why we Can't Trust the [illegible]

[illegible]

### The Saloon [illegible]

[illegible]

# IN WAR TIMES.

Interesting Scrap of History Furnished by Hon. E. B. Washburne

Lincoln's Journey to Washington—Some Errors Corrected—Twenty Years of Congress

Among the most interesting contributions to the new book, "The Reminiscences of Abraham Lincoln," edited by Allen Thorndike Rice, is the following from Hon. E. B. Washburne [illegible]

[illegible]

## THE GEORGIA PRISON CAMP

Washington Star.

Few people have an idea of the real the Georgia prison camps, where several dred prisoners were recently in a state of tiny for alleged mistreatment. The follow description from the pen of a gentleman has visited them, and who has made a study the prison system of this country, will be of terest: On the northwest corner of lies the county of Dade. This is known neighboring regions as the free state of owing not only to the wild and mount character of the region, whose few and inhabitants are in keeping with their ings, but because during the war of the lion they openly seceded from the state of gia and the Confederacy, and managed to a freedom which they virtually maintain Through this county extends the southe longation of the Alleghany coal field, the able beds of which are near the summit of high and almost inaccessible mountains this wild region are situated the camps the convicts are employed in mining and coal.

These prison camps are peculiar in the there being nothing like them in civilized tries, excepting Siberia, save in one or the neighboring states. They are the form of the Southern prison system, undoubtedly the most inhuman and in America. This system is a result of the poverishment of the Southern states and ability of the newly freed and degraded to accustom themselves to the blessings of dom, is distinguished from the other tems of the United States chiefly in the entire personal control of the prisoners linquished to the contractor, who, in tion of so much a year for the entire body, takes them, feeds, clothes, guards maintains them, and in return makes all make out of them. The only real respon to the state is to pay the sum annually upon. In no other prison system in the States is the state's control over the food, ing, medical attention and discipline of the oner so completely relinquished. No prisoner ever turned over for a day's labor to the tor except with the sanction of the state mediate agents, who at all times have his care in their hands. Such is the theory of Southern lease system of convict labor. readily seen that the margin for abuse is mous; but what are the facts? Without geration, these abuses are the most that ever blackened a people's history. sees, usually men of great influence in life, have within their hands, with no sponsibility, the entire control of the life death of any wretch whatever who may be fided to their keeping.

The prisoner is looked upon merely as a source of money making, worked to his utmost, upon the cheapest most unsanitary food, scantily and clothed and housed, chained fifty in a the most unhygienic manner, mentally physically, that can be imagined. The rate seldom is less than 10 per cent. of mation, and it often exceeds 30. The are usually from chronic dysentery, the of improper food; typhoid fever, the improper sanitation; consumption and pulmonary complaints, the result of raiment, shelter and ventilation.

The Dade county mines practically three prison camps, two upon the top, at Castle Rock and Cole City, respe and one in the valley. These camps huge stockade of logs stood side by side a square, in which are numerous wherein the prisoners sleep. Stationed the clearing are little boxes, in each of stands a brutal guard with heavily-loaded gun, who too often murders some while seeking the freedom of the temptingly near him.

The convicts are mostly ignorant low whites. Upon their entrance to each one is given a striped suit, and riveted around his ankle, to this a trace chain, end of which is a small This chain is never removed until his ess by accident he survives his term of He gets his food—corn bread and bacon pail, and is put to work in damp mines door of the hot coke ovens. At night chain is run through the ring on the one attached to his ankle, together with others, and its end locked on the outside building. These fifty wretches bunk are allowed to indulge in every such association can bring. No scheme tempts at reform are ever made. The when idle are spent in their bunks blaspheming, and indulging in every that the length of their chain will permit fire would cremate the whole lot in a utes, for there would be no escape.

The hospital is a miserable place, that make a well man sick to gaze upon, and kills the sick who enter. Not a comfort convenience, and the ghastly crowd of tives and typhoids are enough to turn a stone to see them there, where in the mountain atmosphere of the world there shadow of excuse for their existence vilest unhygienic and unsanitary

It is a glorious sign of the times that the people are not altogether indifferent state of affairs, and the lease system is coming an issue in Georgia politics.

### Oregon Improvement Company.

New York Special, Sept. 3.

The full report of the Oregon Improvement company for the last fiscal year shows earnings of $2,288,207, a decrease of Of this total the Pacific Coast Steamship company furnished $1,920,937. The net were $652,161, a decrease of $34 principal reasons for this decline were ure of the California wheat crop, the depression of business on the Pacific coast, absorption of traffic by through rail readjustment of the steamship pools, competition from cheap imported coal was a good increase on the Puget sound but a heavy falling off on the other routes to a rearrangement of the pools at Portland to Los Angeles. The Pacific Coast company earned $46,265 net, a decrease 129. The loss is mainly due to the failure wheat crop. The low prices for coal wiped out the profits on the business. has been sunk 150 feet lower than last the production can now be increased tons a day if needed, with a reduction a dollar a ton in cost. The company compelled to substitute white labor for and finds the expenses increased, and is by no means satisfying. Twenty of new road were built by the Columbia get [illegible] company, called the Cedar tension. As a supplement to this the company presents a statement covering the business of the first half rent fiscal year. The gross earnings [illegible] and the net $172,[illegible] [illegible] $43,281, against [illegible] amounting to $26,1[illegible] half of the year, however, opens with improvement, the large increase [illegible] the increased traffic coming to [illegible] Steamship company from the Pacific. The payment of all the fixed [illegible] assured and a considerable [illegible] floating debt is probable.

### The Prohibition Complaint.

[illegible]

We Can't Trust the Republicans

[illegible] that we have no [illegible] promises of the [illegible] matters. We [illegible] The [illegible] can not be trusted. We might [illegible] for this. [illegible] states as New York, Pennsylvania [illegible] Massachusetts where the liquor power [illegible] party has shamelessly [illegible] pledges and professions. [illegible] these states alone at present [illegible] states where the public [illegible] unmistakably [illegible] itself and has [illegible] prohibitory laws, and has [illegible] on the statute books or in the [illegible] the republican party has been [illegible] Look, for instance, at the [illegible] coming page of a thoroughly [illegible] chester, N. H. Note those twenty [illegible] And then remember that [illegible] is a prohibition state, and has been [illegible] that it is and has always been [illegible] state, and that the very city in which [illegible] is a republican city. Remember this [illegible] to enforce the laws. Remember that the number [illegible] of the state, and that the number [illegible] to sell liquor issued last year [illegible] having increased to that number from [illegible] The saloons on that diagram are not [illegible] as in Maine. They are as [illegible] New York city, and boldly advertise [illegible] places.

### The Saloon a "Necessity."

Milwaukee Wisconsin.

Orators may make thrilling speeches upon the evils of the saloon, yet it will impossible to close out all the saloons the churches. They have become a modern times and they cannot be abolished has tried it, Kansas has tried it, has tried it, and saloons still exist and tried it and saloons are drug stores or as saloons, as drug stores or

### The Testimony of a Physician.

James Beecher, M. D., of [illegible] "For several years I have [illegible] called DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM [illegible] LUNGS, and in almost every case [illegible] practice I have had entire success [illegible] prescribed hundreds of bottles since [illegible] army practice (1863) when I was [illegible] No. 7, Louisville, Ky."

## IN WAR TIMES.

### Interesting Scrap of History Furnished by Hon. E. B. Washburne.

Lincoln's Journey to Washington—Some Errors Corrected which have Crept into Mr. Blaine's "Twenty Years of Congress."

Among the most interesting contributions in the new book, "The Reminiscences of Abraham Lincoln," edited by Allen Thorndyke Rice, is the following from Hon. E. B. Washburne:

As the 4th of March drew near what occupied our most anxious thoughts was, how Mr. Lincoln could get to Washington and be inaugurated. Another committee was formed, one from each house, to look after that matter. Gov. Seward was the senate member, and I was put on on the part of the house, for the reason, perhaps, that I was from Illinois, a known personal friend of the president who had been in close correspondence with him all winter. Associating ourselves together, we came to the conclusion that everything must be a profound secret. Gov. Seward, his son Frederick W. Seward, subsequently his assistant secretary of state, and myself were the only persons in Washington who had any knowledge of Mr. Lincoln's proposed movements. That there was a conspiracy in Baltimore to assassinate him as he should pass through there can be no reasonable doubt. We hoped he might be able to come through in the day time from Philadelphia, taking a train secretly

AND CUTTING THE WIRES,

so that his departure could not be known. But Gen. Scott's detectives in Baltimore had developed such a condition of things that Gov. Seward thought that the president-elect and his friends in Philadelphia should be advised in regard thereto, and on the night of the 22d of February he sent his son Frederick W. over to Philadelphia to consult with them. Till now we had believed the president would come over from Philadelphia on the train, leaving there at noon of the 23d. In the meantime the president had promised to run up to Harrisburg to attend a reception of the Pennsylvania legislature at 12 o'clock on that day. Up to this time the situation had been fully discussed by the friends of Mr. Lincoln in the light of all the information received, but no particular programme agreed upon. It was not until the party started for Harrisburg the next morning that the best method of getting to Washington was finally talked over. Mr. Lincoln had previously had a conversation with detective Pinkerton and Mr. Frederick W. Seward in regard to the condition of things at Baltimore. The Hon. Norman B. Judd, of Chicago, one of the most conspicuous and trusted friends of Mr. Lincoln, who had accompanied the party from Springfield, suggested a plan which, after full discussion by Mr. Lincoln and all his friends present, was agreed upon

AND SUCCESSFULLY CARRIED OUT.

This plan, as is generally known, was that after the dinner which Gov. Curtin had tendered him had been finished at 6 o'clock in the afternoon, he should take a special car and train from Harrisburg for Philadelphia to intercept the night train from New York to Washington. The telegraph wires from Harrisburg were all cut so there could be no possible telegraphic communication with the outside world.

The connection was made at Philadelphia. Mr. Lincoln was transferred to the Washington train without observation, to arrive at his destination on time the next morning without the least miscarriage, as will be stated hereafter. On the afternoon of the 23d Mr. Seward came to my seat in the house of representatives, and told me he had no information from his son nor any one else in respect to Mr. Lincoln's movements, and that he could have none as the wires were all cut; but he thought it very probable he would arrive in the regular train from Philadelphia, and he suggested that we should meet at the depot to receive him. We were promptly on hand; the train arrived on time, and with strained eyes we watched the descent of the passengers. But there was no Mr. Lincoln among them; though his arrival was by no means certain.

YET WE WERE MUCH DISAPPOINTED.

But as there was no telegraphic connection, it was impossible for us to have any information. It was no use to speculate—sad, disappointed, and under the empire of conflicting emotions. We separated to go to our respective homes, but agreeing to be at the depot on the arrival of the New York train the next morning before daylight, hoping either to meet the president or get some information as to his movements. I was on hand in season, but to my great disappointment Gov. Seward did not appear. I planted myself behind one of the great pillars of the old Washington and Baltimore depot, where I could see and not be observed. Presently the train came rumbling in on time. It was a moment of great anxiety to me.

There has been a great deal printed in the newspapers about Mr. Lincoln's arrival in Washington and about the "Scotch cap" and "big shawl" he wore through Baltimore, etc., most of which is mere stuff. I propose now to tell about his arrival in Washington, from my own personal knowledge—what I saw with my own eyes and what I heard with my own ears, not the eyes and ears of some one else.

As I have stated, I stood behind the pillar awaiting the arrival of the train. When it came to a stop I watched with fear and trembling to see the passengers descend. I saw every car emptied, and there was no Mr. Lincoln. I was well-nigh in despair, and when about to leave I saw slowly emerge from the last sleeping-car three persons. I could not mistake the long, lank form of Mr. Lincoln, and my heart bounded with joy and gratitude. He had on a soft low-crowned hat, a muffler round his neck, and a short bobtailed overcoat. Any one who knew him at that time could not have failed to recognize him at once, but I must confess he looked more like a well-to-do farmer from one of the back towns of Jo Daviess county coming to Washington to see the city, take out his land warrant and get the patent for his farm, than the president of the United States.

THE ONLY PERSONS

that accompanied Mr. Lincoln were Pinkerton, the well-known detective, recently deceased, and Ward H. Lamon. When they were fairly on the platform and a short distance from the car, I stepped forward and accosted the president: "How are you, Lincoln?"

At this unexpected and rather familiar salutation the gentlemen were apparently somewhat startled, but Mr. Lincoln, who had recognized me, relieved them at once by remarking in his peculiar voice:

"This is only Washburne."

Then we all exchanged congratulations, and walked out to the front of the depot, where I had a carriage in waiting. Entering the carriage (all four of us) we drove rapidly to Willard's hotel, entering on Fourteenth street, before it was fairly daylight. The porter showed us into the little receiving room at the head of the stairs, and at my direction went to the office to have Mr. Lincoln assigned a room.

We had not been in the hotel more than two minutes before Governor Seward hurriedly entered, much out of breath, and somewhat chagrined to think he had not been up in season to be at the depot on the arrival of the train. The meeting of those two great men, under the extraordinary circumstances which surrounded them, was full of emotion and thankfulness. I soon took my leave, but

NOT BEFORE PROMISING GOVERNOR SEWARD

that I would take breakfast with him at 8 o'clock; and as I passed out the outside door the Irish porter said to me with a smiling face:

"And by faith it is you who have brought us the President."

At 8 the governor and I sat down to a simple but relishing breakfast. We had been relieved of a load of anxiety almost too great to bear. The president had reached Washington safely, and our spirits were exalted, and with a sense of great satisfaction we sipped our delicious coffee and loaded our plates with the first run of Potomac shad.

Mr. Blaine, in his "Twenty Years of Congress," has been led into an error in speaking of the manner in which Lincoln reached Washington. He says:

"He reached Washington by a night journey taken secretly, much against his own will, and to his subsequent chagrin and mortification, but urged upon him by the advice of those in whose judgment and wisdom he was forced to confide."

The only truth in the statement is that he reached Washington by a night journey taken secretly.

I was the first man to see him after his arrival in Washington and talk with him of the incidents of his journey, and I knew he was neither mortified nor chagrined at the manner in which he reached Washington. He expressed to me in the warmest terms his satisfaction at the complete success of his journey, and I have it from persons who were about him in Philadelphia and Harrisburg that the plan agreed upon had his hearty approval, and he expressed a cheerful willingness to adapt himself to the circumstances. I do not believe that Mr. Lincoln ever expressed a regret that he had not, "according to his own desire, gone through Baltimore in open day," etc. It is safe to say he never had any such "desire."

HIS OWN DETECTIVE, PINKERTON,

A man who had his entire confidence and who had been some time in Baltimore, with several members of his force, unraveling rebel plots, produced to him the most conclusive evidence of a conspiracy to assassinate him. Gen. Scott's detectives had discovered the same thing, and there was a great deal of individual testimony tending to establish the same fact. While Mr. Lincoln would have confronted any danger in the performance of duty, he was not a man given to bravado and quixotic schemes, and what he subsequently stated touching this matter comprises really all there is in it. He declared:

"I did not believe then, nor do I believe I should have been assassinated had I gone through Baltimore as first contemplated, but I thought it wise to run no risk where no risk was necessary."

In the same paragraph Mr. Blaine says that "it must be creditable to the administration of Mr. Buchanan that ample provision had been made for the protection of the rightful ruler of the nation" (page 240). If Mr. Blaine means by this that Mr. Buchanan, driven by public indignation, had ordered a few straggling companies of regular infantry to Washington, that is one thing; but if he referred to the protection of the "rightful ruler" of the nation in getting to Washington, his good faith was imposed upon. I was in a position to know all that was going on in relation to Mr. Lincoln's journey to Washington, and I never heard it suggested or hinted that Mr. Buchanan occupied himself with the matter. I am satisfied he had no more knowledge of Mr. Lincoln's movements than of those of "the man in the moon."

### PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

They are discussing President Grevy's state of health again in France. He suffers from no especial malady, but is steadily growing weaker.

General Sheridan's famous horse that carried him to Winchester is now in the government museum at Governor's Island, New York harbor.

Senator Edmunds is not a prohibitionist in either theory or practice, but makes it a rule never to take a drink in the presence of young men.

"This," said Dion Boucicault in London recently, "is decidedly my last visit to England. I hate these infernal fogs, the rain and cold. I like America better than any place in the World."

The democratic Macon *Telegraph* wants the free traders to test their strength in the democratic party in 1888 by insisting upon a free trade platform, and stop accepting "pie here and pudding yonder" resolutions.

Princess Louise, one of the daughters of the queen, says that she is "always out of money." She is paid $30,000 a year out of the pockets of the British people; but there are many ways in which a princess can get rid of gold.

Poetry has at last acquired financial value. Augustus Penney lost a finger in the war, and wrote a rhyming description of the event for his wife. The verses have now been accepted by the authorities as evidence of Mr. Penney's right to a pension.

The attempt of Congressman Willis, of Louisville, Kentucky, to mollify democratic wrath in that city against himself for urging Mrs. Thompson's reappointment as postmistress by calling over a list of her democratic relations, is meeting with poor success.

"What ungrateful beasts some animals are!" exclaims the *Pall Mall Gazette*. "No less a person than Miss Frances Power Cobbe has to confess to having been frequently bitten by both dogs and parrots. Being a brave lady, Miss Cobbe rather likes these attentions, but prefers dog-bite to parrot-bite."

Miss Cleveland's magazine may not be anything great inside, but its publisher announces that it is going to have a new cover that "will excel that of any other magazine yet published." With a new cover and Miss Cleveland's name, the qualifications of *Literary Life* for a place on the parlor center table, along with the family album and the "Keepsake of Friendship," can no longer be disputed.

The Rev. Dr. John Hall, the famous New York Presbyterian divine, has made a clean record in one respect at least. It is said that he has never been offered less than $50 by any member of his congregation who enlisted his services at a marriage. He leaves the matter to the victim's discretion, but the organist of St. Stephen's church, Philadelphia, is more cautious. He has an ironclad contract with the church, forbidding anybody to play the organ without his consent, and he charges $50 at every wedding.

Col. E. D. Taylor, now 82 years of age and a resident of Ottawa, Ill., seems to have a clear right to the title of "Father of Greenbacks." He was a personal friend to Abraham Lincoln long before the latter was elected to be president, and is said to have been the person who induced Lincoln to study law. He became a banker and achieved considerable reputation. In January, 1862, when the war had depleted the United States treasury, Lincoln sent for Taylor to come to Washington to advise him. Taylor promptly advised the issue of treasury notes, printed on the best bank-note paper, bearing no interest, and to be made a legal tender. His advice was acted on, though Secretary Chase was afraid of it.

### POLITICAL EXPRESSION.

Macon *Telegraph:* Gen. Bragg has traded himself out of congress, and Tammany can love him for the enemies he has made.

Boston *Journal:* Postmaster Judd of Chicago has not thought it necessary, as yet, to resign his position on the democratic national committee. Some one should send him a marked copy of the president's civil service order.

Brooklyn *Eagle:* The solution of the liquor question is a system of higher licenses which will reduce saloons, wipe out the worst of them, and render those in the business an organized force on behalf of its being made and kept conformable to law.

*National Republican:* When one remembers how the democratic papers used to rave and roar on the subject of nepotism some years ago one cannot help admiring the consistency of the old party as shown by the company-front movement of whole families into office under the new dispensation.

New York *Sun:* The platform, therefore, which described and advocated this radical change which Mr. Cleveland aims to establish was not that upon which he was nominated, but the one which had been adopted a month before by the convention which nominated the Hon. James G. Blaine. Strange, isn't it?

St. Paul *Pioneer Press:* Now, if the republican party can be brought to unite upon a policy within the lines of practical experience—upon a policy which aims to restrict the power of the saloon as a factor in social and political life—the proposed movement might do a glorious work for the party and for the people at large.

New York *Tribune:* The course of the anti-saloon republicans is clearly the more rational and the more single-minded than that of the prohibitionists. The latter, say what they will, are using one hand for temperance and the other for revenge. The anti-saloon republicans are on their part simply endeavoring to make temperance reform the first issue before the country.

New York *Herald:* There is one way, and but one way, to deal with the question of prohibition, and that is to dissociate it alike from both political parties and submit it direct to the people in the form of a constitutional amendment. This would at all events choke off the professional politicians from using the cause as a stalking horse, or, in other words, from stealing the livery of heaven to serve the devil in.

New York *World:* No party can long maintain itself on a basis of gaugers, tide-waiters, postmasters, and other officials. The democratic party lost the presidency while in control of all the offices, and regained it while destitute of any. The republicans came into power in spite of the bread-and-butter brigade, and went out notwithstanding the frantic efforts of the same force organized on their side. To live and rule a party needs principles and the honesty of them, and a policy, with the ability to give it effect.

### A Good Word for Neal Dow.

Brooklyn Eagle, dem.

A very remarkable old man is General Neal Dow. Remarkable not only for the preservation of his physical and mental powers at the advanced age of 82, but for the originality of his ideas and for the vigor with which he presents them. How true and forcible is his statement that no man and no party is capable of more than one great reform, and how true it is also that but few men and few parties are capable even of that. He has devoted the best years of his life to the task of making prohibition prohibit, and he hasn't succeeded yet. But in spite of his failure he possesses abilities and virtues which make him worth twenty Blaines to any community that would usefully employ them.

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Cholera, dysentery and diarrhoea come with the summer imprudence in fruit diet. Infection and sudden checks of perspiration cause these complaints. On the first symptom take four or five Brandreth Pills and drink plentifully of hot water, and you are safe. If you wish to render the body a fortress against disease, take one or two Brandreth Pills every night for ten days and thus remove from the bowels all irritating substance and purify the blood.

## NARROW GAUGE v. O. R. & N.

U. S. Circuit Court, District of Oregon.

Monday, September 13, 1886.

Oregonian Railway Company, limited, v. Oregon Railway & Navigation Company—No. 1120.—Action to recover installment of rent.

Same v. Same—No. 1143.

Same v. Same—No. 1178.

Same v. Same—No. 1179.—Action to recover installment of expense money.

(1) BURDEN OF PROOF. The complaint stated that a lease was executed by the officers of the defendant corporation in pursuance of a resolution duly passed by its board of directors; the answer admitted the execution of the lease under the corporate seal, but alleged that the meeting at which the resolution was passed authorizing such execution, was held without a quorum; the reply denied knowledge or information concerning the want of a quorum sufficient to form a belief: *Held*, That the burden of proof is on the defendant.

(2) RATIFICATION OF LEASE. A corporation, like a natural person, may ratify any act which it can perform; and the entry into the possession of a leased road in pursuance of a lease executed by its officers without due authority, and operating the same and paying the rent therefor, as reserved in said lease, is ample evidence of the ratification thereof.

(3) ESTOPPEL—JUDGMENT BY DEFAULT. A judgment for want of an answer to a complaint is a conclusive determination between the parties to the action of every matter well pleaded therein and necessary to such judgment.

(4) DISTINCT DEMANDS. A claim for a semi-annual installment of rent arising on a covenant in a lease of a railway for 96 years is a separate and distinct demand from a claim for a semi-annual installment of money, due under another covenant in said lease, and appropriated thereby to the payment of the expense of maintaining the corporate organization of the lessor.

DEADY, J.

These cases were before this court on April 16 on (1) motions to strike out portions of the answers; (2) demurrers to so much of the answers as controverted or denied the corporate existence of the plaintiff and its right to have and exercise the powers and privileges claimed by it and the power of the defendant to take and have a lease of the plaintiff's road; and (3) demurrers to the second and third replies to the special defense in the answers of the illegality of the meeting of the directors, at which the resolution authorizing the execution of the lease was passed—when the demurrers to the replies were overruled and the motions and demurrers to the answers were so far allowed (27 Fed. Rep., 277) as left the cases for trial on the issues of fact arising on the several replies to the special defense (1) denying any knowledge or information thereof sufficient to form a belief; (2) a ratification of the lease by the defendant; and (3) two prior adjudications of the question of the validity and binding force and effect of the lease; and the issues made by the replies in numbers 1120 and 1143 to the special defense of a recovery in a former action on the same cause of action, denying the same.

On May 17 the cases were heard by the court without a jury and submitted for decision. Briefly stated the first special defense is as follows: The alleged lease was not executed by the authority of the defendant's board of directors, for that, at and before the date thereof—August 1, 1881—said board consisted of eleven persons, four of whom "assumed to hold a special meeting of said board," whereat the resolution authorizing the execution of said lease was passed; that thereafter the president of the defendant's board of directors signed its name to said lease and the assistant secretary thereof affixed its corporate seal thereto; and that none of the members of said board had notice of such meeting, which was not a regular or stated one.

It is not alleged in terms in this defense that this meeting was illegal or unauthorized, or that it was without the power to pass the resolution in question. But on the argument it was assumed that such was the case without question, under the corporation act of the state. This act provides (Or. Laws, pp. 526-7, §§ 9, 11), that the powers of a corporation "are exercised" by the directors, and that "the powers vested in the directors may be exercised by a majority of them; and any less number may constitute a quorum at all regular or stated meetings authorized by the by-laws of the corporation, in all cases, when either the directors or incorporators shall have filed with the secretary of state and county clerk a written statement designating such less number sufficient to form a quorum."

The facts alleged in this defence are controverted by the denial of the plaintiff. No evidence was offered on the matter by either party, each contending that the burden of proof is on the other. In my judgment the burden of proof in this respect is on the defendant. It affirms a particular state of facts, which if true, overcome the prima facie case made by the admission of the execution of the writing by its president and secretary, under its corporate seal. The issue is found for the plaintiff.

The evidence in support of the reply of ratification is full and convincing, and leaves no room for doubt.

Among other things, it appears that on October 3, 1881, the manager of the defendant issued and circulated the following printed circular. "The railroad and fixtures of the Oregonian Railway company, limited, having been turned over to the Oregon Railway & Navigation company, *under the lease*, J. M. Filmore, superintendent, and officers and employes subordinate to him, will retain their present positions until further notice, and report to the undersigned, C. H. Prescott, manager."

On October 7, 1882, the president of the defendant's board of directors made his third annual report to the stockholders of the corporation for the year ending June 30, 1882. This report was published in pamphlet form, together with an appendix signed by the vice-president and secretary of the board, and generally circulated among the stockholders; and on October 1, 1883, a similar report and appendix for the year ending June 30, 1883, was made, published and circulated in like manner. In both these reports the mileage operated by the defendant during the year by rail and water is given, and the road of the plaintiff is mentioned under the head of "leased lines." In the accounts given of the receipts and disbursements of the defendant in the appendices, the earnings and expenses of this road are stated and the rent paid for the same—the amount being $112,760 49 in 1882 and $115,420 28 in 1883. Annexed to the report of 1883 is a map of the defendant's "system, its branches and allied lines," on which the plaintiff's road is represented in *blue*, as a part of the "Oregon Railway and Navigation company's lines."

On May 1, 1882, at a regular meeting of the defendant's board of directors, the purchase of the warehouses on the line of the plaintiff's road from the Oregonian Warehouse company was authorized and the leasing of the same to James Steele & Co. provided for.

A corporation, like a natural person, may ratify any act of its agent or any one professing to act by its authority, which it has the power to perform. Eureka Co. v. Bailey Co., 11 Wall., 491; Gold Mining Co. v. National Bank, 6 Otto, 641; Weil v. Mayor, 5 Rob. (N. Y.), 259; The E. C. Society v. The Episcopal Church, 1 Pick., 375; P. R. M. Co. v. D. S. & G. R. Ry Co., 7 Saw., 67.

Ratification takes place when one person adopts a contract made for him or in his name, which is not binding on him because the one who made it was not duly authorized to do so. Ratification is a question of fact, and in the great majority of instances turns on the conduct of the principal in relation to the alleged contract or the subject of it, from which his purpose and intention thereabout may be reasonably inferred. Story on Agency, §§ 253-255. And generally, deliberate and repeated acts of the principal with a knowledge of the facts, that are consistent with an intention to adopt the contract or inconsistent with a contrary intention, are sufficient evidence of ratification.

In this case any one of the several acts of the defendant is sufficient evidence of ratification. In the two years next succeeding the lease there were two annual meetings of the stockholders, at each of which a board of directors was elected, to whom the fact and results of operating this road as a *leased* one were fully reported, without, so far as appears, a question or objection from any one. Indeed, no one seems to have thought that there was anything that needed ratifying, and on the whole case, it does not, even now appear that there was. The entry into possession of the road and the payment of rent in pursuance of the terms of the lease, by the directors, who are the corporation, is of itself plenary evidence of ratification of the lease by the defendant. This issue must be found for the plaintiff.

The facts contained in the other two replies to this defense, are stated fully in 27 Fed. Rep., supra, 181-2.

The records of the prior actions have been introduced in evidence by the plaintiff. And I think they sustain the conclusion of the replies, that the defendant is, on account of judgments therein, estopped to allege this defence in this action.

The judgment set up in the first of these replies was given in this court in an action between these parties commenced on June 28, 1884, for an installment of rent alleged to be due under the lease on May 15, 1884. In the amended complaint therein it is alleged that the defendant was duly authorized by its "articles of incorporation and by the resolution of its board of directors" to execute said lease. In the third amended answer the defendant denies "that it ever had or has the power or right or franchise to purchase or lease any railroad in the state of Oregon," and denies the demise of the road to it by the plaintiff, but admits that its president and assistant secretary signed the writing in question and affixed thereto its corporate seal, and alleges that neither of said officers had authority to execute such writing on behalf of the defendant; and that the state of Oregon did not consent to such or any lease of said road.

To this defense the plaintiff demurred, and on consideration thereof the court gave judgment for the plaintiff.

If the plaintiff had gone to trial on this defence, evidence might have been given on the trial, on the question of whether the officers of the defendant were authorized by a resolution of the directors to execute the lease; and if it appeared that the question was submitted to the jury, the finding and judgment would be conclusive on the point in any subsequent action between the parties.

But the order or judgment sustaining the demurrer to this defense, determines nothing but what is necessary thereto (Or. Code, C. P., § 728), namely, that under the statute and its articles of incorporation, the defendant had power to take the lease. Add to this the admission in the defense, that the lease was executed by the president and secretary of the corporation under its corporate seal, and nothing appearing or being alleged to the contrary, presumably it was lawfully done by the authority of the directors. Bank v. Dandridge, 12 Whea., 70; McKeon v. Citizens Ry. Co., 42 Mo., 79.

And as a matter of fact that was the only question considered by the court. This defense, that the resolution was not passed at a legal meeting had not then been mooted. But the final judgment in the case was given on the complaint for want of an answer as by default. By this judgment every fact well pleaded in the complaint and necessary to sustain it, was determined according to the statement thereof in the complaint. The rule is laid down in Bigelow on estoppel (p. 27) as follows: "Judgment by default, like judgment on contest, is conclusive of all what it actually professes to decide as determined from the pleadings."

In the case in question, it was alleged in the complaint that the officers of the defendant who executed this lease were duly authorized to do so, by a resolution of its board of directors. This was a material allegation and an element of the plaintiff's right to recover. And I think it is not open to further controversy between these parties, and that the defendant can not now be heard to gainsay it.

I do not question but that the defendant in this or any action subsequent to the first one on this lease, may controvert this allegation by matter in confession and avoidance thereof. But in my judgment it is estopped to do so by a direct denial or any averment inconsistent with the fact that such a resolution was formally passed by the defendant's board of directors.

The judgment set up in the third reply was given in this court in an action commenced on June 25, 1885, for three several installments of expense money, which the defendant, in and by said lease, covenanted to pay the plaintiff, in addition to the rental, on May 15 and November 11, 1884, and May 15, 1885, for the purpose of enabling it "to keep up its corporate organization and to pay its officers and office expenses." On July 21, the defendant answered the complaint, alleging that on March 15 the plaintiff had commenced two actions and on June 11, 1885, a third one for the three semi-annual installments of rent falling due under said lease at corresponding periods with the installments of expense money sued for in the action, and that said actions were still pending. To this answer there was a demurrer, which being overruled, judgment was given for the plaintiff for the sum sued for, as by default.

The only question determined on the demurrer is, that the pendency of the prior actions for rent was not a bar to the one for the expense money; but the final judgment for want of an answer determined whatever was necessary to sustain the same, including, in my judgment, the allegation that the lease was executed by the defendant's president and secretary in pursuance of a resolution duly passed by its board of directors.

The case of Cromwell v. County of Sac (94 U. S., 351), is cited by counsel for defendant in support of the proposition that a judgment by default is only an admission for the purposes of the case, and is not conclusive of any matter in another action on a different claim or demand between the same parties.

The point decided in that case had no relation to a judgment by default. Briefly it was this. A party is not estopped in an action on interest coupons, attached to bonds issued by the defendant county to prove, if necessary, that he acquired the same for value before maturity, because in a former action against said county, on other coupons attached to bonds of the same series, he failed to make such proof, and therefore had judgment against him.

The opinion of the court, by Mr. Justice Field, is learned and instructive, and considers the doctrine of estoppel by adjudication in various phases and at some length. But the reason of this particular ruling must be that in the nature of things and of the case there was no ground for presuming or inferring that the plaintiff acquired the coupons sued on in each action, at the same time and under the same circumstances.

But a judgment in the first action that the bonds were absolutely valid or invalid, would have been conclusive in any subsequent action between the same parties on any bond or its coupons of the same series or transaction. Beloit v. Morgan, 6 Wall., 619. In my judgment the issues arising on these two replies must be found for the plaintiff.

I admit the questions involved are not free from difficulty, and what I have heretofore characterized as the "conglomerate" style of the answer has not made them any less so. And if the binding force of the lease was not so clearly established by the evidence on the issue of ratification, and rested on the force and effect of these adjudications alone, I confess I would give judgment for the plaintiff with some hesitation.

For it may be that an admission or determination on judgment by default, that the lease was executed in pursuance of a resolution passed at a meeting of the defendant's board of directors, ought not and does not conclude the defendant on the question of whether such meeting was a legal one generally, and if so, whether it was qualified, under the circumstances, to pass this particular resolution. But thinking that everything requisite to the legality of the meeting and its power to pass the resolution is fairly implied and included in the admission or determination that the officers of the defendant were duly authorized to execute the lease by a resolution of its board of directors, I have concluded otherwise.

In the second special defense contained in the answers in the actions numbered 1120 and 1143 it is alleged that on July 29, 1885, in an action then pending in this court between the parties hereto "for the same cause of action as that set forth in the complaint herein," judgment was duly given against the defendant herein, for the sum of $1,028 32, with costs and disbursements amounting to $27; which judgment was in August following fully satisfied by the defendant herein.

In the reply thereto the plaintiff denies that in any action whatever between the parties hereto, for the same cause of action, any judgment was given against the defendant for $1028 32 or any other sum; and denies that the plaintiff ever commenced any other action than this against the defendant for the cause of action set forth in the complaint herein. The evidence shows that the judgment mentioned in the defense is the one given in the action already referred to, which was commenced on June 25, 1885, to recover the several installments of expense money falling due under the lease on May 15 and November 11, 1884, and May 15, 1885. The action numbered 1120 was commenced on March 15, 1885, for an installment of rent falling due on November 11, 1884, and the one numbered 1143 on June 11, 1885, for an installment of rent falling due on May 15, 1885.

From this statement it appears, in short, that on July 29, 1885, when the judgment was obtained in the action for the installments of expense money, these two actions for installments of rent were pending; and that they were also pending when the former action was commenced.

If the action in which the judgment was given was for the same cause of action as that on which the pending actions are brought, such judgment is a bar thereto. In Hughes v. Dundee M. T. I. Co. (26 Fed. Rep. 831), this court held that a claim by an attorney for services to a loan company, as its regular attorney during a period of years, constituted but one cause of action, and that a recovery in an action for part of the claim was a bar to an action for the remainder.

In the course of the opinion of the court (26 Fed. Rep., 833) it said:

"The defense is not an estoppel but a bar, founded on a rule of public policy, as just and expedient as the statute of limitations. This rule declares, that no one ought to be twice vexed for the same cause—*nemo debet bis vexari pro eadem causa*. It assumes that it is better that a plaintiff who wantonly or negligently splits a claim into parts for the purpose of suit, should lose one of them, than that the adverse party should be needlessly harrassed by litigating in detail, matters that could and should have been determined in one action."

But it is not always easy to decide whether two or more items or claims constitute one or more demands or causes of action; and the decisions of the courts, as might be expected, are not harmonious on the subject. In some cases the courts have undertaken to prescribe a test of indivisibility, as that two or more items constitute but one demand, if the same evidence is applicable in whole or part to both, or if they all arise out of one contract or transaction. Taylor v. Castle, 42 Cal., 372; Secor v. Sturgis, 16 N. Y. 558.

But these tests have not been found satisfactory, and each case must be decided largely on its own circumstances. Dulaney v. Payne, 101 Ill., 332.

On this point counsel for the defendant cites Reformed P. D. Church v. Brown, 54 Barb., 191. This is an extreme case, and the ruling in it, that where several claims payable at different times arise out of the same contract or transaction, all that are due must be included in the same action; and a recovery in an action on any one will bar a recovery in a subsequent action on the others or any of them, has been practically reversed in the court of appeals in Perry v. Dickinson, 85 N. Y., 345, in which it was held that after a recovery in an action for a wrongful dismissal of the plaintiff from the defendant's employ the plaintiff might still maintain an action to recover the wages earned by him and due and payable before such wrongful dismissal.

In Dulaney v. Payne, 101 Ill., 325, it was held that a recovery in an action on a stipulation in a promissory note for the payment of interest on the principal sum therein, one year after the note became due, was not a bar to a subsequent action for said sum. The interest and the principal were considered distinct demands, arising on distinct contracts and constituting distinct causes of action, which the plaintiff might unite in one action or not at his pleasure.

In Sparhawk v. Wills, 6 Gray, 163, it was held, on a bill to redeem certain premises mortgaged to secure the payment of a promissory note, payable "in one year with interest annually," that the principal debt was not merged in a judgment obtained for one year of such interest after the note became due. And in Andover Savings Bank v. Adams, 1 Allen, 28, it was held that a judgment for instalments of interest on a note after the same became due, did not bar a subsequent action for the principal.

In Merchants' Ins. Co. v. Algeo, 31 Pa. st., 446, it was held, that a recovery in an action on a breach of a covenant in a written instrument is no bar to recovery in another action on the the same instrument for another breach; and although it is not stated in the report in so many words, that the breach sued on in the subsequent action had occurred before judgment was obtained in the first one, it is plainly so implied from the circumstances.

In McIntosh v. Lown, 49 Barb., 550, it was held that where a lease contained several distinct covenants, and during the term, there was a breach of two of them, namely, to keep the buildings in repair and to build 125 rods of fence, that such breaches constituted distinct causes of action, and a recovery in an action on one of them, after the expiration of the lease, was no bar to a subsequent action on the other. In the course of the opinion it is said that these two covenants "are as entirely distinct as if they were contained in separate written contracts."

The lease in this case is a voluminous document with many distinct stipulations and provisions. The first clause contains the grant of the road to the defendant for the term of 96 years, it "yielding and paying therefor during the said term the yearly rent of £28,000," to be paid in equal half-yearly installments, on May 15 and November 11 in each year, in advance. By clause five the defendant's covenant to pay "the yearly rent hereinbefore reserved" in the manner specified; and by clause twenty-two the defendant's covenant to pay the plaintiff "every year during the term, at the same time and place as the rental herein specified, the sum of £600 sterling money, for the purpose of enabling the lessors to keep up their corporate organization and to pay their officers and office expenses."

In my judgment, on both principle and authority, the rent and expense money provided for in this lease are distinct demands arising on distinct contracts. And the mere fact that they are included in the same instrument and are a part of the same transaction and made payable at the same time and place does not make them otherwise.

And primarily, they are distinct demands, because it appears to have been the will and pleasure of the parties to the transaction that they should be so. It was easy enough to have added the £600 to the £28,000, and make it all rent, and payable as such, but the parties who arranged the lease for reasons best known to themselves, saw proper to provide otherwise. The defendant is, or was at the date of the lease, equally interested with the plaintiff in keeping up the latter's corporate organization and thereby maintaining the existence of its lessor. Otherwise the plaintiffs organization might lapse and the road be taken possession of by the mortgagees or the state. And it is not difficult to imagine, in view of what might happen in this connection during a period of ninety-six years, that it was thought best to provide in the lease for the payment of a specific sum for this very purpose, so that the defendant might compel its application thereto for its own protection.

The parties to this transaction have, ex industria, distinguished these payments in name and purpose, and the law is not so arbitrary or unjust as to make them one indivisible demand and compel the plaintiff to sue for them in one action. For the convenience of the plaintiff, the law will allow it to unite a claim for rent and expense money in one action: (Code C. P. 91) but the parties for their own purposes and convenience, made them distinct demands, and therefore the law will not compel it to so unite them.

This issue must also be found for the plaintiff.

And the conclusion of law from the premises is that the plaintiff is entitled to recover of and from the defendant the sum demanded in each action, namely, in No. 1120, $65,131 with legal interest from November 11, 1884; in No. 1143, $65,131 with interest from May 15, 1885; in No. 1178, $65,131 with interest from November 11, 1885; and in No. 1179, $1459 95 with interest from November 11, 1885, together with costs and disbursements.

Evidence was also introduced on the trial by the plaintiff, to prove the organization and corporate existence and power of the plaintiff. The evidence consists of the depositions of Thomas Thornton and David Ferguson, of Dundee, Scotland: the former being a solicitor in that country of thirty-three years standing, and the latter an accountant and secretary of the plaintiff since May 17, 1880, and John Reid, of Edinburg, a Scottish advocate and the registrar of joint stock companies in Scotland, under the British statute, "The Companies act of 1862," and the amendments of 1867 and 1877, and the exhibits thereto annexed. The depositions were taken under a commission of this court, dated October 8, 1884, in the action numbered 1035, and then pending in this court between the same parties. Code of C. P., § 819.

From this evidence it satisfactorily appears that the plaintiff was duly organized under said company's act, on April 30, 1880, with power to construct, own, operate, lease or otherwise dispose of the road in question, and that a certificate to that effect was duly made and issued to it by the registrar of joint stock companies, under said act, on May 1, 1880. Dundee M. T. I. Co. v. Cooper, 26 Fed. Rep., 665.

But I am not advised that there is any issue in the pleadings on this point since the allowance of the demurrers to the answers.

However, if the plaintiff's counsel think they are entitled to a finding in this matter, they can have it.

Mr. Earl C. Bronaugh and Mr. John W. Whalley, for the plaintiff.

Mr. Charles B. Bellinger, for the defendant.

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Dated at Portland, in said district, this 14th day of September, 1886.
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FURNISHED FRONT ROOM—FOR TWO GENTS or man and wife; suitable for light housekeeping. S. E. cor. Second and Jefferson sts. 16s3

FURNISHED ROOMS—HEATED FROM FURnace; small family. Apply 187 West Park, cor. Yamhill, or room 8, Union block (upstairs). 9stf

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH gas, bath, etc.; convenient to street cars. Inquire at 131 Morrison st., corner Pacific. 1mtf

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS, en suite or single; also furnished and unfurnished rooms for housekeeping. 272 First st. 22atf

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF 3 ROOMS, SUITABLE for a doctor's office or dressmaking establishment; elegant and prominent corner. Apply at J. SELLING & CO'S, cor. First and Taylor sts. a29tf

TO LET—BY WEEK OR MONTH, A LIMITED number of single and family rooms on first and second floors of Occidental Hotel, First and Morrison sts.; thoroughly renovated; low rates. 21atf

FOR RENT—OCT. 1, TO SOME QUIET, TIDY lady or to a respectable couple without children, the rear part of a cottage, consisting of three rooms; large attic and dry cellar, with cistern; rent $15 per month; references required. Apply at 371 Seventh or a [illegible] door north. 11s7

BALDWIN LODGING-HOUSE—REFURNISHED throughout; all complete change; moderate prices, by day, week or month. 259½ Second, bet. Salmon & Main.

### TO RENT HOUSES AND STORES.

FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE 8 ROOM HOUSE with bath; location central; $22 per month. P. W. GILLETTE, 27 Stark st. 3stf

FOR RENT—A FINE 2-STORY HOUSE, WITH attic, all modern improvements and furnace in every room. Apply at 194 Salmon st. 14s3

TO RENT—HOUSE OF 6 ROOMS (WATER INcluded) on N. 15th and T sts.; rent $10 50 per month. Inquire cor. N. Fifteenth & I sts. 10s d27

TO LET—A LARGE DOUBLE HOUSE, 15 ROOMS and 2 bath rooms, No. 91 Seventh st., near Stark; suitable for a first-class boarding house. Apply to BOYD & ARNOLD, 102 First st. 10a-tf

TO LET—STORES 69 AND 69½ ALDER ST., IN Holton House building. Inquire of JOHN WILSON, 201 Twelfth st., or address P. O. box 764. 4atf

FOR RENT—NEW STORE BUILDING, CENtrally located, with all modern improvements and six rooms upstairs. Inquire of M. Seller & Co., or Parrish, Watkins & Cornell. 20atf

### TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH BOARD.

MRS. P. LEVY, 285 WASHINGTON ST.—Pleasant rooms, nicely furnished, with or without board; comfortable and pleasant. Terms moderate. 14s1m

FINELY FURNISHED AND NICELY LOCATED bay window front rooms, with board, if desired. Inquire at 288 Front st., near Jefferson. 2s1m

### TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO LEASE—NEAR PORTLAND, 7 ACRES OF land; improved; good buildings and orchard; good place for fowls. Address D. A., East Portland, Or. 3s1m

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE CHEAP—2 GOOD SAFES, 2 SHOW cases, 6 and 10 feet long; 1 two-seated buggy. Inquire 72 First, next to cor. Oak. 25atf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY OR country property, a half interest in a good paying hydraulic mining claim. For particulars call or address S. Anderson, 72 Oak st. 15s7

FOR SALE—NEW AND SECOND HAND PORTable engines and boilers; 10 to 25-horse power; also stationary engines. MITCHELL, FISCHER & KETSCHER, 625 Myrtle st., Oakland, Cal. 4s3

FOR SALE—SPAN OF AMERICAN PONIES; well mated, gentle carefully broken, and good roadsters; the team, with double harness and buggy, will be sold very cheap. Apply to F. E. BEACH & CO., 105 Front st. 12stf

FOR SALE—A GOOD SECOND HAND, SEVEN-horse power gas engine in excellent order; terms easy. Inquire of IRA F. POWERS. 4atf

### BUSINESS CHANCES.

$5000 BONUS WILL BE GIVEN BY THE La Camas Company for the establishment of any manufacturing enterprise which will employ twenty workmen at La Camas, W. T. D. H. STEARNS, Manager La Camas Co.

A WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS IN A good locality of the city is for sale at a bargain. For particulars call on T. A. STEPHENS, office 133½ First st., cor. First and Alder, rooms 5 and 6. 5s-tf

FOR SALE—CHEAP, TO A CASH CUSTOMER, an old established first class candy manufactory in an excellent location doing a good business; the purchaser will be taught the trade if necessary; as the party must leave soon a bargain will be given. Address A. B., care Oregonian. [illegible]

BLACKSMITH SHOP FOR SALE CHEAP—A first class outfit, including dwelling house; splendid location for a man. Address R. N. CAUGHILL, Shedd, Linn Co., O. 17a1m

FOR SALE—THE BUSINESS AND FIXTURES of the Central Hotel, Tacoma, W. T.; house is new, contains sixty well furnished rooms; well located, [illegible]. Call on or address GEO. MERTON, Proprietor, Tacoma, W. T. 17jtf

COUNTRY STORE FOR SALE, DOING A CASH business, 11 miles from Portland, on West Side R. R.; telegraph, railroad, express and postoffice in same building. Apply to A. J. Hamilton, Beaverton, Or. 13jtf

### LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A COCKER SPANIEL; BROWN, WITH white markings; answers to name of "Sailor." Finder will please return to Mrs. B. D. Green and receive [illegible] reward. 15s2

$5 REWARD WILL BE PAID FOR ANY INformation leading to the recovery of a large [illegible] on Sept. 5. Address A. F., [illegible] city. 14s1

LOST—SEVEN HEAD OF STEERS STRAYED [illegible] on Monday; branded [illegible]. Reward will be paid for any information given to [illegible] & Co., Sixth & Washington. [illegible]

### COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

E. J. BOWEN, WHOLESALE SEEDSMAN and Commission Merchant, 65 Front st. 20mlm

SUTTON & BEEBE, SHIP CHANDLERY AND naval stores, 8 N. Front st., Portland, Or.

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE Merchants, Front and D Sts., Portland, Or.

H. E. BATTIN & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION merchants and produce dealers, 130 Front st.

C. CASSAR & CO., SHIPPING AND COMMISSION Merchants, 53 North Front street, Portland

MASON, EHRMAN & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS and commission merchants, Nos. 2 and 4 North Front street, Portland, Or. 2m

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BROKERS AND Commission Merchants, agents for San Juan Archipelago Lime Co. 34 Front street, cor. Ash st.

MILLER & WEST—(J. O. MILLER, W. H. WEST.) commission merchants in general and dairy produce, 107 Front st., between Washington and Stark.

J. McCRAKEN & CO., IMPORTERS & WHOLEsale grocers, and shipping and commission merchants, Nos. 60, 62 and 64 North Front st., Portland, Or.

[illegible] & CHURCH, COMMISSION MERchants in country produce, butter, cheese, dried and green fruits, [illegible] Front st., Portland, Or. 25atf

SIMPSON, QUACKENBUSH & CO., SHIPPING AND Commission Merchants, specialties—wheat, flour, salmon, grain bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front and Ash sts. Portland, Or.

[illegible] PURCHASERS OF HIDES, Pelts, Furs, Wool, Tallow and General Commission Merchants, S. W. cor. Front and Alder sts., Portland, Or. [illegible]

### MILL AND FARM MACHINERY.

Z. T. [illegible] FARM & MILL MACHINERY, Engines, Threshers, Oils, Belts, Tools, Inspirators, [illegible] Laundry Machinery a specialty. [illegible] Front st., Portland.

FRANK BROTHERS IMPLEMENT COMPANY. Importer and dealer in farm and mill machinery, 58 and 60 Front st., Portland, Or.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE AGENTS BUCKEYE Mower and Reaper, Canton Pitt's Thresher, Haines' Header, Schuttler Wagons, Front, First and Vine sts.

### WHOLESALE GROCERS.

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, CORner N. Front and D sts., Portland, Or.

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESALE GROCERS and Commission Merchants, [illegible] Front st. Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GROCERS, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Nos. 43 and 45 Front street, Portland, Or.

### LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

R. SHERLOCK, SADDLERY, HARNESS, HARDware. 74 Front st., Portland, Or.

HERBERT BRADLEY & CO., 102 FRONT ST., Importers of Shoe Manufacturers' Goods, Shoe Store Supplies, Blackings, Dressings, Etc.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

T. L. NICKLIN, DENTIST, SOUTHEAST COR. First and Morrison. 7s-tf

J. B. FISK—CHEMIST AND ASSAYER. ANalyses made of all substances. 106 First street, Portland.

### WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.

NEUSTADTER BROS., MANUFACTURERS OF Boss of the Road Overalls, Standard Shirts, Men's Furnishing Goods and Cal. Cassimere Clothing, 67, 69, 71 Front st., Portland, Or. 6a1m

### MACHINISTS.

TRENKMAN & WOLFF, MACHINISTS, CORNER F and Third sts.—Housework, doors, railings, iron shutters, and machinery of all descriptions; planing and moulding tools to order.

### SHOW CASE MANUFACTURERS.

DIXON, BORGESON & CO., 102 FRONT ST., Portland and 27 Market st., San Francisco.

### WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, ESTABLISHED 1851, Portland, Or.

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, SEPT. 16, 1886.

## A LOOK AT THE HISTORY.

A critic writes concerning THE OREGONIAN'S recent article "What Ireland Wants," as follows: "Let the writer be commonly honest and just; let him remember that it is neither fair nor honest to quote doings of a hundred years ago as if they are the doings of to-day; let him remember that the pilgrim fathers who sought freedom in America to escape religious tyranny were only surpassed in their bigotry by the inquisition, and that it is not yet 160 years since, in the United States, women were drowned or burned on the charge of witchcraft."

This criticism is absurd in its argument and stupidly ignorant in its facts. Its argument is that because the Puritans as late as 1692, about 194 years ago, hung some twenty persons for witchcraft, it is ungracious to recite the historical facts of the horrors of 1798 in Ireland, and the subsequent gigantic corruption of 1800, by which the present legislative union of Ireland was secured through a combination of military terrorism and the purchase of the Dublin parliament. These historical facts are only distant from our day eighty-five years, and yet we did not recite them for any other reason than as historical justification of Ireland's ceaseless efforts for home rule ever since that day when home rule was extinguished by a conspiracy of blood and fraud. Of the shameful means by which Pitt took away home rule, Mr. Gladstone recently wrote a well-known English liberal, Mr. George Leveson Gower:

> I am amazed at the deadness of vulgar opinion to the blackguardism and baseness—no words are strong enough—which befoul the whole history of the union. It is an open question to my mind whether, if this folly lasts, the thing may not in the end contribute to repeal, which I should greatly regret.

There is only one way to judge fairly of the enormity of Pitt's conduct, viz.: to judge him not by the barbarity of the English colonial code concerning witchcraft in 1692, but to judge him by the indignant remonstrances of the statesmen of his time. We will not quote Fox, the original champion of home rule; we will not cite Burke, himself an Irishman; we are content to refer to the fact that Pitt's conduct was so base, treacherous and corrupt that his own viceroy, Earl Fitz William, resigned in indignation rather than seem to be a party to the transaction, and that Lord Cornwallis, a stern professional soldier, wrote in vain his protest against the outrages of the British soldiers which precipitated the rebellion of 1798. If our critic is compelled to go back to 1692 to find anything as barbarous and bigoted as Pitt's policy of 1798 we submit he has confessed judgment against himself. He would better look up his history and correct his assertion that less than one hundred years have elapsed since women were hung and drowned in America as witches. The witchcraft act was vetoed by King William the Third, and no person has been executed as a witch in the United States since the day of the Salem horror and delusion. But if this critic, who presumes to make ducks and drakes of historical facts to serve his turn, can find anything in the whole history of the English speaking world, since the massacre of Glencoe, by order of William the Third about 1693, that compares in atrocity with the massacre in 1798 of the Irish peasantry, whose priests were hunted down and shot like wild game, whose little children even were shot and women ravished by the brutal soldiery, THE OREGONIAN will furnish him with the most expensive history of England that the market affords.

The massacres of 1798 took place at a time when the friends of popular liberty had been fifteen years in the full enjoyment of independence in America; when France had been nearly ten years a republic, and 1798 was so exceptionally barbarous an act of blood, iron and fraud that nothing in the history of modern Europe equals it, short of the dragonades of Louis the Fourteenth against the French Protestants, or some of the horrors wrought by Russia in the partition of Poland.

But for the sake of the argument it is not necessary to lay undue stress on 1798. It was only seven years ago that the Earl of Leitrim was shot to death by some of his own tenantry. A few years before his death he advertised for some one to fill his Donegal agency. In answer to one of his applicants he wrote that he wished to appoint "a military gentleman used to shooting natives in Australia and New Zealand, to give his tenants a wholesome lesson." He evicted eighty-nine persons in one day, an act of brutality when it is remembered that this meant exposure to the shelter of the sky and street of many old women and young children; hunting them out of house and home when either short of the rent or unable to pay an increase. Lord Leitrim was a type of Irish landlord not uncommon who crowded human nature to utter desperation; he goaded ignorant and passionate men into frenzy by his harshness. An ordinary man views murder with horror, but the extremity of domestic wrong will often change a quiet citizen into a raging assassin. The Lord Leitrim type of Irish landlord put on the screws to such a point of despotism and cruelty that the dormant devil of human nature has repeatedly risen up in Ireland during the last ten years and tempted their tenants to slay them. The average Irish land agent or landlord, when asked for any mercy by the tenant, has answered in Leitrim's words, "Go to hell or to America." It is only seven years ago that such landlords as Leitrim, by their tyranny, tempted their tenants to terrible crimes, and his fate was an awful warning to brutal men all the world over not to treat human flesh and blood as a Texas bullwhacker treats a drove of wild cattle. Leitrim would have lived longer if he had been willing "to live and let live."

Now Mr. Gladstone fairly says that England has wrought Ireland great social and political wrongs during the last eighty years; that if England is determined that it is necessary to her national safety and security to rule Ireland, England is bound to give Ireland a good government. Gladstone says that all England's efforts to govern Ireland by coercion produce increasing confusion, disorder and discontent every year. He proposes that the Irish be remitted to a fair and honest trial of that experiment of home rule which Pitt dishonestly and dishonorably strangled by bayonets and bribery; which he buried under a disgusting mass of blood and fraud. These are the facts of history; they are not cited to reproach the children of England with the political sin and folly of William Pitt, but as a sound historical argument why the Irish are justified in their ceaseless agitation for the repeal of the legislative union and the re-establishment of home rule, which England fairly granted to Grattan, only to let Pitt rob Ireland of the gift. Let our critic remember that it is not our memory that is at fault at all; it is his own that needs jogging. His wishes seem to be the fruitful father of historical errors.

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Louis Shade, attorney for the National Brewer's association, in a report just published says:

> Though the efforts of the prohibitionists were more vigorous than ever before, yet I am glad to state that the democratic house has thus far showed the cold shoulder to any bill of a prohibitory character, though two of them had already passed the senate. Twice Speaker Carlisle was compelled to exert himself in behalf of our cause when, by neglect or non-attendance at committee meetings on the part of some of the members friendly to us, the prohibitionists were about to carry their ends. Of course it is some satisfaction to me to chronicle that thus far the fanatics have failed to conquer the capitol of the nation.

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A correspondent at Eugene City asks: "In the matter of making calls for bonds for redemption by the United States treasury department, suppose some of those on deposit to secure the payment of certain national bank notes should be among the called, after their being redeemed, what security for payment, if any, has a holder of a note on said bank, save the promise of the bank to pay on demand? Can the United States be held responsible for payment in the event of failure of said bank immediately after the bonds have been redeemed and before the note shall have been presented and payment demanded? If such responsibility can not be established what means have been provided for the information of the holder of a note that at a certain time the security of this note will cease?" The course adopted by the government when a call is made for any of the bonds on which national bank circulation is based is to notify the banks thereof and request them to deposit other bonds in lieu of those to be redeemed. So far, we believe, this has been a request rather than a command, and it has not been generally complied with. Hence in response to the last call for bonds only a small amount came in for payment. The treasury will take care that good security is always had for bank circulation, and the bonds will not be redeemed till such security is provided.

## BLAINE AND DOW.

Gen. Neil Dow, father of prohibition, and Mr. James G. Blaine, too well known to need other designation, have been talking to each other and to the country in an interesting manner on the prohibition question. Gen. Dow began by declaring that prohibition is not enforced in Maine, and charging the republican party with the delinquency. Mr. Blaine answered by reproducing some of the many testimonials given by Gen. Dow during many years past, to the effect that prohibition was highly successful in Maine. In the *Eastern Argus* of September 3, 1886, Gen. Dow published a letter over his own full name, saying:

> For many years we have applied to republican legislatures for such additions to the law as experience has shown to be necessary, but we have been absolutely refused, or have been put off by insufficient and insignificant measures. The consequence is that the volume of the liquor traffic has not been at all reduced within the last twenty years. In every city in Maine under republican rule, except in Portland, the law has been, and is absolutely ignored, and the authorities refuse to take any measures whatever for the extinction of the low grog-shops which infest them and inflict great suffering upon large numbers of people.

This confession of the failure of prohibition was more complete than any assertion to that effect ever made by an avowed enemy of the law. Mr. Blaine answered by quoting a statement made by Gen. Dow last November, in which it was declared that "the Maine law is as well executed as any other of our statutes;" and he quoted again from Gen. Dow the further statement, made no further back than last June, in a letter to the English Temperance alliance, that "the Maine law, administered by the republican party, has driven every distillery and brewery from the state, has stopped nineteen-twentieths of the liquor traffic, and has added $10,000,000 annually to the wealth of the state."

We suppose that Gen. Dow's latest statement has a good deal of truth in it. When he declares that prohibition is not well enforced in Maine he is nearer correct than when he declared, only a few months ago, that it was well enforced. Of course Mr. Blaine knows as well as Gen. Dow what the true state of the case is; but it suited him for the time to answer Gen. Dow with words out of his own mouth. Then he adroitly turned against Dow his declaration that he meant to kill the republican party for its failure to suppress the liquor traffic in the state.

There was "smartness" in all this, but such a proceeding only tends to perpetuate the methods of insincerity and hypocrisy in dealing with this question so common in prohibition states. Men assent to prohibition and even vote for it, though they have no intent whatever of obeying the law. This brings upon the statute book or fixes in the constitution provisions which men think it perfectly legitimate to violate, and do violate continually. It is better to vote plump against prohibition than to vote for it with no intention of observing or obeying the restrictions it purposes. It is despicable to juggle with such a question for political ends.

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The first issues of United States bonds were issues bearing 7 3-10 and 6 per cent. interest, and were payable in lawful money, that is gold, for at that time there was no other "lawful money" in which they could be paid. In 1868 Senator Morton, Ben Butler and Pendleton, of Ohio, proposed to pay them in greenbacks. When we wanted to refund our debt at a lower rate of interest congress provided in terms for the payment of the new issues in "coin"—gold then being the only coin in use. By this action the credit of the government was so strengthened that the treasury was able to borrow money at 4½, at 4, and finally 3 per cent. The result of this refunding of the debt was that the annual interest charge was diminished from $118,784,000 in 1870 to about $50,000,000 last year. There never was a more outrageous lie told an ignorant voter than the popular political falsehood that our outstanding government bonds are held by a close communion of gold bugs and bloated capitalists. On the 1st of July there were held by the banks, to secure circulation, about $295,000,000. The rest of the $1,181,000,000 are held by savings banks—representing the savings of the people—and by trustees and corporate and individual investors, mostly in this country.

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Wisconsin republicans, in their state platform, express the opinion that the way to minimize the evils of the liquor traffic is through taxation, made as high as experience and judgment shall prove to be practicable. It is probable that this will be the final position of the republican party in most of the states, and particularly in those that have a large urban population. In most of the states where the rural population largely predominate it is probable that prohibition will be voted within a few years.

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The New York *World* (Dem.) observes: "Though there is but one of the cabinet officers at his post, 'the government at Washington still lives' to a very satisfactory extent. When the republican president and officials were off on their summer vacations, we seem to remember that considerable was said as to the sin of 'absenteeism.' Circumstances do frequently alter judgments. The people did not then begrudge their servants a rest, and perhaps they do not now."

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A prominent architect and builder of New York, who has visited Charleston, says that much of the destruction caused by the earthquake was due to careless work and inferior material used in building. In particular, the mortar used in many of the structures was poor. He examined specimens which contained hardly a trace of lime. This mortar is piled up in heaps of debris all over the city.

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The much-boomed town of Birmingham in Alabama is rejoicing to-day over the announcement that a new company of capitalists have bought extensive mines of bituminous coal in the neighborhood, and will put $3,000,000 into iron and steel works there. Birmingham aspires to rival Pittsburg, and in time it may, although the old "Iron City" shows as yet no signs of yielding that title.

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The liquor dealers' protective association of Illinois proposes to go into politics this year. Of course it will not be foolish enough to run liquor candidates on a separate platform, but it will devote its efforts to the election of candidates for the legislature who will vote to repeal the "Harper law" for high license.

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Amelia Jackson, daughter of Jackson who shot and killed Col. Elmer Ellsworth for pulling down the Confederate flag at Alexandria, Va., in 1861, has been appointed to a position in the patent office at Washington. It is not probable that any member of Ellsworth's family has the favor of the government.

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There is no excuse whatever for the refusal of congress to admit Dakota and Washington as states, beyond the objection that their electoral vote would probably not be democratic.

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**The complete returns in Vermont gave the republican candidate for governor 37,681, the democratic candidate 17,001 and the prohibition candidate 1832.**

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**High license has shut up fifty-five saloons in Savannah, Ga., and increased the revenues from $31,112 to $70,200 in a single year.**

## THE AMERICAN SERF.

The readers of THE OREGONIAN know that while it is the unrelenting foe of anarchy it is equally the unflinching enemy of those incorporated tyrannies who would make the honest laborer an American serf. Silas Griffith is not a coal mine owner in Pennsylvania; he is a large manufacturer of charcoal in Danby, Vt. He recently issued the following proclamation to his workmen:

> My attention having been called to circumstances which satisfies me theft is being committed on my works by persons known as "Jew Peddlers," I hereby forbid any person in my employ, or that may be in my employ, trading with any of this class of peddlers; and should the families of those in my employ patronize such peddlers, all such families will be charged $5 00 per month for use of house; and those in my employ not having families, or those having families and do not occupy my houses, will be discharged if found purchasing goods of this class of peddlers.
>
> These rules are emphatic and the superintendent of my works will see that they are enforced, and any employe not satisfied with them and is not willing to abide by the same, is requested to call at my office immediately, settle, and leave the works; and only such will be retained as are willing to abide by the rules laid down in this notice.

This circular speaks for itself. The so-called "Jew peddlers" have never carried off any lumber, coal or goods. Their only offense is that they have sold to Griffith's laborers goods at much less prices than they could get them at Griffith's company store. There was a very large meeting of the working men of Rutland county, in which Danby is included, and the following resolutions were adopted:

> *Resolved*, That we demand the repeal of the law known as the trustee process.
>
> That we demand a bill obliging employers to pay their help weekly in cash.
>
> That we demand a law to be known as the employers' liability act, to make employers liable for injuries received through the carelessness or inefficiency of the employer or his agent. [Applause.]

Mr. Thomas H. Brown moved to amend the resolutions for weekly payments so as to require the payment to be in lawful money for work performed the week previous, and to abolish company stores. This was agreed to.

The democratic party of the town of Rutland adopted the following resolutions:

> That we favor the appointment of a state inspector of mines and quarries, who shall be empowered to take measures for the protection of the lives of workmen employed therein.
>
> That no exemption ought to stand in the way of a workingman's collecting his wages.
>
> That we demand the repeal of the $5 trustee law and a revision of the law of exemption that will put all classes of citizens upon an equal footing.
>
> That we earnestly favor the establishment of a railroad commission.
>
> That we oppose double taxation of both mortgagors and mortgagees.

The Vermont trustee law permits the factorizing of any workingman's wages who has more than $5 due him. This law was passed by a legislature of farmers, whose exemption under the law of attachment amounts to at least $1000, while it may amount to very much more, since the law exempts a certain number of sheep, horses, cattle and pigs, and if the bankrupt farmer happens, as is often the case in Vermont, to own blooded sheep, horses, cattle or pigs his exemption may amount to two or three thousand dollars, while the poor quarryman or collier who works from hand to mouth is limited by this legislature of Shylocks to but $5 exemption under trustee process. An ex-governor of Vermont, a very wealthy marble mine owner, once saw a Rutland tradesman delivering a barrel of flour at the door of one of his workmen. The workman explained that he could buy the flour a dollar or so cheaper than he could at the company store and he was told to send back the flour or consider himself discharged. The Rutland, Vermont, marble firms, with a single exception, keep company stores, refuse to sell land to the miners and enforce all the social and political tyranny of the Pennsylvania coal companies so graphically described by Henry George in the *North American Review*. The only difference is that marble mining from its nature is not so horribly destructive of the miner's body and soul as coal mining, but so far as industrial rapacity and extortion and petty tyranny is concerned the same system of serfdom is enforced. Mr. George in the September *North American* says of the obsolete laws against child labor:

> I recently found in Pennsylvania papers, without any comment on the illegal age, an item recounting the cutting to pieces of a child of eleven in a Reading mill, by the starting of a machine it had been sent to clean.

Mr. Morgan Jones, "formerly a mine boss in the Schuylkill region," is quoted as saying:

> "I have witnessed the agony of wives and mothers and sisters, as victim after victim to the perils that constantly threaten the miner has been raised from the deadly depths, but the spectacle of a score or more of boys aged before their time, bent and stunted and worn, working their lives away in the black, dusty breaker, sweltering and suffocating in the summer and chilled to the bone in the winter, was something that brought perpetual heart-ache. The slate-pickers range from seven to fifteen years of age. At fifteen or sixteen they are old enough to enter the mines."

There is more or less of the lash, the club, the fist and the boot administered by the "chute boss" to the little slate-picker. A man who begins when a boy of nine years old to pick slate is asthmatic, gray, bent and old by the time he is 35. Consumption, gravel and rheumatism crowd the miners' cemetery with premature graves.

The so-called coal and iron police of Pennsylvania are under the control of nobody save the individuals, companies or combinations who employ them. Any firm, company or individual "may apply to the governor to commission as a coal and iron policeman any person named by them. There is no restriction as to number, no examination as to character, no guaranty as to behavior, no requirement of report, no stipulation as to pay or employment. These private employes are clothed by the law with all the powers of a policeman of the city of Philadelphia, and the keepers of all jails and station houses are required to receive and keep all persons arrested by them. Whoever has realized what power may be exercised by a policeman among those too poor and uninfluential to easily appeal to the law, will see what a weapon is thus placed in the hands of employers. Their functions on the coal estates are a combination of those performed for the Irish landlords by the 'rent warner,' the 'process server,' the 'emergency man,' and the royal Irish constabulary. They are the spies, informers, collectors, writ servers and guards of their employers."

Under the conspiracy laws Mr. George affirms that it is still quite possible to use "the vague charge of conspiracy to punish men for striking," and he gives a graphic account of a recent instance whereby twenty-four of the most peaceful, temperate and industrious workmen of Pennsylvania were sent to prison for "conspiracy," although they had personally committed no offense whatever. They happened to be prominent leaders in a movement for advanced wages. They had counseled nothing but peaceful and legal action. But certain other men got into a small fight with each other, and this fracas, which resulted in no serious harm, was made the occasion to persecute the strikers.

One man in the last stages of consumption was sent to the county jail for six weeks. One of the men sentenced to prison was a veteran of the war, in which he was wounded and lost his father and two brothers; he has a wife and eight children, was a Methodist local preacher, a devoted Christian and temperance advocate. These men were not convicted of violence or inciting others to violence, but of taking part in a strike, under the old English conspiracy law. Laws are needed to make the companies pecuniarily responsible for loss of life or limb, except where carelessness on the part of the victim could be proved. The opposition to the employment of check weighmen on the part of the companies gives strong color to the belief of the miners that they are commonly defrauded by light weights. Despite the fact that Judge Agnew of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, some years since declared the combinations to restrict the production of coal were punishable conspiracies, "the anthracite coal carrying companies have limited the August output to 500,000 tons less than last year, without the slightest fear of the conspiracy law; the city of Philadelphia is compelled to pay blackmail prices for her fuel and gas coal, and the Standard Oil company rolls up its millions and pushes out new tentacles."

In the face of this powerful picture of the steady drift of the labor of great corporations into a condition of serfdom, from the marble mines of Vermont to coal mines of Pennsylvania and Ohio, how barren a banquet does Mr. Blaine press to the lips of the working man when he eloquently assures him that the aim of the protective tariff "is to protect the labor of America as to shield it from the condition of European serfdom?"

### PRESS PITH.

Long and troublesome friendships have been known to be made during a brief bathing season.—Cape May Letter.

Some one sneers at Tilden by saying that with all his brains he was not worth as much money as Vanderbilt. True, but he took as much with him.—San Francisco Alta.

The most annoying thing about an earthquake is that you don't know it is an earthquake until it's all over and you begin to compare notes.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

In Mrs. Langtry's new play she impersonates "an unscrupulous woman of fatal beauty." A newspaper critic makes the unfelicitous remark that "the part fits her like a glove." We should smile.—Rambler.

"What!" exclaimed Fogg, reading the newspaper. "Fifty Christians killed in Cochin China. For heaven's sake, how many have they got? Well, thank goodness, such a thing couldn't happen here."—Boston Transcript.

What a credulous people we are? No wonder humbug is so successful when even Henry Bergh can be caught with a circus advertisement claiming that a horse is to walk across the Niagara chasm on a rope.—Elmira Advertiser.

Bertie—Mr. Schuyler, are you a very strong man? Schuyler—No, not very strong, Bertie. Bertie—What did pa mean, then, when he told sister at the breakfast table to-day that he saw you with a heavy load on last night?—The Judge.

Englishman—I see the old country is going in for new style coins, too. American—Like ours? "Well, no; but they are to have Queen Victoria's face as she looks now." "Good idea; it will make the English more liberal."—Omaha World.

In the days when Britannia claimed to rule the wave a British ambassador in Venice, floating one day in a gondola on the lagoons, dipped his hand in the water, and, lifting it to his lips, exclaimed: "Ha, ha! It is salt. This is ours." —Springfield Union.

Jones—I understand that Brown has gone into business. Smith—Yes, he has become an outfitter of yachts. J.—Well, I thought he was a different man from that. S.—Why? J.—I never thought that he'd go into the wine, liquor and cigar business.—Boston Courier.

Fogg has said the meanest thing any man ever was capable of saying. When Mrs. F. left him alone in the house the other evening she remarked: "You won't be lonely, dear?" "No," he replied, "I shan't miss you at all. The parrot, you know, is here."—Boston Transcript.

It is moved and seconded that the American cyclone and the American earthquake go off to some uninhabited spot and settle the matter between themselves. As a tribute to the prominent character of the contending parties, it is suggested that this motion be adopted under a suspension of the rules.—Philadelphia Press.

"If it wasn't for one thing, boys," said an old farmer, as he got down from his wagon, "I'd bet enny amount o' money on that bay colt o' mine trotting a mile in 2:16½. I'd bet a million dollars if I had it." The crowd laughed derisively. "What is the one thing?" asked one of the crowd. "The distance is too fur for the time."—New York Life.

"I have ventured," he said, "to buy this diamond ring, fondly hoping that you would allow me to slip it on your finger as a token of our engagement." "I am very sorry, Mr. Smith, but you are too late—I am already engaged; but if you will have it altered to fit my little finger I will shower upon you the wealth of a sister's affection."—Harper's Bazar.

The son of a butcher had great difficulty in fractions, although his teacher did his very best. "Now, let us suppose," said the teacher, "that a customer came to your father to buy five pounds of meat, and your father had only four to sell—what would he do?" "Keep his hand on the meat while he was weighing it," was the candid answer.—Buffalo Commercial.

Algy—Do you think, my love, your father will consent to our marriage? Angely—Of course papa will be very sorry to lose me, darling. Algy—But I will say to him that instead of losing a daughter he will gain a son. Angely—I wouldn't do that, love, if you really want me. Papa has three such sons boarding here now, and he's a little touchy on that point.—Texas Siftings.

---

Suffering from scrofula is ended by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Give it a trial

## NEW TO-DAY.

*FREE—Send your address for our Dry Goods Catalogue, illustrated. Useful shopping guide. McALLEN & McDONNELL'S POPULAR DRY GOODS STORE, No. 165 Third St., Portland, Or.*

ALFRED WRIGHT'S
INCOMPARABLE HANDKERCHIEF PERFUMES.
Large invoice just received. Try them.
WOODWARD, CLARKE & CO., Druggists,
First and Alder Sts.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of J. B. CONGLE, Portland, until 12 o'clock noon September 20, 1886, for the privilege of selling Candy, Soda Water and Cider in the Pavilion during the Mechanics' Fair.

BETHESDA WATER.—Reduction in price of Nature's cure for Kidney and Bladder troubles. Bethesda Water by the gallon at about half the former price in bottles; within reach of all persons of moderate means. SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD.

FOR SALE.

A CHOICE RESIDENCE LOT, 50x90 feet, With a Beautiful Cottage of 5 Rooms.
Hard finished and complete. Also bath room, bay window, pantry and closets, with good cistern. Two blocks from street railway. For further particulars call at the office of
HAIGHT, COX & CO.,
No. 13 Washington St.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
TACOMA PROPERTY.

A number of LOTS, situated in the City of Tacoma, will be sold by Auction (without reserve), AT THE SALESROOM OF GILMAN & CO., No. 42 First street, on
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18th,
At 10 o'clock A. M.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

Big Bargains.

I will offer you THIS WEEK 250 Men's Cassimere Suits for the low price of $10 per Suit. Rest of Goods at the usual Low Prices.
A. WALDMAN,
Successor to Beck & Waldman,
147 First St.

Shoot at Salem.

State Fair, Friday, Sept. 17,
$100 Medal!
FOR CHAMPIONSHIP OF OREGON!
—GIVEN BY THE—
AMERICAN CLAY BIRD CO.
RILEY & FELLOWS, Agents,
Gun Dealers,
13 North First Street, Portland, Oregon.

"PORTLAND HEIGHTS."

The particular attention of seekers for suburban property is directed to "Portland Heights." This is the most magnificent property ever offered to the public, and purchasers are not subjected to various hardships, privations and annoyances in order to reach their property, such as crossing the river in stormy weather, tedious waits at ferry slips, traveling a long road 2 to 4 miles, dusty in summer and muddy in winter. This property is within the city limits, easily accessible by two newly improved, finely macadamized roads up Montgomery street and up Seventh street; is five blocks from street cars on Montgomery street, and in full view of the city. Finest view on earth. Fine water in abundance. Fine natural shade trees. Good soil. Is 400 to 700 feet above low water. Prevailing winds are from northwest in summer, and is a direct ocean breeze, and not from Willamette and Columbia river sloughs. No high winds here. Is as free of malaria as the summit of Mt. Hood. Absolutely no disadvantages. No cash payments required. Monthly installments no greater than house rent in the city. EUGENE D. WHITE, Agent, Rooms B, C and D, second floor, N. W. cor. First and Alder sts., Portland, Oregon.

NEW TO-DAY.

NEW DRESS GOODS, NEW SILKS, NEW COLored Plushes, up to $10 per yard; Cloaks at wholesale figures; new ready-made Dresses—all of which will be sent to any part by addressing R. R. LITT, Third and Alder streets, the largest ladies suit house in America that is in one special line, namely, a ladies' dress and cloak house.

WANTED—A GOOD BARBER AT THE PORTland Baths.

WANTED—BOXMAKER, AT THE STANDARD Box Factory.

WANTED—A WOMAN COOK. NO. 175, COR. Alder and East Park.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, COR. TWELFTH and Market. C. P. BOGUE.

LOST—A CANARY BIRD FROM 185 MORRISON st. Liberal reward to the finder.

WANTED TO BUY—A SMALL BUSINESS. Address D. F. R., Oregonian office.

WANTED A GIRL TO WORK AT TAILORing. Apply at 206½ First st., near Madison.

FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY AT Chown & Curtis's, 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

NURSE GIRL WANTED—A NEAT, TIDY GIRL, who can give good city references, can apply at 133 Eighth st.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER AT THE Capital Baths, 84 First street, opposite the [illegible] Bank.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. APPLY BETWEEN 9 and 12 this morning. No. 95 Seventh st., [illegible] Stark.

WANTED—TO BUY A HORSE AND BUGGY or a team. Address D., care of Oregonian office.

MONEY TO LOAN—FROM $500 TO $5000, ON real estate security. Address "Salmon," care Oregonian.

CALL AND SEE THE FINE LINE OF HEATing stoves at Chown & Curtis's, No. 212 First and 9 Salmon.

HEATING STOVES OF ALL SIZES AND KINDS can be found at Chown & Curtis's, 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

IF YOU WANT A CHEAP AND GOOD COOK stove go to Chown & Curtis, No. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN small family; no washing. Apply 181 Eighth st., near Harrison.

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON CHOWN & CURTIS before buying your heating stove. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

GRANITE IRON WARE OF EVERY DESCRIPtion can be found at Chown & Curtis's, 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS OF ALL KINDS cheap for cash, at Chown & Curtis's, No. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

IF YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS RANGE BUY the Prize Hub at Chown & Curtis's, No. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

THE PRIZE HUB RANGE—WORLD'S BEST. Call on Chown & Curtis, sole agents, and examine it. 212 First and 9 Salmon.

MONEY TO LOAN—FROM $1000 TO $10,000 TO loan on approved real estate security. CLAYTON & OLIVER, 25 Stark st.

WANTED—SMALL GIRL, ABOUT 13 OR 14 years old; light work. Two-story house [illegible] st., bet. N and O, East Portland.

THE PRIZE HUB RANGE IS THE CHEAPEST and best in the market. Chown & Curtis, sole agents. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY BUY YOUR Hardware, Stoves and Tinware at Chown & Curtis's, No. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

THE MORNING AND EVENING LIGHT HEATing stoves are fine. Call and see them at Chown & Curtis's, 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

IF YOU WANT A RANGE WITH A LARGE oven and firebox, buy a "Hub." Chown & Curtis, sole agents. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

THE PRIZE HUB RANGE HAS NO EQUAL; don't buy without examining it. Chown & Curtis, sole agents. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

THE PRIZE HUB RANGE IS THE MOST IMproved of any in the market. Chown & Curtis, sole agents. No. 212 First and 9 Salmon sts.

FOR SALE CHEAP—DOUBLE-BARREL GUN; prime order; laminated steel barrels; breech loader; Moore's make. Call at Gray Eagle Hotel.

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE SUMS, ON first-class real estate security, at 8 per cent. interest. CROFT & DAVIS, No. 18 Fourth st.

CHOWN & CURTIS'S COOK AND HEATING stoves are the best and cheapest in the city. Call and examine them. No. 212 First & 9 Salmon sts.

WANTED—FROM 20 TO 25 ACRES (AT LEAST one-half cleared), within 5 or 6 miles from Portland. Address, with terms, S. O., Oregonian office.

FOR RENT—HOUSE OF 7 ROOMS, WITH ALL modern improvements, on street car line; rent, $35 per month. Address "Rented," Oregonian office.

LOST—AT OR NEAR THE POSTOFFICE WEDnesday, 2 P. M., a mummy cloth buggy robe. Finder will please leave the same at the Oregonian office.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WOULD LIKE comfortable room with private family, in upper part of city, from Oct. 1; references. Address W., care Oregonian office.

WANTED—A GIRL OR MIDDLE-AGED WOMan for housework; fair wages and steady place to the right person. Apply N. E. cor. Ninth and I sts., East Portland.

FOR SALE—$250—FURNITURE OF 4-ROOM house; everything complete for housekeeping; good as new; house for rent. Inquire J. V. ALLEN, No. 9 Washington st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLEaged man who has had ten years' experience in bookkeeping and general business management. Address Calvin, care Oregonian.

MRS. L. PILGER, NOW THE LEADING DRESSmaker of San Francisco, 115 Powell st., will forward samples of fall goods to her numerous customers. A perfect fit without interview.

FOR SALE—60 HEAD OF HOGS OF FINEST breed; Berkshire, Poland and Yorkshire; also fine chickens—Wyandottes, Plymouth Rock and Andalusian. Apply to Mrs. Currie Jones or Dr. E. A. Jones, 43½ First st., Portland.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED COUPLE, UNfurnished ground floor rooms, suitable for light housekeeping, in a private residence in Portland or East Portland; references given and requested. Address B. S. N., Oregonian office.

FAIR TIME IS HERE. NO BETter chance will you ever have to get printing at reasonable rates. Confer with GEO. H. HIMES, the Printer, 169-171 Second st., Portland, Or. Commercial, Legal and Society work.

FOREMAN WANTED—FOR SAW MILL CUTting 75,000 feet per day; must be a first-class hand with saw, both as filer, sawyer and hammerer, and able to handle men. Address, giving age, experience, references and wages wanted, "Mill Man," care Oregonian.

WANTED—WE HAVE BUYERS FOR 3 COTtages situated between Montgomery and B sts., east of Twelfth; and 4 cottages within the limits of Twelfth and Twentieth and B to H sts.; parties wishing to sell call at once. HAIGHT, COX & CO., No. 13 Washington st.

ALL PARTIES WISHING MY SERVICES FOR tuning, regulating and repairing pianos and organs, can leave orders at No. 155 Fourth st. and postoffice box 203, or at my residence and shop, 175 South First st. N. E. Attention promptly given. ALFRED BARTS, Portland, Or.

LOST—BROWN ENGLISH COCKER SPANIEL; 1 year old; name "Curly"; had on brass chain collar with name of L. Cook; and a bad newly torn off left fore foot, making foot sore; has scar of a deep cut on the head. A liberal reward will be paid for his return to O. F. Paxton, N. E. cor. First and Stark sts., or 371 Yamhill st.

PHILOMATH COLLEGE,
Philomath, Benton Co., Or.
Fall Term Begins Tuesday, Sept. 21st.
Complete Academic, Commercial, Musical and Classical Courses. Substantial Buildings, [illegible] surroundings. Healthy location. Christian community, [illegible] town. Students admitted at any time [illegible] above [illegible]. For circulars address PROF. HENRY SHEAK, Sec'y.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
At Residence.

We will sell by auction at the residence, No. 34 South First St., Cor. Grant, on
THURSDAY, SEPT. 16th,
At 10 O'clock A. M.
The Entire Furniture and Fittings of Residence,
Comprising almost New Goods:
Brussels Carpets, Center Tables, Heating Stoves, fine Sideboard, Brackets, Hall Carpets, Hanging Lamp, Hall Rack, Pictures, Parlor Furniture, Dining Room Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, etc., fine Ash Bedroom Suit, Mattresses, Feather Pillows, etc., etc. Also Cooking Stove and Kitchen Furniture.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

NEW MARKET THEATER
J. P. HOWE, Manager.
TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY EV'GS,
September 21st and 22d.
For Two Nights Only!
MME. MINNIE HAUK
PRIMA DONNA SOPRANO.
Court and Chamber Singer to Their Majesties, the Emperors of Germany and Austria; leading Prima Donna of the Italian operas in London and New York.
In Grand State Concert and Opera!
FIRST NIGHT:
PART I.—Miscellaneous.
PART II.—3d Act Gounod's Grand Opera, "FAUST."
SECOND NIGHT:
II. Act CARMEN—Bizet.
III. Act LA FAVORITA—Donizetti.
IV. Act IL TROVATORE—Verdi.
(In full costume and stage settings)
The Company includes Miss Mathilde Mullenbach, Contralto; Signor Carlo Spigaroli, Tenor; Mr. George Fox, Baritone; Mr. Charles E. Pratt, Musical Director and Accompanist, and the
CHEVALIER De KONTSKI,
Court Pianist of His Majesty, the Emperor of Germany, and Composer of the world-famous Symphonie, "The Arousing of the Lion." The piano from Messrs. Wm. Knabe & Co., of Baltimore.
Carriages at 10:15 P. M.
Reserved Seats, $1 50; General Admission, $1. The sale of reserved seats for subscribers from 8 A. M. till 1 P. M., Thursday, September 16. General sale commences at 1 P. M. at Prentice's music store.

NEW TO-DAY.

1886!

[illegible]

Clothing, Furnishing Goods

—AND—

HATS!

—FOR THE—

Fall and Winter Season.

—AT—

MEIER & FRANK'S

The Largest and Most Complete Stock
Ever Brought to this City!

New and Choice Clothing Now Open and Ready for your Inspection.

We invite the public to call and examine our mammoth stock of MEN'S SUITS, in Sacks, Frocks, Four and One-Button Cutaways, Prince Alberts, Walking and Tourists' Suits, in English and French Corkscrews, Diagonals, Wide Wales, Worsteds, Broadways, Meltons, Cheviots, Beavers, Tweeds, Silk Mixed, Cassimeres, Mohair, etc., etc.

We also have a Full and Complete Line of

YOUNG MEN'S SUITS

All the Leading Styles, in Straight and Round Cut Sacks, Four and One-Button Cutaways, Prince Alberts and Norfolk Suits.

We claim to have the Largest and Best Selected Stock in the City.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed or No Sale.

OUR STOCK OF

OVERCOATS

For this Season cannot be equaled on the Pacific Coast. We carry a large and well-assorted stock in this department. In pattern, quality, fit and Low Prices we take the lead.

A large line of Men's and Youths' NORFOLK COATS, the very Latest Styles.

Men's and Youths' CHINCHILLA JACKETS and VESTS, in blue, brown and black, from $9 00 to $25 00.

Our Boys' & Children's

CLOTHING DEPT.

Is Complete in Every Line.

We have over 100 different patterns to select from, and at prices ranging from $2 to $15 a Suit.

We make a specialty in Boys' and Children's Clothing, and guarantee a saving of at least 20 per cent.

We also carry a large line of KILT SUITS ranging in price from $2 25 to $8.

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS, an endless variety of new styles. We can fit a boy from 4 to 17 years at prices that defy competition.

Nobby Styles in Men's, Youths' and Boys' Pants, all new and desirable patterns.

A Complete Line of Children's Knee Pants, 4 to 11 years, ranging in price from 50c to $2 50 a pair.

—OUR—

HAT DEPT.

Is well stocked with all the Leading New York Styles.

We carry a Full Line of Hats, suitable for [illegible] Youths and Boys.

Men's stiff Hats from [illegible] 75 to [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

A Full Line of Men's and Boys' Fur Caps, New Styles.

CHILDREN'S PLUSH CAPS

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

We have the Largest and Best Assortment of Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas in the city. Call and see them.

FURNISHING GOODS DEPT.

You can always find a complete assortment in this Department of Men's, Boys' and Children's Underwear, White and Percale Shirts, Unlaundried Shirts, Wool and Cotton Overshirts, of every description, Collars, Cuffs, Suspenders, Plain and Colored Border Handkerchiefs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Scarfs, Ties, Men's and Boys' Hosiery, in endless variety, etc., etc.

SPECIALS.

60 dozen Men's and Boys' Unlaundried Shirts at 50c each.

50 dozen Men's Unlaundried Shirts (warranted Wamsutta Muslin), linen bosom and double back, 75c each.

100 dozen Men's fancy stripe full finished Half Hose at 25c pair.

200 dozen fancy Neckwear at 25c each.

200 dozen fancy Neckwear at 50c each, cannot be duplicated for less than $1 elsewhere.

50 dozen Boys' White Merino Undershirts, good quality, 75c each.

45 dozen Men's Camels' Hair Underwear at $1 50 (good value at $2).

Our assortment in every department the largest to select from. Our prices decidedly the LOWEST.

MEIER & FRANK

185, 187 FIRST, THROUGH TO 184, 186 SECOND,
Between Yamhill and Taylor sts.
PORTLAND, OR.

Sold.

WE WILL
[illegible]

S[illegible]

Lipman & Co.

—THE—
Leading Question
With the people of the pre-
ent day is how to save mon-
ey. It is very easy in most
matters to economize, but
when it comes to dress, man
find it very difficult to get
nol by fitting garments with-
out paying exorbitant pri-
ces. They have solved the
question, and find that they
can practice true

ECONOMY!

In making these purchas
at a reliable house which has
stood the test of time. Those
who prefer their Suits made
to order will consult OUR
CUTTER, who stands at the
head of his profession.

A. ROBERTS,
Cor First and Alder Sts.
The Leading Clothier Merchant Tailor & Hat

KEEP IT AT HO
WHY?
Why the money you now send
of the state for goods that you
on your back and on your beds.

THEREFORE,
consult your own interest and
goods made at your very door.
so doing you build up the com
and cause the continued empl
ment of labor right here, thro

—THE—
Brownsville Woolen M
OFFICES AT PORTLAND:
First and 187 Front St, bet. Yam
and Taylor.

Benton's Hair Grower.
[illegible]
Benton Hair Grower Co.
Cleveland, Ohio

WOODARD, CLARKE & C
Wholesale and Retail Agents
PORTLAND

Oregon State [illegible]

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R.
During the Fair Excursion Round
Tickets sold from
Portland to Fair Grounds and
AT $2 50.
Tickets good from Sept. 11 to 23, inclusive
[illegible] Fair Grounds for Portland
Daily, arriving at 7 30
F. P. ROGERS, Gen. Fr. & Pass.

BICYCLE AGE
F T MERRILL
62 First Street, Portland, Or.
[illegible] Catalogue
COLUMBIA

SCHOFIELD & MORGAN, DEALERS
WALL PAPER
Paper Hanging Painting Graining
[illegible] St., between Fourth and Fifth.

The Oregonian.

## U S SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Sept 15—8 49 P M

| Place of observation | Barometer | Change in last 8 hours | Wind | Rainfall of an inch | State of Weather |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Portland | [illegible] | [illegible] | N.W. | 00 | Clear |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | S | 00 | Clear |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | S | 00 | Clear |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | S | 00 | Smoky |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | S | 00 | Smoky |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | N.W. | 00 | Smoky |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | W | 00 | Cloudy |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | S.W. | 00 | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | W | 00 | Clear |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | 00 | Clear |
| Spokane | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Walla Walla | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

Maximum thermometer [illegible] minimum [illegible]
River at 11 A M 24 feet.

### OVERLAND PASSENGERS

Passed Heron to arrive over the Northern Pacific F W Holmes, James McNaught, Hamilton, F W McLanahan, Chas L N[illegible], E. Polk, G W McLanahan and twenty-one immigrants F M Seaman and twenty-one immigrants.

Passed Huntington to arrive over the Short Line A Stradecker, G A Wilson, Miss M J Wilson, A Carson, Miss M Nelson, M I Tw[illegible], Miss Nellie Birge, J L Ballard, Mrs P[illegible], Thos Hassard, Chas Hall, M L Taylor, Bohrson, Miss Rosa Clopeck, W H Bo[illegible] and wife, and wife and three immigrants

Passed Medford to arrive over the O & C
S L Lane and B Blumauer

### BRIEF MENTION

Good houses this week at the T[illegible]. A good programme is on

Mr H C Telfer, of the [illegible], is in the city

L F G Smith, at present in New York, will be home about October 27

A railway mail service is to be established soon between Palouse Junction and Moscow

George Wadhams, 130 Washington street, has just received a fine lot of imported and domestic cigars

The *Argus* says the proprietor of the Westport mill, recently burned, will rebuild in the spring.

License to marry was issued yesterday for Anders Wilhelm Johnson and Thilda Christina Gustafson, and David Penny and Barbette Osterheimer.

Constable Dan Sprague yesterday seized the furniture of a lodging house, corner First and Clay, in a replevin suit for $200, brought by Jennings Bros. against Mrs. L Brown.

On Tuesday evening, the 28th inst., an organ, vocal and instrumental concert will be given at the Unitarian church, under the direction of Mr. Edward Coolingham, in aid of the organ fund

The flower fete to be given at the Unitarian chapel to-morrow evening by the girls of the flower mission, is to raise funds to buy flowers this winter, when it is impossible to get them for nothing.

The benefit to be tendered to Mrs Johnson at Taylor-street church will take place on the 27th of September. Mrs. Wetzell, Mrs. Goodsell, Miss Ray Mancret, Miss Jordan and Prof Shuck will take part.

Sherman camp No 1 Sons of Veterans held a meeting last night at which a number of officers were elected. Captain, J D. Monteith, first lieutenant, D. J. Malarkey, second lieutenant, F. L. Vaughn.

Yesterday F. E. Beach garnisheed through Justice Tuttle's court, a check for $225 in the hands of G. E. Caukin, agent of the Travelers Insurance company, payable to Wm. Poole. Poole owed Beach $115, and paid the amount.

The sale of reserved seats for the Minnie Hauk grand concert and opera company will commence this morning at Prentice's music store. The sale for subscribers will take place from 8 A. M until 1 P M, the general sale at 1 P. M.

The force employed in building the road to the place where the head works of the city water works are to be located are now encamped about a mile above the bridge across Bull run, and will move about ten miles up the river in a day or two. There are thirty men employed on the works.

To-day commences the grand opening of the Bouquet millinery establishment, 67 Morrison street. As usual, they lead in styles, which accounts for them having the first fall display of the season. All the ladies are invited to call, to see as fine a lot of pattern hats and bonnets as can be found in New York city.

### MINNIE HAUK.

Madame Hauk has a world-wide renown, and her splendid vocalization has entranced the ravished ears of royalty in many a great capital of the Old World, where nothing but merit of the very highest order can hope to be sustained. A vocalist ranking with and dividing the honor with Nilsson, Patti and artists of that eminence, she combines also the gifts of a piano virtuoso as well, and on this instrument alone could achieve distinction. But Minnie Hauk has an operatic record of unparalleled brilliancy, having spent an operatic season each as leading star of the Italian operas of Paris, Brussels and St. Petersburg, four seasons in London, and three seasons each at the imperial opera at Vienna and Berlin, creating the principal characters of fourteen operas, and among them the immortal "[illegible]," in which she has eternally embalmed her fame. It is conceded that in this role, in that of Elsa in Wagner's "Lohengrin," in "Manon" and many others she has no rival. When we add that the brilliant "prima" is supported by a company of superb talent, such artists as George Fox Muellenbach, and above all Chevalier de Kontski, whose name is familiar to almost every lover of piano music—being associated with her, it can safely be asserted that the Minnie Hauk nights will be the leading event of the amusement season in Portland

### GREAT GUNS

The following remarkable scores were made in the Chamberlin cartridge tournament. [illegible] shot at 100 [illegible] targets [illegible] These ten scores is [illegible] 10 per cent of all the birds, and it is admitted by the shooters that no such [illegible] could have been made with hand loaded ammunition. The *Standard Chamberlin* is the only shotgun cartridge made on a [illegible] reloading machine run by steam power. [illegible] the only shot perfect cartridge in the market. [illegible] Shooting and Lead company [illegible] B Lamberson Gen Agent. Stark st. On exhibition and for sale at [illegible] Riley & Fellows.

### GIVEN AWAY

Housekeepers please call at the Tea Store, [illegible] First street and we will give you a sample of our pure nectar tea. It is the best family tea sold at [illegible] cents per pound. You can not purchase as good [illegible] anywhere else. [illegible] its fine drawing qualities [illegible] Eastern Tea Company [illegible] First street. [illegible] present given to every customer

### FINE MERCHANT TAILORING

Finest line of suiting, trousering, overcoating [illegible] perfect fit guaranteed at very lowest prices
ARTHUR KOHN MERCHANT TAILOR
Corner Second and Morrison streets

OREGON TRUNK FACTORY, S HARRIS & CO

Make the strongest trunks. Largest stock of satchels in the market. Wholesale and retail. Catalogues mailed free. 49 First street near Pine

It is not necessary to pay fifty cents for a fine Face Powder. Try Freeman's, retailed at twenty-five cents. Absolutely harmless. S. G. Skidmore & Co., 151 First street, agents

### WHY SMOKE CABBAGE LEAVES?

Buy genuine Tansill's Punch 5c cigars from Plummer & Byerly druggists First and Main.

A full line of JEWISH NEW YEAR CARDS just received at Edward Dekum & Co's 43 Washington st.

Good photos at most reasonable prices. Thwaite's, 1[illegible] First street. Cabinets $4. Work guaranteed

Nos. 21 and 23 Serpentine Bread at 5c apiece, at Second street, bet. Stark and Washington

Plenty of Olympia and Eastern oysters to-day at Keith's, corner First and Oak streets

Always reliable always uniform. Ghirardelli's Eagle Chocolate. Superior to all.

Sweet apple cider made every day at [illegible] Dresser's.

### BUSINESS ITEMS.

Shaving Ibcents Capitol Baths 101 First

Woven Wire spring beds. George M. Parker, 131 Fifth street. Trade supplied.

New Home Sewing Machine Co. 46 Morrison st near Second. King of all machines

Garrison's Sewing Machine Store, 167 Third st., Portland, Or., for the latest and best.

Piano and singing, as taught at the Conservatory of Paris, at Prof. Berlinger's studio 29 Washington st. Take the elevator.

In 1850 "Brown's Bronchial Troches" were introduced, and from that time their success in Colds, Coughs, Asthma and Bronchitis has been unparalleled

RARE CHANCE.—Ten pianos will be sold to close consignment. 4 elegant upright at $135 each; 6 square pianos at $175 each. Apply immediately at Shanahan's Art Gallery, 80 Morrison st.

THE VIENNA,
Washington st., leads all for Lunches and Oysters.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

READING THE MINUTES.—The "minutes of the previous meeting" used rarely to be read at the meetings of the common council, though sometimes they should have been. Now the council has gone to the other and much more tedious extreme of listening to them at every meeting, though often there is nothing in them to warrant such a waste of time and patience. This reading of all the long winded reports and other "rot iron" matter is very useless and very tiresome to most of the councilmen, but somehow no one has the nerve to move that the reading be dispensed with. It is to be hoped that in future, when there is no necessity for reading the minutes, some one will venture to brave the wrath of Gallagher and move that the reading be dispensed with, even at the risk of having to listen to a speech twice as long and ten times as tedious as the minutes themselves.

BECAUSE IT IS CHEAPER.—Gerdes contended last night that the council should accept Wm. Sweeney's proposition to serve as overseer of street cleaning, because he offered to work for a smaller salary than the present incumbent. Of course Gerdes' opinion was not influenced by his well known and bitter hostility to overseer Matthews, but was the result of his desire to economize. If some person should offer to attend to the duties of city surveyor or street superintendent for a trifle less than the present incumbents of those offices are paid, Gerdes would not allow his friendship for these gentlemen to stand in the way of their removal, and probably if some equally good man should offer to attend to Mr Gerdes's duties as councilman for something less than the magnificent salary he draws, he would feel it his duty to resign

MECHANICS' FAIR PREMIUMS.—The Mechanics' fair association have just issued pamphlets containing the rules and regulations, and the premium list for this year's fair. Heretofore, exhibitors have been unable to tell what sort of a premium they would receive in case they were successful, and at the end of every fair, there has always been a little dissatisfaction. Now an exhibitor knows what he is to compete for: a diploma, a silver medal, a grand silver medal, a gold medal, or a grand gold medal. More than 100 exhibitors have already engaged space, and there is no doubt that every inch of room will be taken. The railroads will make more than the customary reduction in fares, and a feature for interior points will be special fair days

THE FARMINGTON BRANCH.—Next Sunday, the 19th inst, the O. R. & N. Co. will open for traffic the branch from Colfax to Farmington. Trains will run daily, leaving Colfax at 2 15 P M, arriving at Farmington 5 10 P M, leave Farmington 7 30 A M, arrive at Colfax 9 45 A M. Freight rates from Portland are the same as from Portland to Moscow, namely First class, $2 12; second class, $1 91; third class, $1 66; fourth class, $1 [illegible]; class A, $1 25; B, 90c; C, 71c. The reshipped rate is $1 4[illegible]. There are two stations between Colfax and Farmington, viz. Elberton and Garfield, and both are prepay stations, there being no agents yet established

FIRST SNOW.—Among the visitors at the state board of immigration yesterday was a gentleman from Winnipeg, who came over the Canadian Pacific. He left home a week ago last Saturday, and when about half way between there and Port Moody, and before reaching the mountains proper, the travelers encountered quite a flurry of snow. It was not enough to build a snow bank and stop a train, but it was enough to chill a fellow, and make him think of what is going to happen along there when winter really begins. Our informant tells us that 10,000 men are busy snow shedding this line in the mountains, and that snow is plenty enough in the hills already

MUSIC FOR THE FAIR.—Mr M C Meyrelles, master of the Walla Walla band, writes to the superintendent of the Mechanics' fair that he will furnish in advance a programme for every night of the fair, to show that none of the numbers will be repeated. The thousands who heard the band here on the evening of July 3 last need not be told what kind of music to expect, and Mr Meyrelles states that his band is even better now than then. The band master need have no fear that Portlanders will object to hearing a good selection twice or three times. The chances are that every night he will have requests to repeat certain numbers.

MORE WORK THAN HE LOOKED FOR.—Many Portlanders will remember Ensign Hayden who lost a leg, and very nearly his life, by a fall in the Cascade mountains during the summer of 1883, while engaged in a government survey. He is still engaged in the United States geological survey office at Washington. Recently a sub-division was created for the systematic observation of earthquakes, and Mr Hayden placed in charge. He was figuring out how he could make a show of earning his salary when the shocks along the Atlantic coast occurred, and now he has his hands full

ANOTHER BIG SHIPMENT OF HORSES.—W. J. Hoxter and Albert Tozier of Washington county went to Luna, Klickitat county, W. T., last week to start overland in charge of Hoxter & Newell's third shipment of horses for eastern markets. The horses are being driven to Prosser, W. T., where they will be put on board the train, and will probably reach the track on Wednesday of this week, and will be shipped at once. There are about four hundred in the herd, and are the finest lot of horses that ever crossed the Columbia. They are valued at $30,000

GOT FOUR YEARS.—Night before last Dave Lavin, alias Dave O'Connor, was started for Fort Alcatraz by the steamer State of California, to serve a four years sentence for desertion. He was handcuffed between two other deserters, and a sufficient guard was provided. It will be rank injustice to society if Lavin is ever allowed to breathe free air again. He ought to have been hung for murdering a man at Victoria a few years ago. He is by nature a cowardly, murderous brute, and there is not in his character a single redeeming trait

WIFE RESIGNS, HUSBAND APPOINTED.—Yesterday the county court accepted the resignation of Mrs. Alice Clawson Greve as county superintendent of public schools. It was tendered because the incumbent could not fulfill the duties of the office, and those of teacher in the city schools, at the same time. Her husband, Mr H. Greve, was appointed to fill the vacancy

NEW CITIZENS.—August Wilson, a native of Norway and Sweden, declared his intention yesterday of becoming an American citizen. Samuel Stern and Henry Kerr, both former subjects of Germany, having taken out their first papers in 1880, were, by order of the county court, made citizens of this republic, the land of the free and home of the brave

HAS EVEN IN BUSINESS.—A farmer of Klickitat county, W. T., who [illegible] the O. R. & N. company recently [illegible] a carload of horses to San Francisco. His letter to the traffic manager began thus: "Dear sir: I take the liberty to write you a few lines hoping to find you in good health, as this leaves me, thanks be to God for all."

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.—The regular quarterly public examination of teachers will be held in the High school building of Portland on the last two Saturdays in September, beginning Saturday, September 18, at 8 o'clock. It is very desirous that all who expect to pass an examination before the last of December shall attend

READY IN TWO WEEKS.—The remodeled and elegantly furnished suit house of H. B. Litt will be ready about October 1. It is said by disinterested parties that for style, system and elegance it will be second to none in the United States

"PIE SOCIABLE."—A "piesociable" comes off at Hall street church Friday (to-morrow) evening. A good programme of music. An interesting time may be expected. Admission 25 cents

### THE WOOD PILE NUISANCE.

PORTLAND, Sept. 15.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

I have been a visitor in this city during the last few days and I take this method of expressing admiration for the city, its surroundings and beautiful prospects you have for a fine park, but I would suggest to the city authorities that they adopt some measures to have the wood-piles, so numerous in your streets, removed into back premises. These obstructions militate very much against the beauty of your streets. This suggestion is most respectfully made by a traveler.

H. H. CLUFF.

[Unfortunately, Portland can never be entirely rid of the cord-wood nuisance. Our blocks are only 200 feet square and we have no alleys. There is no means of getting fuel stored away in woodshed or basement except from the street. Just now most families are laying in the winter's supply of wood and the streets appear more littered than usual. Still the obstructions complained of by Mr. Cluff could be materially lessened if the police authorities were not too lenient. A city ordinance provides that "wood for fuel may be allowed to be piled and remain in the street in such manner as to cause the least obstruction to public travel, not to exceed fifteen hours for each cord thereof and not to exceed ten days in the aggregate." Because the police never warn them, households grow careless and it is not uncommon to see cords of green slab wood lying week after week to "season."

## THE COURTS.

### A Thief Convicted—Two Divorces Granted—Suit for Damages—A Case of Forgery and Obtaining Goods Under False Pretenses.

John Keller began suit in the state circuit court yesterday against Loth Bley to recover $2,061 29 for labor performed and merchandise delivered

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT

Angus Shaw vs. Salem Capitol mills; time to answer extended to October 7

S. M. Elliott vs. Salem Capitol mills; same order

Salem Capitol mills vs. Shiel; motion that defendant bring certain account books into court argued and submitted

STATE CIRCUIT COURT, DEPARTMENT NO. 1

John C Carson et al vs. school district No. [illegible]; motion to strike out parts of complaint, so much of the motion as relates to a majority vote authorizing the work done, overruled; that portion which relates to damages, allowed; third point overruled; four days allowed plaintiff to amend

Charles F Kellogg & Co vs. S W Sigler et al; demurrer to the complaint allowed; plaintiff granted four days to amend

Wing Sing Tong vs. Wah Hang Chung Co; motion to vacate writ of arrest denied

H H Hawley vs. F A Jordan; time for filing amended complaint extended until 20th

D. W. B Henarie vs. J W Nickum; judgment by default for $[illegible]7 [illegible]0 and costs

SUING FOR DAMAGES

The case of Fred Willer against the O. R. & N. company went to trial yesterday and occupied a good portion of the day. The court ruled that the plaintiff be allowed to proceed with trial without pre-payment of trial fee. Willer sues for $1100 damages, which he alleges he sustained by the company's building through his farm, and then not constructing roads so he could have access from one part of the farm to another. Hearing of testimony and arguments for the plaintiff ran till the hour of adjournment. The case will go to the jury to-day.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO. 2.

Mary G Clinton vs. Edward Clinton, decree of divorce

State of Oregon vs. M B Rankin; set for trial October 1.

A I Brundage vs. the Monumental Silver Mining company; parties defendant allowed until Monday next to answer before referee

Nellie M Mitchell vs. Peter Mitchell, decree of divorce

State of Oregon vs. William Bray; guilty as charged in indictment; three days allowed to move for new trial

Oregon Iron and Steel company vs. S. G. Reed et al, motion to strike out parts of complaint continued till to-morrow

COUNTY COURT.

In the matter of the petition of the Northern Pacific Terminal company for right to lay track in River street, Albina, and across the west bridge, upon condition that the terminal company make a good substantial board fence on both sides of the center bridge east of the bridge now traveled, well braced and put same in good condition and repair, and that the track be so laid as to conform to present grade of the slip. All said work to be done to the satisfaction of the supervisor

Ordered that supervisor of road district No. 3 repair bridge in Columbia bottom

The final account of Dr. A. L. Nicklin, administrator of the estate of Paul M Brennan was approved by the county court and the administrator discharged

JUSTICE COURTS

Justice Tuttle rendered a decision in the Ing [illegible] larceny case yesterday, holding the defendant to answer in the sum of $750. The prisoner put up this amount in cash and was allowed to go

The case of Joseph Knott vs. Frank A. Newton to replevin a gun in the latter's possession, was heard by Justice Tuttle and taken under advisement

FORGERY FOR A SMALL AMOUNT

Yesterday Justice Bushwiler bound Arthur Sutherland over to await the action of the grand jury on two charges. Obtaining goods under false pretenses and forgery. Bonds were fixed at $200 in each case. On Tuesday morning Sutherland, who has been keeping books for Papworth & Spaulding, butchers, corner Third and Ash, went into the store of the New York Jewelry company and presented an order signed by his late employers "Let bearer have a cheap watch and chain." He selected a silver ticker worth $10 and took his leave. At the time he was very much under the influence of liquor—his normal condition—and had no more desire for the watch than for a temperance lecturer. Sutherland was formerly an actor, and during John Maguire's management of the New Market, played several well known parts. Since then he has occasionally appeared when a man was needed badly to complete the cast

POLICE COURT

The case of J. C. Irvin, charged with cruelty to animals, was continued. Policeman Martin accuses Irvin of beating his horse with a shovel.

William Duggan, against whom a trifling charge of larceny was preferred, was discharged. The facts in the case are as follows: Young Duggan and a lot of other boys used the upper floor of a tumble-down building on the corner of D and Ninth streets, and occupied by one J. E. Walsh, complaining witness, as a play room. There Willie found a pair of small pincers, worth a dime, and an old umbrella, which he took with him when he left the rookery. The property belonged to a man named James Campbell, now east of the mountains. When the youngster reached home his mother questioned him as to how and where he became in possession of the things, and he told her. She took them to hold until Campbell's return. As the owner of the property was not present to prosecute, the case was dismissed. Willie is a bright looking boy, and he perhaps thoughtlessly took the trifles without thinking that any one cared for them, or that he was committing a crime

## MURDER OR SUICIDE?

### A Chinaman Found in the Joss House Dead from a Knife Wound

At 7 o'clock last night Coroner Delm[illegible] was notified by a Chinaman that one of his countrymen was dying in a back room of the joss house on Second street, between Washington and Alder street, in the building where the Free Masons' hall is located. When Coroner Delm[illegible] arrived on the scene he found the Chinaman lying on his back, with his face turned to the right, dead. His features were contracted, as if his last moments had been in great agony. A butcher knife with a keen blade, about nine inches long, was found near his right hand, dripping with blood, as if having dropped from his hand after he had fallen. On opening his shirt a deep, straight wound about an inch and a half long was found in his abdomen, two and a half inches above the navel, from which a crimson stream of blood was still oozing.

The celestial's name was Lung Suey. He was a small, thin man, perhaps 40 years old. His occupation was that of a keeper or attendant of the joss-house, in one of the back rooms of which he was found. The theory is that the man committed suicide, but there is so much mystery connected with all of such affairs in Chinatown that it is probable nothing more definite will be learned at the inquest to be held to-day. The man, if he stabbed himself, evidently did so while in an upright position and remained standing until, weak from loss of blood, he fell on his back in the position he was when found, for his trousers and underwear were saturated with blood in such a manner that he must have been standing for several seconds, the blood running as far down as his knees. The wound was straight up and down, the edge of the knife being at the bottom, and certainly looks more as if done by the man's own hand than by any one else. A man to deal a blow to cause another man such a wound must have been on his knees and driven the knife in straight from the shoulder. Yet it may have been a case of murder.

Lung Suey was a bookkeeper for the Joss House company. His friends say that Tuesday, in a fit of despondency over losses by gambling, he attempted to take his life by swallowing an overdose of opium, but failed. Their theory is that he held the knife against the table and threw himself against it.

CLOTHING SALESMAN.

Wanted—A first class, experienced man. None other need apply. Must be well acquainted in Oregon.
ARTHUR KOHN,
Corner Second and Morrison Streets.

Ijams' Suit House.

Choice line of well made suits modeled in latest designs. All wool suits, $12 50 to $40; silk do. $32 50 to $125. Dressmaking a specialty. D. W. Ijams, 76 Morrison, Portland.

## ASKING FOR AN ARMORY,

### The Militia of this County Present a Petition.

### They Pray the County Court for a Secure Place to Store Arms and Accoutrements—Reasons Therefor.

Every one who knows anything about militia knows that when there are several companies in a city an armory, in case of active duty, is a necessity. The militia of Multnomah county are of this opinion, and they have asked the county court to provide such a building. They present their reasons for the request, and offer figures to show that the erection of an armory will be "money in the county's pocket." Following is the petition filed yesterday

PORTLAND, Sept [illegible]

To the Honorable the County Court of Multnomah county, Oregon: The undersigned, committee in behalf of the militia of Multnomah county, Oregon, respectfully petition your honorable body to provide a proper and [illegible] armory for the use of the above said militia.

We would call your attention to the fact that there are within this county five companies of infantry and one battery of light artillery with a battalion organization occupying different armories and in many instances widely separated from each other. Some of the companies are in the third stories of buildings communicating with the street only by long and narrow staircases, which could be easily held by a few determined men. [illegible] the companies kept away from their arms [illegible] could be easily forced and the arms taken possession of by the rioters. In case of fire it would be very difficult to rescue the arms and equipments in armories so situated.

The companies draw a monthly sum of $[illegible] from the county treasury aggregating $[illegible] a year, which capitalized at [illegible] per cent per annum represents an investment of $[illegible]. In case of the formation of other companies, which the natural growth of our population will inevitably bring about, each one will add $[illegible] per year to the drain upon the treasury, or represent an additional capital of $10,000. We think we are safe in assuming that if a piece of ground can be bought and a building put up of a size sufficient to accommodate the companies for a sum not exceeding $[illegible], that [illegible] per cent per annum would represent a total yearly interest charge of $[illegible] or a saving to the county under the present arrangement of $[illegible] per annum. Should the number of companies run up to ten they could be accommodated without any further outlay and the saving to the county would then be on the same basis $[illegible] per annum.

Another advantage to the county would be the increase in the value of the property, as the city grows, which would act in the nature of a sinking fund, which would more than offset the cost of maintenance of the building. The armory would at all times furnish a secure repository for the arms and accoutrements for which the county is responsible to the state, and the building would need so little woodwork as to be practically fire proof, thus reducing the fire risk to a minimum.

In case of riot this armory could be more easily defended than isolated armories in inaccessible buildings. We firmly believe that the facts above set forth together with the importance of the property interests at stake here in case of any outbreak would amply justification for the expenditure, and your petitioners will ever pray

CHAS. F. BEEBE
WM. M. LADD
JOHN C. LEWIS
W. B. AYER
H. J. CORBETT
F. K. STRONG
F. K. ARNOLD
Committee.

### LIKE AN ACT IN A FRENCH PLAY

A Woman Turns State's Evidence against a Companion in Crime and Secures his Conviction

In the state circuit court, department No. 2, Wm. Bray, alias George Brown, was tried yesterday for being an accomplice of Helen McGregor in robbing J. C. Donnelly, of San Francisco, of the sum of $240. The jury after being out only a few minutes, returned a verdict of guilty

It seems that Donnelly met Helen McGregor at Port Townsend and volunteered to pay her expenses to San Francisco, whither he was going

On their arrival here they registered at the Merchants hotel, where Bray, who came on the same steamer, also put up. Donnelly recognized Bray, who had been pointed out to him by the steward of the steamer, as much interested in his companion

The testimony of Miss McGregor, who turned state's evidence, reads like an act from a sensational French play

She testified that she had known the defendant [illegible] three years, and on the day following their [illegible] here he approached her with the proposition to rob Donnelly. She made him swear that he would not tempt her again, and that he would not undertake to despoil her protector, but when night came he compelled her to commit the crime. While Donnelly was asleep and Bray secreted under a sofa, she abstracted $240 which he had placed under his pillow, and giving Bray the money, both fled

Helen took the money against her inclination, but was afraid to awaken Donnelly, as both men were armed and she feared a shooting affray. This is the substance of the testimony advanced. Bray appears to sway powerful influence over Helen, but what it is neither he nor she will divulge. Notwithstanding her airy, fairy trip and swing as she entered the court room yesterday neatly attired, with a small corsage bouquet, she shuddered slightly when she gazed at the old offender, who seems to have nothing to recommend him to the graces of any kind of woman

### PERSONAL

Mrs. C. A. Dolph returned last night by the Oregon from a summer's visit in California.

L. I. Williams lately appointed U. S. Commissioner of Alaska, is stopping at the Merchant.

T. Nicolai, proprietor of the Merchant hotel has returned from a trip to Alaska. He reports a pleasant trip and improved health

Capt Morgan, company F, O. S. M., leaves for The Dalles this afternoon. The company, as well as the battalion, lose an able and efficient officer

Mr C. M. Bradshaw, republican candidate for delegate in congress for Washington territory passed through Portland yesterday on his way to Eastern Washington. He is on his canvassing tour

### FINE CROP OF COUGARS

MISC., Chehalis Co., W. T., Sept. 1
TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

Mr Joseph Carstairs and Henry Martin have killed eight cougars in about six weeks. No. 1, weight 100 pounds, length 7 feet 1 inches. No. 2, weight 80 pounds, length 6 feet 4 inches. No. 3, weight 55 pounds, length 5 feet 7 inches. No. 4, weight 85 pounds, length 6 feet 7 inches. No. 5, weight 81 pounds, length 6 feet 7 inches. No. 6, weight 70 pounds, length 6 feet. No. 7, weight [illegible] pounds, length 5 feet [illegible] inches. No. 8, weight 50 pounds, length 5 feet 9 inches

[This is by all odds the largest catch of the season thus far reported. Chehalis bears the reputation of being the best agricultural county west of the Cascades, and this report will stamp it a sportsman's paradise. Can any county in the territory beat Chehalis on the cougar crop?]

J. SELLING & CO.
Corner of First and Taylor Sts.

[illegible]
Superior to All!

Our goods are manufactured in New York, and are equal to Custom-made Garments. The lining and trimming of a cheap Suit are as good as a fine Dress Suit. We have for inspection on our counters a line of CLOTHING TO SUIT ALL CLASSES. We mark our goods in plain figures, and sell cheaper than any other house in town.

We Quote a Few Prices:

| | |
|---|---|
| A good Business Suit, well made and stylish cut | $6 50 |
| A Cass Sack Suit, in 3 different colors | 8 50 |
| A fine Cassimere Suit in broken check | 9 75 |
| Our line of Overcoats is complete and consist of every grade and quality, from | $8 00 to $30 00 |
| Blue Beaver Suits, fast colors | 16 50 |
| A handsome line of all wool Cass Suits | 10 00 |
| All wool blue Diagonal Suits, in sack and 4 button cutaway | 12 50 |
| Oxford mixed Cass Suits | 16 00 |
| A fine line of imported worsted, in black, blue and brown, in sack and 1 and 3 button cut away, from | 18 50 to 22 00 |

We carry a full line of Young Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing. Examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, and you will save money.

J. SELLING & CO.,
Southwest Corner of First and Taylor Sts.

[illegible]

Avail yourself of the opportunity to visit "The Lace House." Their stock is complete in every line, and the bargains are going fast.

We have placed on our counters for To-Day:

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 doz Long Lawn Aprons, worth [illegible], for | 10 |
| [illegible] doz Chemise, worth 35c, for | 1[illegible] |
| [illegible] doz Chemise, worth 75c, for | [illegible] |
| [illegible] doz Chemise, worth $1, for | 7[illegible] |
| 15 doz Skirts, worth 75c, for | 40 |
| 10 doz Skirts, worth 80c, for | 50 |
| 1[illegible] doz Skirts, trimmed in embroidery, worth $1, for | 7[illegible] |
| 1[illegible] doz Skirts, trimmed in embroidery, worth $1 [illegible], for | $1 10 |
| 25 doz Skirts, trimmed in embroidery, worth $2, for | 1 [illegible] |
| [illegible] doz Drawers, worth [illegible], for | 15 |
| [illegible] doz Drawers, worth 60, for | [illegible] |
| [illegible] doz Drawers, worth [illegible], for | [illegible] |
| Nightgowns from [illegible] to [illegible] apiece | |

We have just opened 1000 pieces Linen Lace, our own importation, which we shall sell at half their actual value.

[illegible]
33 WASHINGTON, and
110 SECOND STREET.

[illegible]
Wraps
Jackets
Dress Fabrics
Gloves
Ribbons
John Cran & Co

New To-Day.

—GRAND—
MILLINERY OPENING!
BEGINS
THURSDAY, SEPT. 16th.

Mellis & Co.,
67 Morrison St.

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149 First St., Portland, Or.

IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER, WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, etc. Watch repairing, and Jewelry of all kinds manufactured to order. Country promptly attended to. Goods expressed on application. Sole agency for Rockford Watches.

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The Leading Jeweler,
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EYE GLASSES
SPECTACLES
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IF YOU ARE SHORT OF MONEY
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DR. NEWCASTLE DENTIST—EAST-ern [illegible] 1st st

KOHN,
THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER
Cor. Second and Morrison Streets.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET

We Are Ready
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"The Best in the Market!"

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| 25 [illegible] | 1 25 |
| 30 [illegible] | 1 50 |

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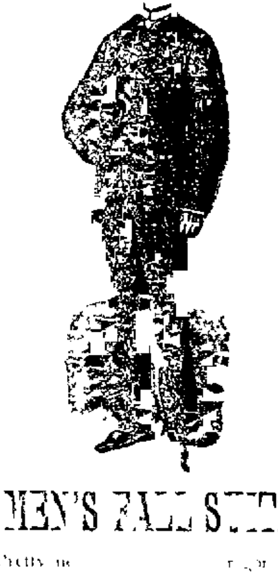
ARTHUR KOHN,
"The Clothier and Hatter,"
PORTLAND OREGON



MEN'S FALL SUITS.

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Leading House!

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OUR PRICES

[illegible] where to find HONEST CLOTHING at [illegible]

Boy's Suits,
School Suits,
Youth's Suits.

[illegible] years to 17 years at prices to suit every one

RUBBER COATS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 200 Boys' Rubber Coats, a bargain, each | $1 50 |
| 100 Men's Reversible Rubber Coats, each | 2 50 |
| 200 Fine Rubber Coats—Men's New Style—each | 4 00 |

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HATS AND CAPS.

The Latest New York Styles. Every Hat pressed FREE OF CHARGE before leaving store, and fitted to the head

Illustrated Catalogue mailed FREE to any address.

KOHN THE CLOTHIER AND HATTER
COR. 2d & MORRISON STS.

[illegible]

S. W. Cor. Third & Morrison.

Special and Peremptory Sale

Owing to the immense success of trade during our great
REDUCTION SALE

We have not had time to pay attention to any particular departments or

SPECIAL BARGAINS,
For the
Grand Slaughter
Has been carried through each and every department.
We have opened this week
25 Cases New Goods,
COMPRISING
DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKS,
VELVETS,
SILKS, Etc.,
Which will positively be sacrificed during the remaining days of the sale

[illegible]

L. B. STEINBACH & CO.,
(The Clothiers and Hatters.)
THE OLD AND POPULAR STAND'
CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

Invite the public to call and look over our
NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

We try in a general way to tell you of our
SPLENDID BARGAINS!

But to appreciate them you must see them. We are not endeavoring to pose as a charitable institution, conducted solely for the good of our Patrons. On the contrary, we are here to make money. We sell goods for profit, and we want to close the year with a good balance on the right side of the ledger, but this makes us the more anxious to serve your interests, for we realize that unless a kindly feeling towards us exists among you—unless you feel that it PAYS to buy of us—unless you believe us fair and honorable—then we cannot enjoy your patronage and without your patronage we cannot succeed. It is OUR interest to look well to YOUR interest. We value your trade highly, and we want it not one purchase, but many, all through the year. Therefore we will do our utmost to please you, and thus enjoy your continued patronage

We have the Largest and Best Assortment
—OF—
SUITS, OVERCOATS, HATS,
FURNISHING GOODS, Etc.,
In the market, and our prices will be found the most reasonable

☞ The Samples for our Country Order Department are now complete, and we will forward Free to any address a full line of samples, with plain rules for self-measurement. Please state whether Sack or Frock Coat is desired.

[illegible]
CLOTHIERS & HATTERS
COR. FIRST & MORRISON STS.

W. H. WISE[illegible],
Prescription Druggist.
A FULL LINE OF
Trusses, Supporters, Bandages,
Shoulder-Braces & Sundries.
WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF
FINE PERFUMES,
SOAPS
And Toilet Articles.
Orders from the Country will receive Prompt Attention.
Corner First and Stark sts., Portland, Or

DR. VANMONCISCAR,
Nos. 132, 134 Third St.
Portland, Or
The Oldest and Most Successful Physician on the Coast.
25 Years' Experience.

Don't fail to consult him on all
PRIVATE DISEASES
such as
YOUNG MEN,
Middle aged and old, single or married, and all who suffer with
LOST MANHOOD,
Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhea, Seminal Losses, Sexual Decay, Failing Memory, Weak Eyes, Stunted Development, Lack of Energy, Impoverished Blood, Pimples, Impediment to Marriage, also Blood and Skin Diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Incontinence, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture—receives searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

All interviews and letters are sacredly confidential. Medicines packed so as not to excite curiosity and sent by express if full description of case is given, but one personal interview in all cases preferred. Patients treated by case or monthly. Call early and avoid crowding. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M., Sundays, 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Nos. 132, 134 Third street, Portland, Oregon.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, 159 First st.

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## CHURNING SONG

To and fro, to and fro, slowly swings the churn,
To and fro, to and fro, crimson roses burn,
Drowsy scarlet poppies sway
Where the morning breezes play
To and fro, to and fro, waves the nodding fern,
O'er the clover, far away,
Laden bees, and perfumes stray,
Mingled with the catbird's lay —
To and fro, to and fro,
In the sunny glow

Rocks a cradle to and fro (while the churn I swing )
In the maple, rocking slow, children of a king
Monarchs of this castle fair,
Horsehair builded, hung in air
Golden robins, to and fro, flash on vivid wing
From the nest the young birds call,
Oak leaf shadows, soft and small,
Like the moments footsteps fall —
To and fro, to and fro,
Swift they come and go
—*Lillian M Thompson, in Good Housekeeping*

# A WOMAN IN THE CASE.

BY JAMES FRANKLIN FITTS

[Written for the Oregonian ]

The two people whom this incident chiefly concerned were husband and wife. They had sustained that interesting relation more than six years, and as two children had been born with them, and as they appeared affectionate and contented, the Winsteads were reputed a decidedly domestic success That they were successful in the other directions that make life tolerable was perfectly manifest Perry Winstead at the time of his marriage, was forty years old and had resided several years in the large prosperous village where we find them dwelling

He had lived there long enough to put the stamp of his business ability and energy upon the place and to be ranked as its foremost man His hand and means were in every important enterprise He was director of the bank, president of a company that was widening and straightening the creek for utilization of an immense water power, a deacon of the church, one of the school board and—this will be a fair indication of his standing and wealth he *looked* all that he was blonde bald-headed, blue eyed, and therefore handsome with regular features full beard a mouth that indicated firmness, was this the man to weaken or hesitate upon an important crisis? Nobody would have said so yet there came a time in his career when he was indebted to the decision and cool judgment of his wife for an escape from large pecuniary loss and years of mental torment

The story is therefore of one woman's unheralded glory, and if it brings out some other traits of their character, they will probably be recognized as not uncommon in the sex What did she look like? I am told that she was small and dark with a keen black eye merry musical and nervous, adoring her husband, and of precisely the temperament to be insanely jealous, should he give her cause These are feeble touches, but they must be accepted in lack of photographs.

On the evening that Mr Winstead attended the public meeting of the board of directors, to consider the proposition to add another million to the capital stock of the Creek company, he had taken tea alone The children were put to bed early and Mrs W sent down word that she had a severe headache After his lonely meal, Mr Winstead went up stairs and rapped at her chamber door but there was no response, so he had concluded that she was asleep

Somewhat discomposed by an incident which, small as it was had never occurred before, he went to the meeting The room was filled, for the project was one that excited general interest He took the chair, called the meeting to order and began to state, in a lucid and forcible way the objects of the meeting As he resumed his seat somebody put a scrap of paper in his hand He was seen to flush and pale as he read it and appeared profoundly agitated. He beckoned the vice-president and whispered a request to him to take the chair, as important affairs called him elsewhere When he had left the room somebody picked up the crumpled paper from the floor where he had thrown it Curiosity was of course excited, and several craned their necks over to read the message It was penned or penciled rather, in the most delicate of female chirography, and ran thus

"I am at your house now Come—right away! It will be worse for you if you don't "

At his house the servant met Mr Winstead in the hall, and informed him that the visitor had insisted on waiting for him and was in the library The master of the house hesitated a moment then opened the door and entered A man sat lazily back in his easy-chair puffing a cigar -one of Mr W's best

"You'd better shut the door Perry, he said, in a squeaking falsetto voice

Mr Winstead did so The man was a gross, fat creature of fifty years red faced thick-lipped and pig headed There was not a redeeming feature about his personal appearance, save his hands which were small and white He was dressed in a great check suit of loudest pattern, and with a profusion of flashy jewelry

Mr Winstead stood before this apparition motionless and speechless

"Well, Perry how de do?' came the high pitched, feminine voice again Rather slow seems to me, you re gettin' when an old friend calls—and a little slack in your correspondence sor"

'Fellow, what do you want?' Winstead thundered

The man eyed him with perfect nonchalance, rose from his seat came close to him, and blowing a cloud of smoke almost in his face squeaked out

'Now then, old pard the sooner you get down off that high hoss the better for you One thousand dollars to night will suit me "

Mr Winstead groaned

"Oh yes I suppose it hurts but you ve got to come to it '

"I have supported you in luxury for twenty years,' said the victim The money I have given you would make a small fortune When is this to end?"

"When I quit livin not before '

"I won't pay you another cent' said Winstead, desperately I ll be robbed no longer "

'All right my old pard and the man reached for his hat If my silence [illegible] worth money no longer why here sh[illegible] You ll find the town full of it in the morning Good story now- ain t it Perry? Great Scott! how these folks will open their eyes when I tell 'em! Good night '

'No -don t go' Winstead cried I ll give you the money this time if——

The library door suddenly opened and Mrs Winstead walked in If women's eyes ever snap hers did at that moment She went straight to her husband and put her hand on his shoulder

"Perry she asked who is this man?"

'A scoundrel who can ruin me was the reply

'My husband what has [illegible]

She looked him straight in the eye [illegible] turned from her in silence

Her face was terrible with anger [illegible] looked toward the visitor

'I ll tell you ma am if he won t the man said 'you might as well know it since's he s getting fractious and perhaps you can bring him to reason You see——

"For God s sake—' Winstead began but an imperious gesture from his wife closed his mouth, and the man continued

"You've heard of Weathersfield State Prison, ma'am? Well that there gent your husband, spent two years there some twenty six years ago I was in too but that's no matterr he's got a name to take care of, and I haven't He was clerk and I was porter in a store and we robbed the place Sence we got out I've been livin' on him, yes, an' I mean to' If his good name's worth anything to him, he's got to pay me for not blowin'. That's all ma'am Now, you show your sense by advisin' him to hand me over a cool thousand, right now!"

Mrs. Winstead turned to her husband. Could he believe his eyes? Her face was almost radiant, every cloud had disappeared.

"You might have confided this to me, Perry," she said, softly

'I did not dare to tell any one," he whispered "It nearly killed me "

'Poor, dear Perry!—I believe you And you have been so weak as to let this scoundrel pluck you! Has he told the whole of it?'

"Yes—only that I was younger than he, and he persuaded me It happened, just as he says, when I was less than twenty "

'And this secret is his only hold on you—on your honor?'

'On my honor Myra—it is all "

She turned to the blackmailer, and he must have noticed a glitter in her eye

"So I suppose you are the person who writes these impudent notes to my husband, demanding money?' She thrust her hand into the pocket of her dress and held up half a dozen all penned in the same feminine hand as that which Mr Winstead had received at the meeting

To be sure I wrote em

All of them? With your own hand?

Certainly, ' chuckled the man [illegible] delicate penmanship is one of my various accomplishments ma am

Well sir spoke up the lady and her voice snapped like a whip 'I believe I know how to deal with such people as you, if my husband don t Leave this house this instant and if you are found in the village to morrow you will be arrested for attempting to blackmail

Winstead stared at his wife with an amazement and admiration such as no words could have expressed The visitor jumped up red with wrath and began a furious tirade literally mixed with profanity

You don t shake me off that way' I ll denounce him to the bank—to the trustees, —to the church' I ll show——

He stopped as he observed Mrs Winstead ring the bell

What s that for? he asked

I m going to send for a policeman the lady quietly observed

With a parting volley of great oaths the man departed and he has not since been seen in the village Enough of his mission had leaked out to furnish the traditional nine days gossip and then the whole matter was forgotten Two or three more of his letters reached the Winsteads from distant places after which they had absolute peace from his annoyances

When he had gone Mrs Winstead came and put her arms about her husband's neck

I know you ll forgive me, Perry ' she said

You, Myra? What for? It is I who have been an idiot "

You haven t acted much like a man to be sure but then I am a great deal worse '

What do you mean?

You men are so thick headed' Well if I must tell you—when I found these letters in your waste basket, written in *such* a hand- I thought—I was afraid—that there was a woman' in the case "

## THE SIXTH SENSE

### What Ladies Desire in the Line of Esthetic Perfumery

Detroit Tribune

'Blue Bells of Scotland is just now a popular perfume," said Fred Wilson a young Woodward avenue druggist at least with the belles in this part of the city It has a pretty name and it is wonderful how women catch on to a high sounding name The odor is very much like violets, but that makes little difference—it is the name that pleases "

I thought it was the odor that attracted one '

Oh! dear no Few ladies know how to buy perfume They draw the stopper smell and that settles it They should wave it gently in the air allowing the spirits to somewhat evaporate and then they can tell the true odor Anything new?' is their usual question and it is safe to show any perfume as new except Rose and Jockey Club Everybody knows these two scents as if by instinct They are as standard in a line of perfumes as is quinine or blue mass in drugs

'What do you usually recommend?"

One takes seldom what is recommended —that is a woman seldom does a man does three out of four times but everything has to be pulled out for the ladies, and they finally settle on what pleases them

The question of scent is only a matter of style anyway A lady meets some one who is using a perfume It strikes the fancy and it becomes popular at once Some few years ago what men called heavy odors such as musk, frangipanni and geranium were used, the more powerful the more [illegible] but with the esthetic period more delicate languishing perfumes such as violet sweet pea and heliotrope have been used by leaders of fashion The next age may bring lavender or catnip into popular use and it is surprising how quickly a hint of fashion will open the eyes of society to the rare qualities or beauties of what has before been looked upon as common or vulgar

How is it about individual preferences?'

'Do you mean using only one odor? Many ladies use but one, having their cards note paper handkerchiefs and in fact everything of a personal nature delicately scented—very delicately of course No lady of refinement uses perfume to excess A delicate suggestion of an odor is a pretty way of individualizing one, provided too many do not use the same perfume

I often hear young ladies talk of mixing their perfumes, and so producing a new and distinct scent and one—a west end lady—brings in a formula which includes nearly a dozen different odoriferous compounds some of which are bruised in a mortar and then made into an extract and the whole are mixed together You would smile if I gave you the names of some of the ingredients, but she always enjoins strict secrecy "

And no one odor is distinct enough to betray its use '

That is it a kind of potpourri There must be something individual about it however for I am often asked for the kind of perfume which this lady uses and it is not unfrequently that some one comes in and after sniffing the air asks if she has been in

Then there are other ladies who are individual in their orders Yesterday two young ladies came in and almost immediately one said to the other 'O Julia has been here ' I do not see her replied her friend 'No the[illegible] I but by the sixth sense I know she has been here I smell the wafture of her perfume '

### A Newspaper Man as a Miner

Some years ago while employed on a newspaper at Nevada City, Ed Dement found a quartz ledge He made several attempts to develop it but his funds were insufficient With that vim which characterizes a lively newspaper man he sought other means of working the property which the Grass Valley *Tidings* describes below Recently Mr Dement has succeeded in forming a company of printers, who have already made arrangements to prosecute the work in an efficient manner The plan of the organization is as follows Each purchaser of stock agrees to pay a monthly assessment of $5 per share so long as necessary to carry on the work The stock has nearly all been sold and the financial condition of the company is solid for six months with at least The plan is to start a tunnel at the South Yuba where the contact line between the slate and the granite formation crosses the river and follows the course of the ledge until the pay chute is reached Mr McDowell the owner of the Eureka mine has been appointed superintendent, and he is making preparations for commencing work immediately We know every foot of that country we have studied it and prospected it thoroughly and we have no hesitation in saying that if this scheme shall be carried out it will prove to be one of the most important enterprises ever started in the district If the proposed tunnel shall be started low enough it will drain to a depth of 1200 or 1500 feet all the mines in that section. We think the project both practicable and sensible.

The distinguishing feature of REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE is its power to reduce Inflammation.

## THE BELLE'S LIFE AT SARATOGA.

### One of the Fashionable Young Ladies Tells of Her Daily Life

Boston Herald

I asked a beautiful young lady from Albany who was flirting with three handsome fellows on the balcony of the states, what she did in Saratoga, writes Eli Perkins, in the Albany *Journal* "Do you mean everything I do?" 'Yes I want to know the daily ritual of all young ladies "

Well, we get up at 8, put on our nun's veiling on batiste dresses and clip hats and meet Fred or Gus on the front balcony for a walk to the spring At the spring we meet the girls and fellows from the other hotels and we all drink the water and talk sensible ' 'What do you talk about?' 'Oh, we girls talk about dresses and tell each other what the fellows said the night before You know, on these dark balconies the fellows do say lots of sweet things and some very sensible things, too Now, last night Albert McCormick and I had a regular philosophical discussion He held the umbrella to keep off mamma s eyes and the electric light Then we talked about the human soul—how destiny sometimes bound two souls together by an invisible chain Then we considered the mission of man and woman upon the earth—how they ought to comfort each other in sickness and in health Then Albert quite startled me by asking me if I really ever cared for any one And when I said Yes for papa and mamma he laughed and said he didn't mean them and then I felt quite hurt and the tears came to my eye, for I do love mamma, even if

Well what do you do after drinking the water?' I interrupted in my business like way

Why we all go to breakfast Then after breakfast it's 10 o clock you know and we all sit on the balconies and hear the music and read the newspapers Sometimes the flirting fellows try to hold our hands under the newspapers Now, yesterday morning Albert tried to do so I felt his moustache almost touching me as he whispered such nice words in my ear He told me how he had longed for an opportunity to speak to me alone Then I was very happy, for I knew he was going to say something very nice indeed, and—"

And after the balcony discussion what next?'

'Oh, then we dress and primp up for dinner And after dinner (it is 5 o clock now, you know) we all go to drive We drive to Moon's Lake and take a lemonade over to the Geyser for a glass of vichy, and up to Woodlawn among the cottages Mother she scolds us about being so worldly, and rumpling so many white dresses where it costs $15 to wash them and we girls look out sharp for the fellows in their dog carts and tandems Albert took me out in his trap yesterday Such lovely horses, and Albert, wasn't he lovely, too! We drove over on the old road where nobody ever drives Then we came back to Lake Lonely —just Albert and I, you know, and the stupid tiger behind—and Albert, he never talked so sensibly He took my hand and said 'Every father ought to give his daughter $100 000 on her marriage day, and I said 'it would be real nice if they would do it—and I knew father would" and then Albert sighed and his lips came——'

'And what do you do in the evening?'

"Well we just dance Mother buys the ball tickets and takes us in you know, and sits and holds our things and talks scandal with the other mothers Then the fellows, all dressed very lovely join us and we slide off into a waltz We dress nice, too How do you like this dress? Connelly s cut decolette, cost $250 I ve brought out ten new ones this summer and six more to come Well as I was saying, the fellows join us and we dance and dance, and dance And when we get tired and hot we promenade out on the dark balcony in the wind Last night Albert held me so tight in the waltz that I almost fainted When he took me out on the balcony to cool off, my face was so red Albert said it was because my dress was so tight I guess Albert did it Then he commenced one of his sensible talks about brides having dots I agreed with him and told him I was to have $200 000 and then he put his arm around me I felt his hot cheek against mine——"

Then after the ball, you all retire don't you?'

Not much We girls go up to Sallie Smith's room and talk it all over The fellows they are going down to the [illegible] room but their [illegible] very blunt father is and he says the profligate dudes go down to the club house drink champagne and play on the green Playing on the green must be very innocent but drinking wine is awful I know Albert don't drink Why last night he ate cardemon seeds all the evening and said he ate them so that he'd have no desire to drink Oh Albert is so good and true' and he says if finances are all right that he will be married in the—'

But I must go now " I interrupted and then I went to my room and wrote down just what this sweet fashionable girl said

### At a Great French Watering Place

Aix les Bains, the French watering place is full of titled personages now among them the Princess Louise of England 'Walsingham " writing from that place to the Boston *Herald* says this year the Marquis of Lorne does not accompany the princess There is it seems a sort of tacit understanding that they shall see as little of each other as possible, and it is not indispensable to the happiness of either that they shall pass their time together The princess accepts the situation gayly and the marquis finds consolation in politics and literature for any want of domestic felicity After all they are by no means singular Many—most in fact—of the titled ladies now at Aix are emancipated The duke goes his way the duchess hers my lord is heaven knows where--yachting in the north or shooting in Scotland—my lady passes by with a train of cavaliers As for our fair countrywomen who travel in Europe they are frequently obliged to dispense with the society of their husbands for the best reason in the world—business Jack is chained down to Wall street Harry cannot leave Chicago even for six weeks When do you expect Mr Jones over?" one asks Mrs Jones 'Poor dear old fellow' He has to work like a horse ' And Mrs Jones gazes pensively over the shimmering lake then down at her French slipper 'But I hope if all goes well he may be able to meet me in London next July '

### A French Professional Bully

London Life

The most terrible man on the boulevard has passed obscurely away You could not jostle against him without having his card thrust into your hand and a meeting' arranged for the next morning This celebrity for such he was during a score of years or more died a few days ago in a miserable lodging, which was his last refuge after a life of innumerable duels A good fellow at heart, he was always ready to pick a quarrel You could not refuse him a loan of twenty francs—and the request was not an unusual one without his beginning to roll his eyes and seeming to clutch at an imaginary sword He was the terror of convivial parties at our supper houses and was often to be seen in the small hours watching the exit of gamblers from those fashionable hells which Parisians call clubs Hubert had solved the difficult problem of living in Paris on nothing a year He was a sponger of a really original type The young man from the country who allowed himself to be deceived by his title found him jovial and good natured at first, and then made acquaintance with his anger and efforts at intimidation To all outward appearance he then 'slept on brambles till he killed his man ' He had reduced sponging to a system, the last point of which was invariably a challenge He fenced no better than most men, but he had a theory that a hostile meeting only comes off once out of five quarrels, and none of his duels terminated, it should be added, fatally. The number of seconds that he used up during his bellicose career was incredible When you saw him seated alone at a table in a cafe between 3 and 6 in the evening, and asked him what he was doing the invariable reply was, 'J'attends mes temoins ' He was to cross swords next morning he expected, sometimes because some one had looked askance at him sometimes because a 'lad ' had jostled him in the street but generally because a "friend ' had declined to lend him 20 francs! But he was always on the lookout for seconds I have been told his consumption of temoins amounted to seventy or eighty a year When he felt his last hours approaching he sent for a priest, like a faithful Legitimist as he boasted himself to be The clergyman made some observations on his past life which did not please him and was still on the stairs when Hubert said to the servant 'Note down the address of that ecclesiastic He has spoken in a tone which offends me, and if I recover I shall send my seconds to him ' But he died and his rosy face and burly figure will be missed for a few weeks on the boulevard until they pass out of memory Parisians forget quickly and are as quickly forgotten

## A BRIGAND AT SHORT RANGE

### The Kind Who Had Killed 'Thirteen Men and Three Russians '

Batoum Correspondence of the London News

On my visit in 188[illegible] an incident took place which will show how law and order go on while the Turk sits gurgling the smoke through his water pipe On the beach I came across a fellow in a picturesque costume and with one of the most fiendish faces it has ever been my chance to gaze upon It was Mephistopheles but then Mephistopheles was a gentleman and there was nothing of that kind in this case Pure malignity could be traced in every line of the visage I had before me Being alone and not knowing a word of the language I made signs to him that I wanted to sketch and he like most Easterners I have met had no objections and willingly stood for me To be made into a picture seems to touch whatever vanity there may be and this brute had a touch of that in him While the sketching was going on our interpreter came ashore with some others of our party and at my request inquiries were begun as to who my model knight might be He stated that he was a Kurd and had come down from the mountains about some business He cracked picked and ate walnuts while the sketching and questioning went on He had a small gun which rested on his arm Talking to him about it the interpreter chanced to ask why he had not a sword or a dagger to which he replied that he did not require them, it was not his way of doing things 'What things?" was the natural inquiry 'Of killing people ' 'Oh you kill people do you?" "Yes " 'How do you kill them?' "I stand concealed behind a rock on the road and wait till travelers come up, and when they are close I shoot them " "What for do you shoot them?' 'To get whatever they have upon them " 'Then you rob all that you kill?' "Yes " "How many have you killed in your time?' 'Thirteen men and three Russians " Why he placed the Russians in a different classification was unfortunately not cleared up I regretted afterward that this point was left so but at the moment such a trifle did not seem of any importance in comparison to the astounding disclosures this piece of humanity was making All the time there was a well pleased simper on his face while he nibbled away at the walnuts The simper, I supposed, resulted from the satisfaction he felt that his picture was being made 'Where are you going when you leave Batoum?' 'When my business is finished I will return to the mountains again ' What will you do there?' 'O please God I hope to shoot the first traveler I see and take whatever he has got "

## THE CANADIAN PACIFIC TERMINUS.

PORT MOODY, B C, Sept. 9

Leamy & Co, the contractors for the New Westminster branch and several other important works, have been awarded the contract for rebuilding the large railway wharf here with iron piles The work is to be completed this fall.

The British ship Flora P Stafford has finished discharging her cargo of tea. She expects a Portland charter Two more barks are on the way to this port with tea, one, the Zoroya, being now due, thirty eight days from Yokohama. The Canadian Pacific company handle this tea for 1½ cents per pound from Yokohama to the Atlantic coast, which rate probably accounts for the amount they are handling

The Queen of the Pacific yesterday brought 150 tons of salmon and canned goods for transportation to Chicago and Minneapolis via the Canadian Pacific railway The San Francisco steamers now make regular calls here

The flagship Triumph, which has been here a week and has returned to Esquimalt, will start on a South American cruise next month Admiral Seymour and party got four mountain goats at the head of the north arm while here

Editor Logan sailed for San Francisco last week, en route to New Mexico

The private car of photographer Buell and wife left yesterday on the Atlantic express Mr Buell has spent two years taking photographic views along the C P R R, and has a fine collection

Arrangements are being made for starting a brewery here

The infant daughter of Mr and Mrs. Henry Mutrie died yesterday

Mrs. E R Perry of Port Moody, was the first lady to go by rail from Port Moody to New Westminster over the new branch

The Pioneer Lumber Co's (limited) mill is running day and night

## THE BLACKLEG AMONG CATTLE

GENESEE, Idaho, Sept. 12

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

The cattle disease, properly called "blackleg, ' has again this season shown itself here and there in more or less isolated cases It is the dread of every owner of cattle, and nearly all the old settlers here suffered from its ravages when it some years ago prevailed here as an epidemic Yet not one of them, even of the most intelligent, have I found who had any definite idea either of the real nature of the disease nor whether it is contagious, or whether the epidemic occurrence springs from a similarity of causes. They all have some remedy, of course, but admit that it was not very effectual

Now as the political, commercial and industrial affairs are so very quiet, and topics of great public interest do not crowd on your space, I would suggest that for the benefit of a very large class of your readers you devote part of the space in THE OREGONIAN to a sort of an essay upon the subject of "blackleg I am sure it would be read with as much interest as almost anything else found in your columns

W

[As the columns of THE OREGONIAN are always open for matters of public interest, it will gladly print any communication which will throw light on the subject ]

## LA GRANDE NOTES

LA GRANDE, Sept 13

Extensive preparations are being made to make our approaching county fair a grand success, and many noted horses are in training for the races, which is one of the leading features of the occasion

The wife of Joseph Palmer died on Sunday evening the 12th inst. She had been an invalid for many years She was possessed of many amiable qualities, and will be mourned by a large circle of relatives and friends.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Blue Mountain university, held here on the 10th inst , it was concluded to spend $2000 for the purpose of putting the building and grounds in proper repair and condition to establish a school in that institution this fall.

Two burglaries were committed here during the stay of the circus. The house of Mr Boynton, a railroad employe who lives near the station, was entered during the day. The burglar was seen near the premises and captured before leaving the house In the evening the residence of Mr Nat Blum was broken into, but very fortunately for Mr Blum, who had considerable money, silverware and other valuables in his house, the thief became frightened and fled before securing any booty.

. . . . Organic weakness or loss of power in either sex, however induced, speedily and permanently cured. Inclose 10 cents in stamps for book of particulars. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

## TIMBER SEIZURES

### As to the Right of the Government to Seize and Sell Timber Cut from Public Lands

Washington Special to St. Paul Pioneer Press Aug 24

Two months ago Michael J. Haley, special timber depredation agent located in Montana, seized a large amount of timber which had been cut by the Montana Improvement company and by Linde & Co , near Bozeman, on the ground that it had been unlawfully cut and held for sale outside the territory The companies claimed that the seizure of the lumber was not within the province of the government, and had Haley arrested for exceeding his powers Before proceeding further with the case Commissioner Sparks determined to ascertain the powers of the government in the premises, and applied to Acting Attorney General Jenks for an opinion. Mr Jenks to-day returned to the secretary of the interior his opinion It establishes a principle that will hereafter govern the land office in its dealings with the free timber question It is in substance

The question presented for consideration is whether the commissioner may direct the sale of the property so seized and if so whether it may be disposed of at private sale and in such way as may be both to the advantage of the government and to the benefit of the community without advertising the same The question proposed seems to involve a preliminary inquiry namely as to the authority of the officers of the land department to make seizure of timber unlawfully cut on the public lands Statutory remedies are not the only ones available to the government In Cotton vs United States it was held that the United States has a right to bring an action of trespass against a person for cutting and carrying trees from the public lands Agreeable to the doctrine of that case the United States may resort to the same civil remedies for the protection of their property which are open to any other proprietor Thus they may seize the timber cut arrest it by replevin or trover or damages in trespass for the taking and conversion These are the ordinary remedies given by the common law for the recovery of personal property or its value Seizure or recaption (which is one of them) is a remedy by the mere act of the party injured and may be resorted to for the recovery of such property when the exertion shall not endanger the public peace Authority to exert this remedy in behalf of the United States must be deemed to belong to the commissioner of the general land office under the supervision of the secretary of the interior as a power included in the general duties respecting the public lands which are devolved upon him Such authority indeed has long been asserted and frequently exercised in the land department through its officers or agents the latter acting under instructions issued by the commissioner with the sanction of the secretary Referring to this the supreme court observes The department of the interior under the idea of protecting from depredation timber on the lands of the government has gradually come to assert the right to seize what is cut and taken away from them, whenever it can be found In aid of this the registers and receivers of the land offices have by instructions from the secretary of the interior constituted agents of the United States for these purposes with power to appoint special agents under themselves If any authority to do this was necessary, it may fairly be inferred from appropriations made to pay the services of these special timber agents ' While I entertain no doubt as to the existence of the remedy by seizure yet its liability to abuse and become an instrument of oppression demands it should be used with judiciousness, discretion and only in clear and emergent cases and except in such cases the regular process of the courts should be preferred As to the authority of the commissioner to dispose of such timber by public or private sale I apprehend that this power exists subject to the general supervision or direction of the secretary of the interior I therefore submit that in my opinion the commissioner may direct the sale of the property seized and that it may be disposed of at private sale and in such way as may be both to the advantage of the government and to the benefit of the community without advertising the same

## GENERAL FREMONT'S CAREER.

A Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* has the following

In a cozy, unpretending house on Nineteenth street lives Gen John C Fremont, his wife, Jessie Benton Fremont, and their daughter. The general is past 73 He is barely of medium hight and sparsely built. His lithe, wiry figure showed little evidence of age His hair is silvered, but his eye is not dimmed Few men have experienced as much privation and hardship as did he during his early and middle life, while finding pathways to the Pacific through the mountain fastnesses of the West and Northwest Mrs Fremont, who has been his faithful and devoted companion during his long, active and checkered life, is his counterpart in physical and mental activity Her hair is whitened, but she is the picture of health Her eye is keen and bright, and she talks of the events of her life with charming vivacity She is enthusiastic on three subjects —her distinguished father, Thomas H Benton, her husband, and the book which they two are busily engaged in preparing for the press

The story of Gen Fremont's life will comprise two large octavo volumes of over six hundred pages each The first volume is already in type and will appear in September The book is a joint production, although "Jessie Benton Fremont' appears as the author The general, with a great array of documents, journals and memoranda, many of them yellow with age dictates, or rather narrates, and Mrs Fremont writes Beginning in the early morning the general and his wife are at work until the middle of the afternoon During those hours no friend intrudes At 4 o clock they go out and drive, returning to dine at 6 The evening is spent in social recreation Not later than 11 they retire

The general speaks with satisfaction of the fact that he issued the first proclamation of emancipation It was nearly twenty five years ago, soon after he was assigned to the command of the department of Missouri It is true that the proclamation was instantly revoked by President Lincoln, and before any steps had been taken toward carrying out its terms within the department commanded by Fremont In the early days of California Gen Fremont acquired by purchase considerable landed property, a portion of it being on the present site of the city of San Francisco During the war the government took possession of a tract embracing some thirteen acres of what is known as "Black Point," and established upon it the military head quarters of the department The government has occupied it ever since until, as the general says, 'it seems to think it owns it" Congress has been many times appealed to for relief, and bills have repeatedly passed one branch or the other, but never both in the same congress The general hopes, with the means derived from the sale of the book, to be able to successfully prosecute the claim

## STAR ROUTE BRADY'S BOOK

### A Volume in Preparation Which May Worry Some Politicians

Washington Special to Philadelphia Press

Ex Second Assistant Postmaster General Brady, of star route notoriety, is engaged in the preparation of a volume of political reminiscence which, if not a valuable contribution to the political history of the country, will be highly entertaining reading to gentlemen who have managed the republican party for the past ten years For some time prior to Brady s appointment as second assistant postmaster general and while he held that office, he was the friend, counselor and financial supporter of the leaders of the party He was cast overboard when his complicity in the operations of the star route ring was exposed The expense of defending himself in the star route trial and unlucky speculation cost Brady the greater part of his fortune, and he has retired to his farm in Virginia, where he is now engaged in literary work

It is not generally known that Brady and Dorsey have literary ability Brady is an omnivorous reader, and his general information is unusually extensive Dorsey has written some admirable poetry and is a very clever phrase maker A volume of his poems was printed some years ago for private circulation, and they were all distinctly above the average Brady has preserved his correspondence and will use the material in his possession without reservation His friends say that in the Star route trial he received no consideration from those under obligation to him for past services Their course at that time threw down all the bars and Brady holds that there exist none of the reasons for holding private correspondence sacred which rule in ordinary cases The intention is to make the book a valuable contribution to the history of an exciting political era, which will be the more faithful because violated conventionalities give the author unusual freedom in handling his material.

### The National Ledger.

New York Times September 1st

According to the treasury statement of yesterday the debt of the United States, less cash in the treasury available for its reduction, was $1,375,170,550 Twenty-one years ago, on the 31st of August, the debt, with the same deduction, was $2,756,431,571 Owing to the presence in the treasury of certain "unavailable" cash items, as now calculated, the reduction in the twenty one years must be increased by $104,055,125, and may be set down at $1,522,310,116, which is an average annual payment of $72,409,660, or in round numbers of seventy-two and a half millions. How far this steady and rapid payment of the debt incurred in the war for the preservation of the Union, combined with the reduction of the interest rate and the increase of the population of the country, has affected the debt burden borne by our people can be best understood by comparing the per capita share of principal and interest for the two periods. In 1865 the debt amounted to $78 25 per capita. Last year it amounted to only $24 14. In 1865 the per capita portion of the annual interest charge was $4 29. Last year it was but 83 cents. The ratio of the principal is now but two-thirds what it then was, that of the annual interest is but a little more than one-fifth.

If now we turn to other lands we find that Germany alone of the great commercial powers has a debt less than our own, and we find that Germany is the most progressive and relatively prosperous of them all Austria Hungary (empire and kingdom) has a debt of $1,900,000,000, Italy of $2,200,000,000, Great Britain of $3,700,000,000, and France $6,000,000,000 These are, of course, but approximate bases of comparison with the United States, since practically the entire debt of France is national, while in the United States the debts of states and municipalities are not included, and there are qualifications to be made in the comparison with Great Britain and Italy also. But in a general way it is plain that the amount of yearly earnings which in this country must be diverted to the care of the national debt is almost insignificant as compared with that required elsewhere in the commercial world Nor this alone In all the countries named except Great Britain there is to be maintained a large standing army which, entirely apart from its money cost and solely in the number of able-bodied men taken from productive labor and devoted to forced idleness, enormously cripples the industrial and commercial life of the several countries From this burden the United States are free

## FIRST HUSBAND OF MRS. PARSONS

ST LOUIS, Sept 14 —A special from Waco, Texas, says Oliver Gathens, colored, was yesterday induced to have his photograph taken, and when finished, they will be sent to a friend in Chicago, who takes an interest in the man, and if the Chicago papers should get hold of them, Mrs Lucy Parsons will look upon the face of her husband whom she deserted in Waco to become the mistress of Albert R. Parsons, the anarchist Oliver Gathens is a negro, of light complexioned either He says her romantic story of her mother being an Indian woman and her father a Mexican is false and that she is in reality a mulatto, her mother being a negro and her father a white man It was Oliver Gathens who first encouraged his wife to read, and not Parsons, and aspired to elevate her to as high a plane as was within his power He soon found out, however, that Parsons was attracting her attention and alienating his affections He says he at once made up his mind to kill her, but thought better of it, not caring to risk his life for such a woman Then the attachment between his wife and her lover became fully developed They shortly afterward left Waco Gathens has remained here, a hard working, contented man and has the good will and sympathy of many friends

## A SUIT INVOLVING MILLIONS

CLEVELAND O Sept 14 —Trial of the great three cornered Nickel Plate suit was begun in the common pleas court here to-day Millions of dollars are involved in the case The validity of first mortgage bonds amounting to $15 000 000 represented by the Central Trust company of New York is attacked by the various defendants and creditors of the road on the ground that the Nickel Plate railroad which claims to be a consolidated corporation composed of five separate corporations, never became property or lawfully consolidated into such corporation that the facts and condition of things existing did not authorize it that no law authorizes the consolidation of a company in this state with companies not adjoining, and that the allied corporations therefore had no power to make the mortgage It is also claimed by contestants that the mortgage was fraudulent and that a large amount of bonds secured thereby were issued to members of the syndicate who formed a pool to conduct the road, without consideration and that the road never received one third in value of the amount of the bonds, stock and preferred stocks issued to members of said syndicate All the charges are controverted on behalf of the bondholders

## THE CALIFORNIA & OREGON

SAN FRANCISCO Sept 14 —The last extension of the California & Oregon railroad reduces staging between that line and Ashland to ninety six miles Sissons eight miles further up will probably be reached within another month reducing the distance between terminal points to eighty-eight miles An immense number of men are kept working day and night but the bit of up country between Upper Soda Springs and Sissons is the worst on the whole line Sissons will probably be the winter terminus of the road but men will be kept working as long as the weather permits

## TO BE ABOLISHED

SAN FRANCISCO Sept 14 —It is ascertained by railroad men who profess to be good authority upon the subject that a large number of branch eastern overland ticket agencies in this city will soon be abolished It is alleged that the cost of maintaining the offices is greater than the profit derived from them and that at a meeting of representatives of Iowa trunk lines on the 1th of next month their abolition will probably be officially announced

### Anarchists and Apaches

Pittsburg Dispatch

The suggestion is renewed that the safest and most economical disposition of the captive Apaches is to place them on an island in the Pacific or in the Gulf of Mexico, where they can be safely held at little expense

Beyond the fact that this proposition is made with a view to opening the Apache reservation to the land grabbers, there is something in it that looks favorable But it should be enlarged The country is afflicted with a class of civilized savages that are almost as puzzling as the Apaches If we are to colonize one class why not the other class

It seems that the anarchists ought not to object to being put on an island with Apaches and being allowed to work out the social problem The Apaches present a virgin soil for the reconstruction of society, and the work of tearing down which the anarchists seem to consider so necessary would probably commence as soon as the two classes of savages came into contact

### Neal Dow's Tribute to Blaine

Boston Journal

In 1884 Wm A Currie, then a resident of Providence R I, addressed a letter to the Hon Neal Dow asking if Mr Blaine was a member of any temperance organization Mr Dow's reply was as follows

PORTLAND Nov 1 1884

*Dear Sir*—Mr Blaine has not been identified with temperance in the sense meant by you but is an abstainer and friend of prohibition to which he has done good service.

Respectfully
NEAL DOW

### Prompt Reform of Bodily Evils

The prompt reform of those bodily evils enfeebled digestion, incomplete assimilation inactivity of the liver kidneys and bladder as well as of the nervous symptoms which these ailments are especially prone to beget is always accomplished by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters a medicine accredited by physicians pronounced pure by analysis and eminently wholesome and agreeable Surely such a restorative is preferable to unpalatable and indigestible mineral drugs and time honored nostrums The nation at large assuredly thinks so judging by the unprecedented demand for the article from Maine to the Pacific a demand now supplemented by immense orders for it received from tropical America Mexico the British and Spanish Colonial possessions and elsewhere Both at home and abroad it is recognized as a standard remedy and preventive, the decisiveness of its effects recommending it everywhere

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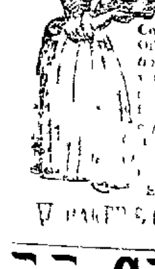

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## COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY

Overland receipts include 100 candy [illegible] syrup 300 cs coal oil car buggies car [illegible] kits mackerel cs cheese [illegible] canned fruit 400 cs candles cs boots [illegible] cs hosiery [illegible] rubber boots 5 cs [illegible] furn goods 4 cs dry goods cs [illegible] nels 6 cs hats cs [illegible] chair stock [illegible] fancy goods cs milliners [illegible] neckwear 10 [illegible] drums 10 bxs [illegible] ing powder [illegible] kegs [illegible] casks [illegible] lanterns 30 kegs [illegible]

The Chicago bear side argue that [illegible] will increase to [illegible] 000 000 [illegible] January and that the cost of carrying [illegible] mous stock will be a strong factor [illegible] side of the market during the first half [illegible] rent crop year than the demand [illegible] Old World [illegible] ficient supplies [illegible] bull side and that barring war they [illegible] ing the short side of the deal

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—First [illegible] ctls wheat 10 [illegible] ley 201 ctls millstuff [illegible] sks potatoes [illegible] 78 cs eggs 30 bxs fruit 10 cs [illegible] Also 1 400 ctls wheat 10 bbls [illegible] 44 bxs fruit [illegible] passed from [illegible] tion

Receipts for the seven days ended [illegible] noon aggregated 4 900 ctls wheat [illegible] 702 ctls oats 2045 [illegible] barley [illegible] ctls mill stuff 143 sks [illegible] lbs hides [illegible] sks flax seed [illegible] bxs fruit 40 cs eggs [illegible] from the eastern sect [illegible] bbls flour [illegible] ctls barley [illegible] bs hides 40 bxs fruit [illegible] same week last year receipts [illegible] wheat [illegible] bbls flour [illegible] barley [illegible] ctls bran [illegible] tatoes [illegible] bs wool [illegible] lbs hides [illegible] seed 4650 lbs hops including from the [illegible] tion 14 030 ctls wheat [illegible] 44[illegible] ctls barley [illegible] lbs wool [illegible] sks flaxseed For the past week as compared with the one preceding there has been an [illegible] receipts of wheat flour and barley [illegible] receipts mark no particular change [illegible] coming from the eastern section [illegible] sending some flour for shipment

Receipts of leading articles of produce [illegible] cipal routes of transportation [illegible] compared with the same period [illegible] been

| Articles | Valley | East [illegible] | Va[illegible] |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat ctls | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Flour | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Oats | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Barley | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Bran | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Mills[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Potatoes | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Wool | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Hi[illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Hops | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Flaxseed | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

[illegible]

FREIGHTS—The [illegible] charter to [illegible] wood ship Flora P Stafford [illegible] has been taken [illegible]

WHEAT [illegible] manding [illegible] fell off sharply to day and the [illegible] highest figures [illegible] Walla Walla [illegible] Bid [illegible]

OATS [illegible] stocks are not especially heavy the [illegible] not sufficient to prevent weakness and a less money would probably have to be a ready sale as desired All this [illegible] here when local demands are not heavy [illegible] only is possible [illegible] 2000 sacks to San Francisco [illegible] sends some via Yaquina. The outlook [illegible] is for dull and weak markets for [illegible] thought the new strength in barley [illegible] ably affect oats [illegible]

BARLEY Liberal receipts during [illegible] from both sections [illegible] The eastern section is sending more [illegible] San Francisco market is on the advance

PROVISIONS—Bacon and hams firm prices with bulk of dealing in Eastern [illegible] on the advance in first market [illegible] lard is still weak at the East prices here [illegible] weakened Shoulders are a drug [illegible] any price stocks of old being generally [illegible] often in bad condition We quote [illegible] Bacon [illegible] shoulders [illegible] 14½@15c bacon [illegible] breakfast [illegible] Eastern lard in tins [illegible] 10½c There seems to be no demand [illegible] tinned lard being nominally quoted [illegible]

DRIED FRUITS New local slow to arrive stocks are [illegible] Quotations all [illegible] or less nominal Demand [illegible] jobbing prices from dealers [illegible] dried quartered apples [illegible] factory [illegible] pitted plums [illegible] French [illegible] graded [illegible] common peaches [illegible] grapes [illegible] pears [illegible] choice raisins $2 50 per box

POULTRY—Chickens [illegible] stocks have been kept low [illegible] market [illegible] fairly steady at [illegible] poultry in occasional receipt [illegible] turkeys [illegible] for geese and [illegible]

EGGS—Quote [illegible]

HIDES [illegible] receipts no [illegible] is quiet New York fairly active [illegible] dry hides 14 [illegible] light salted [illegible] salt calf [illegible] salt veal [illegible] for winter and summer [illegible] $1 [illegible] for short [illegible] over $1 [illegible] $1 50 [illegible] for common [illegible]

HOPS—[illegible]

[illegible]

HAY—Supply and demands [illegible] loose offering The market is very [illegible] for poor to choice

### The Merchandise Market.

Clear to warm weather all week. The [illegible] is drawing some little attention away [illegible] valley trade, but the goods movement is large

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

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[illegible]
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Senator can appoint two. For partic-
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NIAN RAILWAY Co. (L'd) LINE.
Charles N. Scott, Receiver.
PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 14, 1886.
PPERS:
idge over the North Santiam River
mpleted, the station at WEST SCIO
pened TO-DAY for business.
t for Scio should be shipped to West
R'y Co. CHAS. N. SCOTT, Receiver.

# COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 15.

Overland receipts include 1500 candy pails, 255 cs syrup, 300 cs coal oil, car buggies, car wagons, 150 kits mackerel, 7 cs cheese, 15 hf ctes hams, 30 cs canned fruit, 400 cs candles, 62 cs boots and shoes, 8 cs hosiery, 181 cs rubber boots, 5 cs clothing, 1 cs fancy goods, 4 cs drygoods, 2 cs buttons, 3 cs flannel goods, 6 cs hats, 7 cs 35 bdls chair stock, 1 cs shirts, 1 cs . p. goods, 7 cs millinery, 1 cs umbrellas, 1 cs neckwear, 10 bls h. c. bagging, 2 cs cigars, 10 drums 10 bxs 250 butts tobacco, 1 drum 13 cs baking powder, 8 tcs 5 cs 4 csks 25 bbls glassware, 13 cs 2 bxs 1 tc lanterns, 30 kegs teeth, 7 bxs nails.

The Chicago bear side argue that wheat stocks will increase to 65,000,000 bushels by the 1st of January, and that the cost of carrying this enormous stock will be a stronger factor on the selling side of the market during the first half of the current crop year than the demand incident to deficient supplies in the Old World can be on the bull side, and that barring war, they are safe playing the short side of the deal.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 24 hours: 5710 ctls wheat, 108 bbls flour, 738 ctls oats, 111 ctls barley, 250 ctls millstuff, 18 sks potatoes, 372 lbs hides, 30 cs eggs, 996 bxs fruit, 10 cs butter, 29 cattle. Also 12,450 ctls wheat, 102 bbls flour, 2045 lbs hides, 58 bxs fruit, 438 sks flaxseed from the eastern section.

Receipts for the seven days ended Wednesday noon aggregated 149,900 ctls wheat, 5376 bbls flour, 3,800 ctls oats, 5045 ctls barley, 673 ctls bran, 1394 ctls millstuff, 143 sks potatoes, 28,695 lbs wool, 21,887 lbs hides, 3502 sks flaxseed, 17,323 lbs hops, 3229 bxs fruit, 120 cs eggs, 88 pkgs butter; including from the eastern section 107,217 ctls wheat, 1342 bbls flour, 2975 ctls barley, 27,435 lbs wool, 16,790 lbs hides, 400 bxs fruit, 3502 sks flaxseed. For the same week last year receipts were 178,034 ctls wheat, 3011 bbls flour, 19,418 ctls oats, 5009 ctls barley, 151 ctls bran, 1417 ctls millstuff, 318 sks potatoes, 82,153 lbs wool, 19,393 lbs hides, 268 sks flaxseed, 1,850 lbs hops; including from the eastern section 144,000 ctls wheat, 1334 bbls flour, 428 ctls oats, 467 ctls barley, 74,254 lbs wool, 12,425 lbs hides, 253 sks flaxseed. For the past week as compared with the one preceding there has been an increase in receipts of wheat, flour and barley. Valley wheat receipts mark no particular change, but more is coming from the eastern section, which is also sending some flour for shipment.

Receipts of leading articles of produce by principal routes of transportation since August 1, as compared with the same period last year, have been:

| Articles. | 1886-1887. Valley | Eastern | 1885-1886. Valley | Eastern |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, ctls.... | 143,603 | 291,330 | 154,520 | 686,394 |
| Flour, bbls .... | 13,384 | 6,451 | 14,792 | 4,009 |
| Oats, ctls ...... | 29,988 | ........ | 104,135 | 3,750 |
| Barley, ctls.... | 4,035 | 6,070 | 7,501 | [illegible] |
| Bran, ctls...... | 2,732 | 365 | 1,229 | 804 |
| Millstuff, ctls.. | 1,858 | 1,509 | 4,750 | 1,207 |
| Potatoes, sks.. | 337 | ........ | 714 | ........ |
| Wool, lbs...... | 103,224 | 419,950 | 425,024 | 450,626 |
| Hides, lbs..... | 93,571 | 108,005 | 72,764 | 86,298 |
| Hops, lbs...... | 151,011 | ........ | 40,560 | ........ |
| Lime, bbls..... | 3,327 | ........ | 2,232 | ........ |
| Flaxseed, sks.. | ........ | 8,305 | ........ | 401 |

EXPORTS—To San Francisco, per str State of California: 3354 ctls oats, 408 qr sks flour, 3175 sks bran, 2200 sks middlings, 2284 sks flaxseed, 20 ctls barley, 52 bxs prunes, 135 bxs pears, 171 bxs apples, 5 cs dried fruit, 24 cs cheese, 6 cs woolens, 7 cs cassimeres, 3 cs flannels, 2 cs blankets, 127 salt hides, 13 bls calfskins, 2 bls deerskins, 135 sks bones, 17 sks boneash, 500 bdls lath, 21 cs agateware, 30 bbls fish oil, 32 sks 10 bls gluestock, 11 sks ore, 12,113 lbs scrap iron, 6 horses, 56 tons pig iron, $5,550 treasure.

FREIGHTS—The Elmhurst came under prior charter to Sibson, Quackenbush & Co. The soft wood ship Flora, P. Stafford, now at Port Moody, has been taken up by Balfour, Guthrie & Co. to load wheat here.

WHEAT—Foreign markets resting, buyers demanding some concession. San Francisco options fell off sharply to-day and there was a rush to cover. Spot there was weaker. Our market is not changed, but buyers take hold less readily and highest figures would be less frequently offered. We are reported recent transactions up to $1 18¾ and $1 21¼ for the two grades, with a large lot of Walla Walla offered at $1 20 on wharf and refused, although a small parcel had brought that figure. Bids remain $1 17½ and $1 25.

OATS—Receipts for the week 7028 centals, against 12,202 centals the previous week. Shipments keep very regular, being 15 to 18 cars by each steamer. The lessened receipt is due to the lower prices, and shippers can find no profit in paying the fullest figures. While San Francisco stocks are not especially heavy the demands are not sufficient to prevent weakness and at the close less money would probably have to be accepted if a ready sale was desired. All this has an influence here where local demands are not heavy. To supply these 38@39c is obtained, but to ship 36@37c only is possible. Puget sound is sending about 3000 sacks to San Francisco weekly and the valley sends some via Yaquina. The outlook at present is for dull and weak markets for a time. It was thought the new strength in barley would favorably affect oats, but it has not.

BARLEY—Liberal receipts during the week from both sections, mostly for brewing account. The eastern section is sending more East and the San Francisco market is on the advance.

PROVISIONS—Bacon and hams firm at old prices, with bulk of dealing in Eastern, which continue on the advance in first markets. Although lard is still weak at the East, prices here are not weakened. Shoulders are a drug throughout at any price, stocks of old being generally large and often in bad condition. We quote selling prices: Bacon, 9@9½c; shoulders, 6@8c; Eastern hams, 14½@15c; bacon, 9@9½c; breakfast bacon, 10½c; Eastern lard in tins, 9@9½c; "St. Clair" lard, 10@10½c. There seems to be no demand for Oregon tinned lard, it being nominally quoted 7¼@8c.

DRIED FRUITS—New local slow to arrive, and stocks are ragged. Quotations all are more or less nominal. Demand fair. We quote jobbing prices from dealers as follows: Sun dried quartered apples 3@4c, sliced 4@5c, factory 5@5½c; pitted plums, 6@8c, French prunes, 8c, graded 7@8c; common peaches 10@11½c, peeled 12½@13c; grapes, 5½@6c; pears, common, nominally 7@8c; choice raisins $2 50 per box.

POULTRY—Chickens in ample supply but stocks have been kept low by the request and the market closes fairly steady at $2 50@3 50. Other poultry in occasional receipt, but dull at $10@12 for turkeys, $5@6 for geese and $3@4 for ducks.

EGGS—Quote 15c.

HIDES, ETC.—Receipts not so large. The market is quiet, New York fairly active. We quote dry hides 14½@15½c, light salted 6½@7c, heavy do 7@8c, dry kip and calf 14@16c, salt kip 5@6c, salt calf 8@10c, salt veal 8c, valley deerskins 20@25c for winter and summer, Eastern Oregon 15@20c for winter and summer, sheepskins 75c@$1 25 for short and long wool, elk hides 15c, beaver $1 50@2 25, bear skins $1 50 to $6. Tallow 3@3½c for common and 4@4½c for choice.

HOPS—One lot of new valley in Monday. A letter from a Marion county grower states that the yield is below expectations. Most yards are within 800 to 1300 pounds per acre. Some will possibly reach the full average of 1400 to 1800 pounds but it is evident that the valley yield is not to be a full one. On the Sound picking is in full progress with prospects of a fair outturn. The San Francisco market has shown a rather better tone, but at asking prices of 25@30c no business is possible. The New York *Shipping List* of the 8th inst says: "The market has relapsed into a state of quietude, not to say dullness, and the better feeling which obtained last week has given place to depression, which has already resulted in decline on all grades of old hops. Accounts from the interior regarding the new crop are more hopeful, at least from some sections. While the crop will be very small, the quality of the hops will be much better than was anticipated, in view of which crop of 1885 still held in the country are more difficult of sale, and will not bring the prices lately paid for them. Sales in this market are slow, and generally within the range of 23@25 cents for the best state, crop 1885, 20@22 for good, 17@20 for common to fair. German 18@20 on the market, and 22@23 to brewers. California 17@22 cents. There are occasional sales at more extreme figures, but the bulk of the business is at the prices given, and the market is dull at that."

WOOL—Receipts for the week, 1260 lbs valley and 27,435 lbs eastern. The market is apparently without life, transactions being few and far between. The nominal range is 15@23c. San Francisco reports a steady market but a very limited movement. At the East the markets have been favorably influenced by the new London sales, the firmness on the other side imparting new tone to this and cheering holders. At last mail dates this influence had not been felt and the eastern markets ruled quiet. Manufacturers were reported as looking around, which led to the inference that they were weary of waiting for concessions. Eastern men were also stated to be visiting the producers and commission men of the West, and a Chicago dispatch stated that 500,000 lbs territory had been sold there for Eastern account at full prices. At New York 405,000 lbs spring Texas sold, said to be at 25c, to replace a large line of foreign which was reshipped and sold abroad at a profit. These facts, in connection with other straws which show which way the wind blows, were regarded as indications of continued confidence with regard to the future. On Wednesday San Francisco reported spring stocks of California as about cleaned up and that 250,000 lbs Eastern Oregon had changed hands at 18@21c.

HAY—Supply and demands even, with not much more offering. The market is very dull at $7@10 for poor to choice.

### The Merchandise Market.

Clear to warm weather all week. The state fair is drawing some little attention away from the valley trade, but the goods movement is large, and city jobbers report liberal demands. For the first part of the week rail arrivals ruled light, but on Sunday and Monday they were heavy. Steamers brought very full freights, and a new assortment of foreign goods is being landed by the Birmah and the Archer. Hop growers are favored in the matter of weather. Although picking is well advanced the crop is not moving as yet.

The salmon markets rule quiet but firm. Shipments are light. The fall pack will not reach anticipations.

The grain bag market shows no change. At San Francisco 6@6⅛c will buy and here 6¾@7c is quoted for ordinary business. Demands rule light.

THE LOCAL MARKET.

BEANS—The range is 1⅝@2½c, with a very quiet market. San Francisco reports fair inquiry for bayos and pea. The range there is $1 10@2 25.

COAL OIL—Demands light and advices are of weak markets. Quote ordinary brands 25@26½c.

BREAD, ETC—Fair request at steady prices. Quote ship 2⅝c, pilot 3@3¼, soda crackers 3¼@4¼c.

PICKLES—Stocks of kegs fair with usual request. Quote $1@1 10 for 3s and 5s.

RICE—Our market shows no marked change and is without new interest. Quote Islands $5, China $4 63, southern $4 50.

SALT—Fair stocks on hand and the call is good. In a small way $16, $18 and $20 is quoted, the usual reduction being obtained on large orders. Coast stock quoted $6 50@8 50. The Birmah bought 500 tons.

SUGARS—There is only a fair call at present. In other markets weakness is the rule. Quote sixty day prices: Confectioners A 6¼c, C 5⅜c, extra C 5⅞c, dry granulated 6⅝c; cube, crushed and powdered 6⅞c, halves and boxes ¼@½c higher.

COFFEE—Eastern markets report a sharp advance. San Francisco is firm. Our market quiet but firm.

THE MEAT MARKET.

Supplies throughout equal demands and the market is only steady for most kinds. Receipts for the week were 221 cattle, 183 hogs, and 1286 sheep. Beef is quoted 3¼@3¾c gross or 6c dressed. Mutton rules easy at 2¼@2¾c gross and 5c dressed. Veal in larger offering and firm at 7@9c. Hogs dull at 4c for live and 5@6c for dressed, the request not being noticeable.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Government bonds were dull but firm. Stocks recovered the strength and tone of Monday, and with the exception of a small period in the morning, during which there was some depreciation in values, and another shading off in the last hour, the market was strong throughout the day. The opening was dull but about steady, first prices showing insignificant changes from last evening's closing. The market yielded later, and the lowest prices of the day were recorded at the end of the first hour. Then prices moved up steadily throughout the list, the highest prices being generally attained about 2 P. M. The market yielded slightly in the last hour, but rallied toward the close, which, however, was barely steady.

Mining shares were very dull. Bodie $2 30@2 40, California & Virginia $2, Hale & Norcross $1 10@1 20, Bulwer $1 60@1 70, Chrysolite $1 60, Taylor Plumas 8c, Navajo 93@94c, Sutro 8c, Mono $2 50.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Money on call, 4@7 per cent. Prime paper 4@5. Sterling exchange, unsettled, $4 81½ for demand.

BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3s | 100⅛ | 4½s | 110⅝ |
| 4s | 126⅝ | Pacific Mail 6s | 126 |

STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| American | 106 | Northwestern | 117⅛ |
| Canadian Pacific | 67¾ | New York Central | 111⅜ |
| Canada Southern | 49¾ | Oregon Navigation | 108½ |
| Central Pacific | 44½ | Transcontinental | 31⅜ |
| Burlington | 136⅞ | Improvement | 29¼ |
| Lackawanna | 132½ | Pacific Mail | 57⅞ |
| Denv & Rio Grande | 31¼ | Panama | 98 |
| Erie | 32⅝ | Rock Island | 25⅛ |
| Kansas & Texas | 30 | St. Paul | 96¼ |
| Lake Shore | 46½ | Texas Pacific | 14¼ |
| Louisville & Nashvil | 46⅝ | Union Pacific | 58⅛ |
| Michigan Central | 84¾ | U. S. Express | 62 |
| Northern Pacific | 28¾ | Fargo | 125 |
| N. P. Preferred | 61½ | Western Union | 68⅛ |

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Hale & Norcross | 1 15 | Savage | 2 25 |
| Sierra Nevada | 35 | Chollar | 50 |
| Best & Belcher | 1 05 | Potosi | 20 |
| Gould & Curry | 65 | Navajo | 1 10 |
| Mexican | 55 | Overman | 35 |
| Con. Cal. & Va | 2 70 | Alta | 1 30 |
| Bodie | 2 40 | Ophir | 1 35 |
| Mono | 2 50 | Union | 40 |
| Bulwer | 1 65 | Utah | 55 |
| North Belle Isle | 2 45 | Holmes | 1 80 |

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Consols, money, 100 11-16; Bank of England rate of interest, 3½ per cent. Silver bullion, per ounce, 925 fine, 44.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Silver bullion, per ounce, 1000 fine, 95⅜. Good commercial, 1 to ⅜c lower; documentary, 2 to 1½c lower. U. S. bonds: 3s, 100⅛; 4s, 126⅝; 4½s, 110⅝.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—Transfers, 12½. Sterling exchange on London, 60 days, $4 81½; do., documentary, $4 80⅝@4 81.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—Receipts—Wheat, 181,000 ctls; flour, 6,500 qr sks; oats, 1,600 ctls; potatoes, 2,700 sks; barley, 15,500 ctls. Chartered spot for Cork U K, Br bk Dumfrieshire, iron, 1,221 tons at 31s 3d, by G. W. McNear. Re-chartered spot for Cork U K, Br bk Glen Turn, iron, 897 tons at 32s 6d, by Starr & Co.

Freights—Weak and dull.

Wool—Steady; recent sales embrace 250,000 lbs Eastern Oregon, good to choice at 16@21c; spring stocks of California are cleaning up; Boston markets active and higher; New York firm.

Bags—Smaller business doing but no change in prices; holders firm for 6@6⅛c.

Oats—Weak; Oregon range from $1 12½ to $1 25.

Potatoes—Steady; Garnet Chile $1@1 15.

Provisions—Firm.

Hops—Buyers and sellers apart; general features of the market unchanged; quotations nominal at 25@30c for new and 15@17½c for old.

Millstuffs—Quiet and easy.

Hides—Steady.

Barley—Firm; No. 1 feed, spot, 90@95c. Buyer season, $1.05⅞; buyer year, $1 01⅛; seller year, 92⅞c; seller season, 92⅝c.

Wheat—Quiet, irregular and rather weaker. Shippers bid $1 35@1 37½, with $1 38¾ paid for round lots; holders very firm and not disposed to sell at present prices. Futures very active and sold down rapidly; buyer season, $1 45⅝@1 43⅜; buyer year, $1 40@1 39; seller year, $1 35¾@1 34⅞. The afternoon call was very active and transactions large. Closed, buyer season, $1 44@1 43, buyer year, $1 39; seller year, $1 35⅞.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 7000; fancy, 1650 lbs., $5 60; shipping steers, 950 to 1500 lbs., $3 40@5 27½; stockers and feeders, $2 25@3 75; through Texas cattle, stronger at $2 70@3 25; western rangers, firm; natives and half-breeds, $3@3 75; cows, $2 50@3; wintered Texans, $3@3 55. Sales: 171 Montana-Texans, 990 lbs., $3 55; 105 Montana, 1164 lbs., $3 15; 242 Wyoming-Texans, 971 lbs., $3 15; 174 Wyoming feeders, 1120 lbs., $3.

Hogs—Receipts, 25,000; market slow and 5@10c lower; rough and mixed, $4@4 60; packing and shipping, $4 85@5 10; light, $4@4 85.

Sheep—Receipts, 3000; strong; natives, $2@4 30; western, $3 25@4; lambs, $4@5.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Wheat opened 76⅞c October, 79⅛c November, 80⅛c December. At noon, 76¾c October, 78⅛c November, 79⅞c December. Closed 74⅝c September, 76c October, 77⅞c November, 79c December.

Provisions—Easier; pork, October, $10 85; lard, $6 85 October; ribs, $7 30 October; short ribs, $7 05 cash.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 15.—Wheat opened 86⅜c September, 87⅛c October, 88⅞c November, 90⅜c December. At noon, 86⅛c September, 87⅛c October, 88⅞c November, 90⅛c December, 91⅛c January. Closed lower; 86c September, 86⅞c October, 88⅛c November, 89⅞c December.

### Foreign Markets.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—At the wool sales to-day the attendance was good and competition brisk. Following is a detailed statement of the day's business: Victoria, sales 5000 bales scoured, 9½d@2s 1½d; do locks and pieces, 8½d@1s 3d; greasy, 7½d@1s; do locks and pieces, 5d@7½d. New South Wales, sales 2500 bales; scoured, 2s 1½d; do locks and pieces, 11½d@1s 10½d; greasy, 8½d@1s ½d; locks and pieces, 7d. South Australia, sales 5000 bales; scoured, 1s@1s 5½d; do locks and pieces, 1s@1s 1½d; greasy, 5d@10½d; do locks and pieces, 5d@7d. Queensland, sales 700 bales; scoured, 11d@2s 1½d; greasy, 8½d@10d. New Zealand, sales 2500 bales; scoured, 11½d@1s 11d; do locks and pieces, 11d@1s 9½d; greasy, 8d@1s ½d; do locks and pieces, 5½d@10½d. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, sales 5000 bales; scoured, 11d@1s 7d; greasy, 7s@11d; fleece, 9d@1s 3d; snow white, 1s 4d@1s 10d.

BEERBOHM GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—Weather seems less settled. Floating cargoes, buyers have made a pause, which, however, will probably be only temporary. Cargoes on passage, buyers hold off, hoping to obtain some concession. English country markets, steady. French country markets, firm.

PARIS, Sept. 15.—Wheat and flour, quiet.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15.—Wheat, very dull.

Quantities on passage—To U. K., wheat and flour, 1,925,000 qrs; to continent, wheat, 750,000 qrs.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15.—Wheat, dull; holders offer freely; new winter, 6s 8d; do spring, 6s 9d. Corn, dull; holders offer freely; spot and export, 4s 6d; October, 4s 4½d; November, 4s 5d.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 15.—Arrived—Ship Gaelic, Hong Kong; str Arcata, Coos bay; str Coos Bay, Coos bay; bk Helen W. Almy, fishing; bk Southern Chief, Port Townsend. Sailed—Str Granada, Panama; Br ship Eaton Hall, Cork; Br bk Irby, Cork; schr Cassie Hayward, coasting.

TACOMA, Sept. 15.—Sailed—Str San Pedro, San Francisco.

PORT BLAKELEY, Sept. 15.—Sailed—Schr Premier, San Francisco.

ASTORIA, Sept. 15.—Str State of California arrived down 8 A. M. and left out 10:30 A. M.; str Oregon arrived in 10:20 A. M. and left for Portland at noon. Alice left up at 10:30 A. M. with Br ship Elmhurst; bkt Katie Flickinger passed out this morning.

ASTORIA, Sept. 15.—Schr Rosalind arrived in 5:30 P. M.; State passed out 1 P. M. 5 P. M.—Clear; wind west.

PORT MADISON, Sept. 15.—Sailed—Bk Northwest, San Francisco.

PORT LUDLOW, Sept. 15.—Sailed—Bk Cowlitz, San Francisco.

## THE HOTELS.

MERCHANT.

Mrs H J Cole, Spokane F
Wm Wiseman, Walla W
Miss Wiseman, do
Miss Wightman, do
Wm Blackley, Pomeroy
L L Williams, Boonvle Mo
T G King, Ellensburg
J A McCurdy, Walla W
C C Fox, Victoria
C A Bixley, do
F Taylor & wf, Springfi'd Ill
Mrs C A McGee, Oakland
R Gorkord & wf, N Y
Chas Pearce, Klickitat
W F Hendricson, Albany
Mrs Hendricson, do
J S Spaulding, St Paul
Clyde Caldwell, Takima
D L McLeod, Hunt'gdon
W F Murr, Portland, Me
J T Hickey, Belfast

HOLTON.

C S Miller, Baker City
D S Asbury, Canyon City
W H Adams & 2ch, Hilsbr
H L Hall, Omaha
J C Mayo, Umatilla
A H Chambur, Olympia
J W Crow, Knappa
C Leinenweber, Astoria
G F White, Derry
J Cogswell, do
S K Gallaher, w & dr, SF
J P West, Scappoose
E P Buse, Chicago
J H Miller, Eugene
S Hunter, Alameda, Cal
Dr C W Biggers, Union
E Remillard, do
A B Barnard, Kansas Cy
W S Wood, San Fran
G D Mills, do
A S Cohen, do
Leroy Pratt, do
F W Young, do
Dr A Roberts, do
M E Millcot, do
G L Cumine, do
A A Cutily, do
Jas Gallaher, do
H Wiborg, Milwaukee, W
J P Wiborg, do

GILMAN.

Simon Sitenbach, Albany
Warren Fruitt, Oregon
Wm Raimey, San Fran
N F Walter, do
Max Wolf, do
Mark Schlussel, Astoria
A Goldschmidt, SanFran
Edward C Brooks, U S N
M Josephson & fy, Rosbrg
E J McClernand, U S A
Col DeRussey, do
A Hasbrouck, do
Basil Norris, do
Simon Caro, Roseburg
R Bolling, Virginia
C Wright & wf, Astoria
E A Strout, Vancouver
Edw Martin, St Helens
E F Sox, Seattle
W R Curtis, Str Idaho
C B Haynes, Helena
G H Coornart, New York
M D Egbert, Walla Walla
A P Sharpstein, do
W L Keeler, Connecticut
J M Friedling, San Fran
A H Antrim, do
S Simmons, do
F M Fales, Fales Landing
George Ash, Pendleton
John Campion, do

ESMOND.

A Wrenbolt, England
J H Lull & wf, Dubuque
M M Marshall, Omaha
E H Bacon, do
G P Green, Chicago
Mrs J H Page, Brooklyn
Miss Page, do
T DeWCoyler, Phila
L P Rahman, Vancouver
M Dunniway, do
Wm Barthel, do
Dr B W Hair & wf, Ohio
B W Trunbie, MtSterling
Miss Goodwin, New York
J Birt, do
S Webb, Salem
J F McKee, Rochester N Y
J L Platt & wf, Ft Dodge
E Small, Rockford, Ill
E W Colt & wf, Phila
W B Pathon, London
Miss Berry, Scotland
R L Bush, Mount Coffin
A H Russell, U S A
Jas N Allison, do
J A Colestock, Tillamook
H R Mann, San Fran
Mrs Benham, do
A W Burnham, do
J M Humphreys, do
Miss Goodman, Wash DC
John Couphlin, do

ST. CHARLES.

N Cook, St Paul
J Cook, do
C D Cardwell & wf, Jcksnvl
J W Lane, O & C R R
E T Naylor, San Fran
S W Blasdell, California
J Muckle, St Helens
T J McGowen, Tacoma
J K Taylor, Pt Townsnd
C C Brower, St Helens
M A Rounds, Centerville
J M Cornwell, Walla W
O T Cornwell, do
C Winter, Waterford
A G Ryan, Victoria
L Bettman, Olympia
E P Thompson, Victoria
R Snow, Kenton
M B Rankin & wf, Victoria
J D Spencer, Seattle
Miss Hemmings, Eugene
A H Mason & wf, Hepner
H M Chase, Walla Walla
C E Pittsbury & wf, S F
Mrs M Sprague, Jacksnvl
C C Cleover, Mt Angel
F J Parker, Yaquina
A W Moore, St Helens
R M Manning, do
J B Jayne, Philadelphia
J R James, Corvallis
G Wright, do
W N Sayre, Wash D C
J W Copeland & fy, Wdbrn
B Simon, San Fran
C E Boyd, Pilot Rock
T S Walker, Forest Grov
C C Godley, Independence
W E Showers, Forest Grv
E F Fox, Seattle
Z F Moody, Salem
D Briggs, Fargo
W F Lane, do
E B Piper, Salem
L F Konig, Pataha
J Henkle, Oaksdale, W T
W Frizzell, Dalles
Miss L Frizzell, do
H C Telfer, Aberdeen
H Duncan, do
G H Tarbell, Tacoma
Mrs F C Hawks, Olympia
G W Wingate, Astoria
H W Koch, Woodland
N H Owings, Olympia
Mrs N H Owings, do
J R Smith, Helena
J G Charters, Astoria
H C Hipple, do
J N McCain, O R & N
J A Taylor, Clifton, Kan
W F Canthorn, Wells
G B Fraser, San Fran
J St Denis, do
Mrs T F Haneley, do
Mrs Benbeum, do
G Thacher, do
P E Conner, do
M G Smith, do
J Walkam, do

QUIMBY.

Mrs Clifford, Chicago
Miss Love, do
S S Prindle, do
Chas A Wilmarth, Detroit
Almon Harris
Eph Dall, Tacoma
Jas Brady, La Grand
Mrs J Brady, do
B F Myers, Ashland
Mrs J T Walker, do
J West, Westport
P Maher, Vancouver
M Engel, Agt Marshal
Japanese Tourists
J S Moss, Tacoma
W S Thompson, The Dals
C W Tullis, do
P T Meetinghouse, Taco
C E Vincent, Roseburg
Paul Prox, Burlington
Otto Prox, do
Edwin Large, do
C Christman
A W Ely, Tacoma
F W Anderson, do
Geo Dickinson, Hillsboro
E C Matheson, do
D M Dunbar, Dilley
Burt Rogers, do
J W Daniels, Cedar Rap
A T Samuels, Corvallis
T Townsend, Salem
J C Henry, Oakland
W W Taay, do
S M Bowman, McKeespt
R Balle, Woodland
John Murphy, Pine City
Mrs J Murphy, do
Miss Etta Murphy, do
Miss E Murphy, do
W R Murphy, do
Henry Foster, Pine Vally
Nick Vincent, do
A M Chapman, do
Isaac Stead, San Fran
Al Thompson, do
Jas Dean, do
A H McNutt, do
P Carl, do
S P Sherfer, do
M C Henning, do
T J Hubbell, do
R A Foung, do
G H Walker, do
Thos Kearny, do
Mrs J Erlichane, do
M E Erlichane, do
Geo Fritzerald, do
Mrs Delle, do
W F Wise, do
L Kent, do
S Smith, do
H E Doran, do
T T Morris, do
W M Rolan, New York
G R Perry, do
T J Wirtz, do
J J Hunt, do
E D Monson, do
W S McLaughlin, do
Mrs McLaughlin, do
Miss McLaughlin, do

INTERNATIONAL.

J P Thomson, Albany
A K Milner, Cornelius
Geo Sundby, do
T Kellogg, Monroe
J Johnson, do
Harry Lutman, Boston
I Proulx, Sprague
John Corrigan, do
H O Zumalt, do
H Peter, do
S H Hardcloude, Monta
Arthur Pente, Oregon Cy
Mrs Johnson, Chicago
Mrs Gray, do
W S Corbett, Binghmptn
S E Howard, Philadelpha
Miss Howard, do
Jas Howard w & c, do
G Howard, w & c, do
Mrs A Armstrong, do
F M Archibald, Huntr's Pt
D Harrington, Eureka
O A McConnell, Butte Crk
J L Gilmore, do
Jno Waterson, Washougal
A R Klymbid, do
M McMillan, do
Pete McCoy, New York
A M Ross & wf, Vane
S A Hendrickson, do
Edward Lane, Vallejo
W R Sargent, Iowa
T C Wilson, Fresno, Cal
C L Hart, Spokane F
E Hudson, Vancouver
H Wilson, do
E Matches, do
D E Landford, do
R N Might, Fair Play
H Davidson, Co-eur d'Alene
G F Pryor, do
Walker, wf & 2ch St Louis
E H Watrous, Chicago
Mrs Johnson, Milwaukee
W C Woodbury, Dover
C O Paine, do
W Shuler, do
H Ward, do
Geo Walker, Helena, Mt
Henry Weber, Salem
O Hansen, Astoria
James Carter, do
H C Phillips, Goldendale
Jno Adamson, La Camas
F W Anderson, do
R P Eynon, do
H Kaylor, do
Chas Augerstein, Salem
Frank Craver, Walla Wal
T Jas Pellit, do
Nicholas Vincent, Mlts
William Towson, do
Jno Booth, La Grande
M Booth, do
H J C Averill, do
L E Koontz, San Fran
Frank Robinson, do
Geo Kincaid, Astoria
Miss M Moon, do
Henry Fenton, Seattle
T Comb, do
Jos Bennett, Casey, Ill
Mrs Mary Crow, Gayskv
H Patterson, do
W C Nichols, Winlock
W C Nevil, do
Ole Rostrom, do
C Clanton, Lake River
C Sutton, do
D Robinson, Port Gamble
E F Warring & fy, San F
Oliver Eliss & wf, do
W Land, Walla Walla
B F Wright & fy, San Fran
T Collett, wf & 2 ch, do
Thos Collet, do
Alex Collett do
E G Elins, do
P Sorenson, do
C D Reme, wf & 2 ch, do
W E Wilson, do
Mrs A Bernie & ch do
B F Cross, do
Mrs L J Moore, do
Miss Jennie Moore, do
Miss Sadie Moore, do
Y Christiansen, Astoria
C F Gustersen, do

## A LOOK AT CHARLESTON.

### A City that is Lacking in Enterprise and is a Relic of the Dead Past.

H. W. Grady, of the Atlanta *Constitution*: The damage to Charleston has not been exaggerated. If the brick houses of that city were in New York to-day, seven out of every nine of them would be condemned by the city inspector and torn down before night. A new-comer riding through the city halts continually and forbids the driver to pass an impending building. He soon discovers that he can't ride without taking such risks. Three buildings fell yesterday. That is the beginning of the end. The inhabitants understand this and their nerves are strained accordingly. A sharp cough will stampede a crowd. While writing my dispatches I was frequently run out of the building.

The city is a wreck—a complete, pitiful, hopeless wreck. Its people are wrecked as hopelessly as its houses. What will become of it? It is hard to say that it will be wiped out of the system of American cities. That were incredible, but certainly no American city was ever in such straits. When Sherman put the torch to Atlanta and Columbia he did not inflict on both one-tenth of the damage that has been done to Charleston. Look at her history. In 1860 Charleston was the wealthiest city of its size in America, if not in the world. It had more banking than any city of similar size. Its homes were palaces, and its people were princes. Its bills of exchange were good in the city of Yeddo, and its bank notes were current in every American state. It held the South Atlantic slope in commercial domination, and sails of its commerce glistened on every sea. The Huguenot and the cavalier builded a society of which courage and integrity were the corner-stones, and culture and elegance the illumination. Exclusive, luxurious, beautiful, gold-tinted and open-handed Charleston was the pride and the glory of the old regime. As it was its glory so it was the last citadel of the old regime, and less than any Southern city did Charleston adapt itself to the social and business revolution that came with the late war. It clung to the old traditions, and in the shadow of its century old churches it made peace slowly with man, while it kept its faith with God. Its people looked back to their ancestors who had accepted exile with dignity and poverty without complaint, and they rather preferred gentle martyrdom to huckstering. They took little part in the desperate scramble for existence and preferment into which their competitors went. They rapidly lost their trade and a tremendous fall in values took place. Houses that cost $50,000 would not command more than a tenth of that. Even when values elsewhere had recovered from the war depression Crane, Bolyston & Co. sold a store that cost them $60,000 for the building alone in '56 for $8000 in 1879. The owners of Charleston homes refused to sell at any such prices, and indeed would hardly have sold at all. Impoverished to a pitiful degree, with no aptitude for new methods of business, they kept their splendid homes proudly and kept their counsel there. It is their homes that are now ruined and these people who are now helpless. The shock of the earthquake has thrown them out as birds are shaken from a fallen ruin. They can neither rebuild nor recuperate.

"Our people," said a prominent citizen, "are neither enterprising nor energetic in the accepted sense of these words."

They were crippled by the war, impoverished by the enormous decrease of city values and depressed by repeated disasters until they have largely lost the power of recovery. Our young men have left us. We have drawn in no new blood and opened no new avenues. We have lost control of every railroad that leads into the city and our trade has steadily diminished. The phosphate industry revived somewhat, but this last disaster, and what will assuredly follow, puts us back worse than ever. We have a few determined and hopeful men who will rally our people, but it appears to me our city is doomed. I speak not entirely to the discredit of Charleston when I say it, but it is strange that the same section should hold and the same people inhabit two cities so dissimilar at every point as Charleston and Atlanta."

In a talk with the Rev. Mr. Brown, the pastor of the Unitarian church in Charleston, he said: "I have been in Charleston for twelve years, and there are fewer outside people there now than when I went there. New people, as a rule, appear to have failed there and left in despair." Let us assume that the earthquake is over, as in all human probability it is. The coastal plain has taken its seaward slip and adjusted itself to its new quarters, but Charleston's trials have just begun. Her deplorable condition, which must become more wretched as the winter storms appear and the full damage is disclosed, entitles her to the sympathy of every citizen.

### Democratic Campaign Book.

Washington Special, Sept. 7.

John Kenna's long-expected brochure upon the science of government is called "The Campaign Book of the Democratic Party." The book is a combination of mild whoop over what the democratic administration has done, and a longer whine over what it has not done, because a republican senate, a republican minority, republican clerks, and republican what-not wouldn't let it. There are ten pages of exhaustive eulogy of Commissioner Sparks (evidently inspired by himself), every line an open insult to Secretary Lamar, who has systematically disapproved of nearly every act for which the land commissioner is so highly lauded by Kenna's committee. The statement is so full of what might be done, what could be done, what Mr. Sparks intended to do, and what great benefits would result from these things if he had done it, that the committee forgot entirely to mention any of the actual achievements of a democratic congress, a democratic commissioner, or a democratic president. Under the head of "Timber Thieving Checked," Mr. Kenna boldly charges the Montana Improvement company, in which "the Northern Pacific railroad is believed the principal owner," with being organized for this sort of business, and then goes on to land Sparks for peremptory measures to check the alleged "stripping of the public lands," but omits to mention the fact that Secretary Lamar completely overruled Sparks in every move in this matter, and displaced the commissioner's new regulations. Then follow a few pages of praise of Mr. Atkins's management of the Indian bureau, and the good condition of the Indians under Commissioner Price is shown to have continued without intermission under the present commissioner; but in this connection Mr. Kenna made his worst and most horrible break. He makes an attack upon President Arthur for signing the order throwing open the Crow Creek and Winnebago reservation that must recoil with terrible force upon the democratic party when the clean-handed purposes of Mr. Arthur are remembered. The remainder of the book is full of explanations. The land grant matters are also gone over, but the fact that Messrs. Cobb and Payson had determinedly killed the great measure in conference committee nowhere appears. Mr. Randall's failure to cut down appropriations closes the book.

### Theory and Practice.

Omaha World.

Noted publisher—"Yes, Mr. George, I have just read your books and am now so fully convinced that all property should be held in common that I intend to reprint them in a cheap form and sell them at cost so everybody, however poor, can read them."

Henry George—"But, my dear sir—"

"No buts, I beg of you. I would not stoop to make a penny on them."

"But I have given one publishing firm the monopoly of printing them, and I get a share in the profits, don't you know."

"Oh!"

'Tis SOZODONT the whole world tries
'Tis SOZODONT which purifies
The breath and mouth, and dirt defies.
'Tis SOZODONT for which we cry,
Sweet SOZODONT for which we sigh,
'Tis only SOZODONT we buy.

DR. HENLEY'S POPULAR REMEDY
Has the largest sale, and has relieved and cured more persons afflicted with nervous troubles than any known remedy. Sold by all druggists and country dealers. Wm. T. Atwood, Agt., 111 Front st., Portland.

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SICK HEADACHE,
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CELEBRATED
LIVER PILLS
PREPARED BY
FLEMING BROS.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
BE SURE YOU GET THE GENUINE.
The Counterfeits are made in St. Louis, Mo.
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GRAEFENBERG CATHOLICON
Cures Female Complaints. A Great Kidney Remedy. ☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Farmington, W. T.

THE FARMINGTON BRANCH OF THE O. R. & N. Co's Railway line being in operation to this terminal point, blocks and lots in a railroad addition are now offered for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Preference in prices given to parties building. Farmington is beautifully located and central to the richest and most densely settled portion of the Palouse country. Six miles distant from present southern terminus of the Spokane and Palouse branch of the Northern Pacific Railroad, also in operation, thus affording competing traffic lines. Water, lumber and building stone of excellent quality in abundance.
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Townsite Agent and General Real Estate Agent.
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Steamer "SALEM,"
For Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Roger's Landing, Dayton and way landings, leaving Sigler & Struble's wharf, foot of Washington street, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7 A. M.
Returning leaves Dayton Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 A. M. No detention at Oregon City.
8slm E. W. SPENCER.

Oregon City Route.
STEAMER LATONA, ON AND AFTER MAY 1st will leave Taylor St. Dock, Portland at 10 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.; Oregon City, 7:30 and 1 P. M. Sundays, leave Portland at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Oregon City at 8 A. M. and 3 P. M. A. B. GRAHAM, Agent.

ALASKA STEAMER.
The Steamship "Idaho"
Will sail for Alaska and way ports
FRIDAY, SEPT. 17th, at 5 P. M.
Freight received at steamship wharf (when accompanied by proper customs papers) from 8 A. M. Sept. 15th up to noon of date of sailing.
1583 JOHN MUIR, Traffic Manager.

SUTTON & CO'S DISPATCH LINE.
FROM NEW YORK FOR PORTLAND, OR., DIRECT.
The Favorite A1 First-class Clipper Ship
WILLIAM H. STARBUCK,
REED.............................Master
Will be ready for cargo September 15th, and will have quick dispatch. SUTTON & CO., 82 South st., N.Y.
SUTTON & BEEBE, Agents,
16 North Front st., Portland, Or. 5a2m

Portland and LaCamas Route.
On and after Monday, April 12 the STR. TRAVELER will leave Columbia River Paper Co's Dock, foot of Alder st., every day at 2 P. M., for LaCamas. Returning, leave LaCamas at 7 A. M., calling at Vancouver, Fisher's and all intermediate landings. For freight or passage apply at dock or on boat.
W. S. BUCHANAN, Master.

Willamette Steamboat Co's Str's
MULTNOMAH and CALLIOPE (Capt. W. H. Pope; Purser, E. Sullivan) leave Portland daily at 2 P. M. (wharf foot of Alder st., south side) for Vancouver, Fisher's Landing, LaCamas, Washougal, Van's Landing, Cape Horn. 15n

Vancouver Transportation Co.'s
STRS. LURLINE OF VANCOUVER,
Capt. Jas. T. Gray, leave Portland at 3 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Morrison street.
TOWING between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

NORTH YAMHILL
—AND—
TILLAMOOK STAGE
Leaves North Yamhill
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 A. M., taking breakfast at Petche's at 8 A. M.; dinner at Toll Gate at 2:30 P. M. Arrive at Tillamook at 6 P. M.
Leaves Tillamook
Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays at 6 A. M.
We have now placed a covered and easy riding, thoroughbrace on the route, and the accommodations are the very best. For further information address
TILLAMOOK STAGE CO.,
1Sd1m Carlton, Oregon.

For Astoria—Fast Time.
STR. TELEPHONE
LEAVES MORRISON ST. TUESDAY, THURSday and Saturday at 6 A. M.—on Sunday at 9 A. M. Returning, leaves Astoria, Monday, Wednesday, Friday at 6 A. M., and Saturday at 3 P. M.
Close connections at Kalama with N. P. R. R. to Sound.
Connections at Portland with O. & C. and Westside Trains, Vancouver and Oregon City boats, and Eastern bound trains. E. A. SEELY, Agent; Portland.
U. B. SCOTT, Pres't. Telephone No. 351.

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The Genuine has the FULL NAME,
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ON THE TIN TAG.
Don't be deceived. You are imposed upon if the initials
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Are not on the Tin Tag.
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By F. HUMPHREYS, M. D.
RICHLY BOUND IN
CLOTH and GOLD
Mailed Free.

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| 15 | Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains...... | .50 |
| 16 | Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria..... | .50 |
| 17 | Piles, Blind or Bleeding.............. | .50 |
| 19 | Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head. | .50 |
| 20 | Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs... | .50 |
| 24 | General Debility, Physical Weakness | .50 |
| 27 | Kidney Disease........................ | .50 |
| 28 | Nervous Debility...................... | 1.00 |
| 30 | Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed..... | .50 |
| 32 | Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation.. | 1.00 |

SPECIFICS.
Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., 109 Fulton St., N.Y.

Scientific Press
PATENT
AGENCY.
DEWEY & CO., 252 Market St., S. F.

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

Oregon R'y & Navigation Co.
THE ONLY ROUTE TO THE EAST.
Through tickets at lowest rates, and full and reliable information can be obtained only at
ASH STREET WHARF.
Train for the East leaves Ash st. every day at 3 P. M.
Train from the East arrives at 10:30 A. M.
Pullman Sleeping Cars run through to St. Paul, Council Bluffs and Dayton, and close connections made with both Northern Pacific and Union Pacific trains at their western termini.

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

| FROM PORTLAND. Leaving at 12 Midnight, as follows: | FROM SAN FRANCISCO. Leaving Spear st. wharf at 10 A. M., as follows: |
|---|---|
| Oregon, Monday...Aug. 16 | Columbia, Sunday..Aug. 15 |
| Columbia, Thurs'y..Aug. 19 | State, Wednesday...Aug. 18 |
| State, Sunday.......Aug. 22 | Oregon, Saturday...Aug. 21 |
| Oregon, Wedn'sd'y..Aug. 25 | Columbia, Tuesday..Aug. 24 |
| Columbia, Satur'y..Aug. 28 | State, Friday.........Aug. 27 |
| State, Wednesday..Sept. 1 | Oregon, Monday....Aug. 30 |
| Oregon, Saturday...Sept. 4 | Columbia, Friday...Sept. 3 |
| Columbia, Th'rsd'y..Sept. 9 | State, Wednesday..Sept. 8 |
| State, Tuesday......Sept. 14 | Oregon, Monday....Sept. 13 |
| Oregon, Sunday.....Sept. 19 | Columbia, Satu'd'y..Sept. 18 |
| Columbia, Friday...Sept. 24 | State, Thursday.....Sept. 23 |
| State, Wednesday..Sept. 29 | Oregon, Tuesday...Sept. 28 |

The Company reserves the right to change steamers or sailing days.

TO ASTORIA, ILWACO, CLATSOP, CANBY.
U. S. Mail Steamer leaves Ash st. daily, except Sunday, at 6 A. M., for Astoria.
TO DALLES AND CASCADES.
Leave Ash street at 7 A. M., except Sunday.
TO OREGON CITY AND DAYTON.
Steamer leaves Portland at 7 A. M., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Dayton and way points. Returning, leave Dayton at 6 A. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.
A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.
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CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
SHORTEST, QUICKEST,
AND IN EVERY RESPECT
THE BEST ROUTE
—TO—
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Halifax, Portland, Boston, New York, Chicago, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, and All Points East and Southeast.
Finest Dining & Sleeping-Car Route in the World!
Private Drawing Rooms, Luxurious Smoking Rooms and Elegant Bath Rooms attached to all sleepers.
New and Elegant Second-class Sleepers from Port Moody to Montreal, Free of Charge!
Courteous Employes, Splendid Passenger Equipments, Three Thousand Miles of Smooth Steel Rail Track, Ballasted Along its Entire Length!
An Ever-Changing Panorama of Grand and Magnificent Scenery!
The journey from the Pacific to the Atlantic by this new transcontinental line is one of uninterrupted magnificence from start to finish. Mountains, lakes, rivers! Passing through the most magnificent canyons in the world! Twenty miles along a glacier front! The Rocky Mountains! The Selkirks and the Gold Range!—Eclipse in Grandeur and Sublimity that of the Alps of Switzerland!
The Canadian Pacific Railway is the Only Line to the East from Portland via Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, and All Puget Sound Points!
Sleeping Car accommodations reserved in advance.
RAPID TRANSIT—LOWEST RATES!
For full information or tickets call on or address
C. F. DIXON, Passenger and Ticket Agt.
2stf No. 6 Washington st., Portland, Or.

OREGON PACIFIC RAILROAD
ONLY POPULAR ROUTE
OVER PICTURESQUE RANGES
Fast Time! Sure Connection! New Equipment!
225 MILES SHORTER!
20 HOURS' LESS TIME!
Accommodations Unsurpassed for Comfort and Safety!—Fares and Freights MUCH LESS than by any other route between all points in Willamette Valley and San Francisco!
Only Route to that Popular Summer Resort
YAQUINA BAY!
Where, for MODERATE EXPENSE, you can enjoy
FINER Surf Bathing! Beach for Driving and Walking! Fishing in River and Brooks!
FINER Deep Sea Fishing! Hotels & Better Accommodations
Than Any Other Summer Resort on the Coast of Oregon.
DAILY PASSENGER TRAINS
(Except Sundays)
Leave Corvallis at 2 P.M. | Leave Yaquina at 7:10 A.M.
Oregon and California Westside trains connect at Corvallis.
Oregon and California Eastside trains connect with stages at Albany at 12:05 P. M.
Round Trip Tickets at Excursion Rates good till Sept. 30th.
THE FINE A1 STEAMSHIP
YAQUINA CITY
—SAILS—

| FROM YAQUINA: | FROM SAN FRANCISCO. |
|---|---|
| Thursday..........Sept. 2 | Wednesday........Sept. 8 |
| Tuesday...........Sept. 14 | Monday............Sept. 20 |
| Sunday............Sept. 26 | Saturday..........Oct. 2 |
| Friday.............Oct. 8 | Thursday..........Oct. 14 |
| Wednesday........Oct. 20 | Tuesday...........Oct. 26 |

The Company reserves the right to change sailing days.
FARES—Rail and Cabin $14—Rail and Steerage $9 83
For further information apply to
C. C. HOGUE, A. G. F. & P. Agt., Corvallis.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA
VIA
Oregon & California R. R.
And Connections............Time 2½ Days.
Fare to San Francisco $32; to Sacramento $30
Close connections made at Ashland with stages of the California, Oregon and Idaho Stage Company.
(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
East Side Division.
BETWEEN PORTLAND AND ASHLAND
Mail Train.

| LEAVE. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland........ | 7:30 A. M. | Ashland.......... | 4:15 A. M. |
| Ashland......... | 9:30 P. M. | Portland.......... | 4:25 P. M. |

Albany Express Train.

| LEAVE. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland........ | 4:00 P. M. | Lebanon.......... | 9:20 P. M. |
| Lebanon........ | 4:45 A. M. | Portland.......... | 10:05 A. M. |

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
Daily between Portland and Ashland.
The O. & C. R. R. Ferry makes connection with all the regular trains on the East Side Div. from foot of F st.
West Side Division.
BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS
Mail Train.

| LEAVE. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland........ | 7:30 A. M. | Corvallis......... | 12:25 P. M. |
| Corvallis........ | 1:30 P. M. | Portland.......... | 6:15 P. M. |

At Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Pacific R.R. for Yaquina Bay.
Express Train.

| LEAVE. | | ARRIVE. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Portland........ | 4:50 P. M. | McMinnville...... | 8:00 P. M. |
| McMinnville..... | 5:45 A. M. | Portland.......... | 9:00 A. M. |

Local tickets for sale and baggage checked at company's up-town office, cor. Pine and Second streets. Tickets for principal points in California can only be procured and baggage checked at company's office,
Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.
Freight will not be received for shipment after five o'clock P. M. on either the East or West Side Division.
R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROGERS, G. F. & Pass. Agent.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE.
Northern Pacific Railroad!
Shortest Line to Chicago & the East.
The Shortest Line to Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, New Orleans, and all points south and southeast,
VIA
ST. PAUL and MINNEAPOLIS.
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.
Is the ONLY Line Running
Passenger Trains,
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars,
Palace Dining Cars (meals 75c),
Luxuriant Day Coaches,
Emigrant Sleepers (free of charge),
From Washington and Oregon Points
To The East
VIA ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.
SEE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ
Via the Northern Pacific R. R. and avoid change of cars.
Leave Portland at 3 P. M. daily; arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul at noon, fourth day.
PACIFIC DIVISION.
Train leaves Front and G daily at 11:00 A. M.; arrive New Tacoma 6:15 P. M., connecting with Co's boats for all points on Puget Sound.
CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul.
A. D. CHARLTON, Gen'l West'n Pass. Agent,
No. 2 Washington st., Portland.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!
Slab wood—$1 50 per load—from WEIDLER'S MILL. Orders left at mill or in the box at Bos Saloon will be promptly attended to.
W. S. M. L. & M. CO.

BANKS.

Merchants National Bank,
PORTLAND, OR.,
TRANSACTS GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
President...............................JAMES STEEL
Vice President.......................W. C. JOHNSON
Cashier..................................I. A. MACRUM
ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT available throughout the United States.
SELLS SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER on San Francisco and New York.
MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms.
VAN B. DELASHMUTT, President. JUDGE W. W. THAYER, Vice-President.
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Metropolitan Savings Bank
Transacts a General Banking Business; allows interest on deposits as follows:
On 3 months certificates 4 per cent.
On 6 months certificates 5 per cent.
On 12 months certificates 6 per cent.
Directors:
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Judge E. D. Shattuck, H. W. Monastes,
Sylvester Farrell, Dr. W. H. Saylor,
Hon. Richard Williams, Dr. S. J. Barber,
Van B. DeLashmutt, L. F. Powers,
C. H. Dodd.

Commercial National Bank
OF PORTLAND.
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
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Vice President............................R. M. W
Cashier.....................................R. L. DUR
Assistant Cashier.........................H. C. WORTMA
SIGHT EXCHANGE & TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFER, sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, Omaha, St. Paul, San Francisco and all principal places throughout the northwest.
EXCHANGE sold on principal cities in Europe and on Hong Kong.
Collections Receive Prompt Attention.

Bank of British Columbia.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid-up Capital.........................$1,250,000
Reserve.....................................400,000
Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.
Branches—Portland, San Francisco, Victoria.
This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange business. Loans made; Bills Discounted and Commercial Credits granted. Deposits received on current account, subject to check; also on special certificate. FREDK TOWNSEND Manager.

Ladd & Tilton, Bankers,
Transact a General Banking Business.
INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.
COLLECTIONS made at all points on favorable terms.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia.
EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort and Hongkong.

THE
Portland National Bank.
Transacts a General Banking Business,
ACCOUNTS kept, subject to check,
SELLS EXCHANGE on San Francisco and New York,
MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms,
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.
WILLIAM REID..........................President
GEN. RUFUS INGALLS.................Vice-President
D. F. SHERMAN.........................Cashier

London and San Francisco Bank.
LIMITED.
Capital and Reserve.....................$2,300,000
Head Office, 22 Old Broad st., London.
This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange business; makes loans; discounts bills, and issues commercial and travellers' credits, available in any city in the world.
Portland Branch, 48 First St.
W. MACKINTOSH, Manager.

FRANK DEKUM, President | W. K. SMITH, Vice Pres't | H. C. STRATTON, Cashier.
The Portland Savings Bank
OF PORTLAND, OR.,
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
DIRECTORS:
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Sol. Hirsch, C. A. Dolph, Ward S. Stevens,
E. J. Jeffery, R. M. Wade, Cleveland Rockwell.
Frank Dekum, Geo. H. Durham,
S. W. cor. Second and Washington sts.

OREGON & WASHINGTON
Mortgage Savings Bank
81 First street, Portland, Or.
Rates of Interest on Deposits,
Three months 4 per cent.
Six months 5 "
Nine months 5½ "
One Year 6 "
LOANED ON MORTGAGES
$7,597,721 in 11 Years.
CORRESPONDENCE
Is solicited, and every information and facility for examination will be furnished by applying to
WILLIAM REID, President.
CITY, COUNTY AND SCHOOL BONDS WANTED.

First National Bank
OF PORTLAND.
Designated Depositary and Financial Agent of the United States.
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Vice President............................H. W. COR
Cashier.....................................G. E. WITHING
Assistant Cashier..........................H. J. CORB
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.
SIGHT EXCHANGE & TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, St. P. Omaha, San Francisco, and the principal points in the Northwest.
SIGHT and TIME BILLS drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Hong-Kong.
COLLECTIONS made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

INSURANCE.

THE OREGON
[illegible]
OF PORTLAND.
Capital Authorized............................$500,000 00
Capital Paid Up.................................$80,100 00
Assets.............................................. 033,691 1
Net Surplus....................................... 68,092 0
Principal Office...........51 Stark st.

THE THAMES & MERSEY MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LIVERPOOL.
Capital........................................$2,000,000
Reserve fund, (in addition)...............$375,
Deposit in Oregon.........................$16,
☞ Agency in Portland at No. 4 First street.
PHILIP C. SCHUYLER, Agent.

Union Insurance Company
FIRE AND MARINE.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
Capital - - - $750,000
AGENCY OREGON DIVISION,
No. 9 Stark St.
JAMES S. REED, Agent.

MARKETS

O'SHEA BROS.,
Wholesale Butchers & Packers
And Retail Dealers in all kinds of Meats.
Special attention given to supplying ships.
Stalls 28, 29 and 34 Central Market, Portland.

PACIFIC MARKET.
M. M. SPAULDING. THOS. PAPWORTH
SPAULDING & PAPWORTH,
BUTCHERS AND PACKERS, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF MEATS,
Corner Third and Ash Streets.

A. H. JOHNSON,
CENTRAL MARKET,
Wholesale Butcher and Packer
Special attention paid to supplying ships.
Highest cash price paid for all kinds of

[illegible]
ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED BO
No nauseous doses of cubebs, copaiba or oi
dalwood, that are certain to produce dyspepsia
stroying the coatings of the stomach.
Price $1.50. Sold by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price. For further particulars send for circular. P. O. Box 1533. J. C. ALLAN CO.,
83 John st., New York.

DR. FONG LEE,
Having secured the services of DR. CHIN CHEW, formerly with Dr. Wing Lee, has Portland for the practice of medicine, and American and Chinese patronage.
Chronic Diseases a Specialty.
The highest degree of skill warranted in all
Office at No. 30 Pine st., bet. First Second.

# THE CITY COUNCIL.

## The Legal Problem of Repairing Sidewalks Explained.

### FARRELL ELECTED PRESIDENT.

**Nomination of T B Trevett as Fire Commissioner Rejected—Report on the Tanner Creek Culvert—Street Work.**

A regular meeting of the common council was held last evening, Mayor Gates presiding, and all the members present except Holland.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

COMMUNICATIONS, PETITIONS, ETC

From B. P. Cardwell, president of police commissioners, stating that they have requested the chief of police to enforce not only ordinance No 3893 but all ordinances enacted by the council pertaining to the police department, filed.

From the Western Union telegraph company, asking permission to erect a post in front of their branch office on Morrison street, granted.

From J Bovick, asking permission to erect a lamp in front of his place of business granted

From T. B. Allen and others, asking that a lamp be erected at the junction of Sixth and South Sixth streets referred to committee on streets.

From W. F. Burrell and others, asking for a lamp at the intersection of Madison and Ninth, same reference.

From the Northwest Coast Dairy association, asking for the use of the council chamber on Thursday, October 14, granted.

From E. Corbett, asking the city to purchase the street sweeper which it has used for the past nine months, referred to committee on streets

From Jasper Ward and others, asking for lamps on Corbett street at its intersections with Porter, Woods and Grover streets, referred to committee on streets

From Matthew P. Deady, J C Ainsworth and others, asking that Seventh street be extended to a convenient connection with North Seventh referred to committee on streets

From Sister Mary Teresa, mother superior of St. Vincent's hospital, asking the council to release block 293, sold at chief of police sale on payment of $738, and that costs and interest be remitted, granted.

From the board of fire commissioners, asking the passage of an ordinance for the protection of the fire alarm telegraph filed

From Smith Bros. & Co and the Portland Lumber Manufacturing company, asking permission to erect a wharf at a point 100 feet north and 100 feet south of the point where the line between the Coffin and Caruthers claims touches the river, and said wharf to conform with the established wharf line of the city referred to committee on landings and wharves.

THE QUESTION OF REPAIRS TO SIDEWALKS

City Attorney Tanner submitted the following report

To the Mayor and Common Council of the City of Portland *Gentlemen*—Pursuant to the resolution of your honorable body requiring the city attorney to submit an opinion on the question of the power and authority of the city of Portland to repair the streets and sidewalks, and whether the city can and what process is necessary to compel the property owners to pay the expenses of such repairs, I submit the following opinion in relation thereto

The charter, which of course is the source of all the power and authority the city has in the matter provides as follows

Subdivision 13 of section 37 gives the city power and authority "to provide for the prevention and removal of all obstructions from the streets cross and sidewalks, and for the cleaning and repairing of the same"

Sections 122 and 123 provide as follows.

Sec. 122 The council is authorized to repair any street or part thereof whenever it deems it expedient and to declare by ordinance before doing the same whether the cost thereof shall be assessed upon the adjacent property or paid out of the general fund of the city

Sec 123. If the council declares that a proposed repair shall be made at the cost of the adjacent property thereafter the proposed repair is to be deemed an "improvement" and shall be made accordingly, but if it declares that the cost of the same shall be paid out of the general fund such repairs may be made as the ordinance may provide and be paid for accordingly

These are all the provisions there are in the charter relating specially to the repair of streets and sidewalks and the power of the city in the premises does not extend beyond them

It is clear from these provisions that the city has ample power to repair streets and sidewalks and pay for doing the same out of the general fund, and it may do this by directing the proper officers to have the necessary repairs made and auditing and allowing the bills therefor, or by passing an ordinance providing for the kind of repairs to be made and letting the work to the lowest bidder as other street work is done, paying for the same out of the general fund as other bills against the city are paid

Where, however, the expense of making such repairs is to be charged against and made a lien upon abutting property a different and more dilatory process is necessary

The theory of the law is that no man's property shall be charged with a special tax without giving him notice and an opportunity to be heard, and in conformity with this principle before the expense of repairs to streets or sidewalks can be made a lien upon adjacent property the charter requires that the council must by ordinance first declare its intention to make such repairs at the cost of adjacent property and that thereafter it is to be treated and proceeded with as if it was an original improvement the result of which is to require ten days notice to be given by the council after the passage of such ordinance of its intention to make such repairs at the cost of the adjacent property, the property owners then have ten days from the final publication of such notice to file a remonstrance against the proposed repairs and if the owners of two thirds of the property adjacent thereto sign such remonstrance the city cannot proceed any further in the matter If, however no such remonstrance is made the council can proceed to make the repairs in the same manner it does in making a regular street improvement, and assess the cost of making the same in the same manner and with like effect The steps necessary to be taken in such case are briefly these, viz

1. Passage of ordinance declaring the intention of the council to repair the street and sidewalk at the cost of the adjacent property
2. Ten days notice of such intention.
3. Ten days allowed for remonstrance
4. Passing ordinance providing for the time and manner of making such repairs
5. Advertising for bids and letting contracts
6. Making estimate and assessing cost thereof and entering same in docket of city liens and giving notice thereof as required by the charter
7. Issuing warrants and levy upon and sale of property assessed where the assessments thereon remain unpaid.

This, of course makes it a dilatory and long drawn out proceeding, but such is the charter and such is the law

There is an ordinance imposing a fine upon those who refuse to repair the streets and sidewalks in front of their property after being notified so to do but such fines do not go to repair the street or sidewalk, as the case may be nor provide for making the expense thereof a lien upon adjacent property Respectfully submitted

A H TANNER City Attorney

On motion the report was adopted

THE TANNER CREEK CULVERT

To the Hon the Common Council of the City of Portland—*Gentlemen*, In pursuance of directions contained in a report of the judiciary committee adopted at your meeting of August [illegible] instructing me to survey a line for the Tanner creek sewer I have surveyed and located a line therefor and herewith submit a map showing the proposed location of said sewer

The line of the Tanner creek sewer as located by me, begins at the northerly end of the present sewer under B street at the crossing of North Fourteenth street, to-wit at a point [illegible] northerly from the north line of B street and forty four feet easterly from the east line of North Fourteenth street, and runs thence in a straight line to the southerly end of the redwood culvert for Tanner creek constructed by the Portland Gas company, at a point one foot west from the east line of North Thirteenth street and sixty one feet northerly from the north line of C street thence following the course of the said redwood culvert and the brick culvert constructed by the city under H street to the northerly end of said last named culvert which is on block 81 in Couch's addition at a point twenty-seven feet northerly from the north line of H street and twenty feet east from the east line of North Twelfth street thence in a straight line to a point [illegible] feet westerly from the west line of North Eleventh street and twenty five feet south from the [illegible] line of I street thence in a straight line to a point twelve feet northerly from the south line of [illegible] street and twelve feet west from the [illegible] line of North Tenth street thence in a straight line to the center line of North [illegible] street at a point twelve feet southerly from the [illegible] line of [illegible] street thence northerly [illegible] to North Eighth street to the east [illegible] of North Front street and thence easterly in a straight line to North Front street to low water line of the Willamette river provided that all turns in the line of the proposed sewer shall be made on curves described with a radius of 100 feet

I find that the wooden sewer or culvert constructed by the Portland Gas company to [illegible] the water of Tanner creek through block [illegible] in Couch's addition is only five feet in inside diameter while the brick culverts constructed by the city for the same stream both above and below said block [illegible] are six feet in diameter

I have the notes of levels from which to make a profile map of the ground along the line of the above designated which will be submitted to your honorable body within a few days All of which is respectfully submitted W S CHAPMAN

City Surveyor

On motion the report was adopted

OTHER REPORTS

From the committee on commerce, recommending that further consideration of Gerdes's ordinance, providing for levying a tax for harbor dues, be indefinitely postponed laid on the table at the request of Gerdes, who wishes to furnish a lot of statistics.

From the committee on streets, recommending that the further consideration of William Sweeney's application for the position of overseer of street cleaning be indefinitely postponed, adopted.

From the same committee, recommending that the contract for a sewer in West Park street be awarded to John Gibson; adopted.

From the judiciary committee, recommending that further consideration of the remonstrance of the Terminal Co. against the improvement of Seventh street be indefinitely postponed, adopted.

From same committee, recommending that the bill of Wm. Beck for use of guns be referred to the police commissioners as the guns were for the police force, adopted.

CLAIMS ORDERED PAID.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Electric Light Co | $1631 41 | Willamette Ste'm Mills | 6 80 |
| A. J Spicer | 46 24 | Smith Bros &Co. | 3 21 |
| R H Schwab & Bro | 30 50 | OREGONIAN | 1 80 |
| *Daily News* | 49 75 | Portland Ice Co | 4 05 |
| W B Ayer & Co | 18 17 | Thompson, De-Hart & Co | 3 00 |
| R H Lamson | 10 00 | Water Co | 617 05 |
| Bennett & Barr'y | 3 75 | Hydraulic Co | 142 45 |
| Zan Bros | 10 00 | | |

NEW ORDINANCES.

Adopting the report of the viewers in the matter of the extension of Kelly street. Read twice

Accepting the improvements on Sherman street made by Jasper Ward, and directing the payment therefor. Passed.

Providing for the time and manner of improving Corbett street from Lane to a point 130 feet south of Third avenue. Read twice

Changing and establishing the grade of S street at the intersection of North Twenty-first street Passed

Providing for the time and manner of constructing a sewer in Fourth street from Harrison to a point 1[illegible]0 feet north of Lincoln street. Passed

Authorizing a contract with McKercher & Thompson for stationery Passed

Making an appropriation of $750 out of the general fund for sprinkling streets Passed

Authorizing the reconveyance to Wm Sherlock certain property held under chief of police sale for delinquent assessment. Passed.

Providing for the protection of the fire alarm telegraph read twice and referred to committee on fire and water

Extending the time for completing the Harrison street sewer till December 25, passed

Authorizing the construction of a wharf in the Willamette river by Smith Bros. and the Willamette Lumbering Co., 100 feet long on each side of the line between the Coffin and Caruthers claims read twice and referred to committee on landings and wharves

ENGROSSED ORDINANCES

Providing for the time and manner of improving North Seventh street from A to North First passed

Providing for tags for licensed dogs passed

Declaring the probable cost of improving Jackson street, and making an appropriation of $1[illegible] 83 to pay for the same passed

Declaring the probable cost of improving Sherman street from Fifth to Seventh, and making appropriation therefor passed

Making an appropriation out of the Harrison street sewer fund of $6701 80 to pay for said sewer, passed

ELECTION OF A PRESIDENT

On motion of Gallagher the council proceeded to the election of a president

On the first ballot Mr Farrell received seven votes and was declared duly elected

A NOMINATION REJECTED

On motion of Woodward, the council took up the appointment of T. B Trevett for fire commissioner

Gallagher in a speech of about half an hour gave a great number of reasons why he could not vote for Mr Trevett, the most important of which was that Mr Trevett was not a democrat.

A motion to confirm the appointment was lost by 5 nays to 2 yeas, Gerdes and Woodward voting yea. Adjourned

## THE EAST SIDE

**Insane Woman—Pleasant Driving Party—Two Deaths—Personal Notes.**

A MOONLIGHT VISIT TO INGLESIDE

About 8 o clock last evening a large party of young ladies and gentlemen, according to previous arrangements, wended their way to Beck's livery stable, where they took seats in two large spring wagons, each drawn by four horses, and were driven to Ingleside farm, the beautiful home of Mr. Levi Knott. The evening was cool and pleasant and the ride was heartily enjoyed. Upon reaching their destination the party was received with great cordiality by the members of Mr Knott's family, who had anticipated their arrival, and in a few moments all were perfectly at home and enjoying themselves in various ways There was music and dancing, and a variety of games, moonlight walks in the garden, etc, which kept all in the best of spirits. Refreshments of the choicest kind were partaken of and heartily enjoyed, and at 12 o'clock the party took their leave and were driven to their homes. The following are the names of the party The Misses Carrie Beveridge, Frankie Martin, Mamie Martin, Fannie Bullock, Eva Fernau, Nellie Reynolds, Mamie Mayo and Kate Coburn Messrs Joseph Knott, Joseph Beveridge, Jack Sears, Eugene Ferguson Fred Smith, Fred Bullock, Walter Knott, Charles Bullock, Harry Knott, Al McEwan, Clarence Wheeler, Will Avery, Ralph Lee, Will Ma[illegible] and Ed Martin

ADJUDGED INSANE

Dr C H Raffety and County Judge Catlin were called upon Tuesday to examine a Mrs Priscilla Mixer, who resides on the Milwaukie road near the Half Way house, as to her sanity It seems she has been for several years past afflicted with a suicidal mania, and has several times attempted to take her life by cutting herself, and has expressed a desire to fire the house On the examination it was learned that she had twice been an inmate of the insane asylum at Stockton, Cal, and some time ago, her condition being somewhat improved, her daughter, who resided here, thinking she would be able to take care of her, had her brought here, but her malady returned and she has had to be constantly watched for fear she would take her life After the examination both the doctor and the judge were convinced that she was a fit subject for the insane asylum, and an order was given to have her taken to Salem

A DASTARDLY ACT

Some time during Tuesday night last some mean specimen of humanity cut off about 22 inches of the tail of a fine Jersey cow belonging to Capt Miles Bell while it was grazing on the old asylum grounds The switch of the tail, about 20 inches in length, together with about 2 inches of the bone, was cut off, thereby badly disfiguring the animal. The cow was one of a pair very nearly alike and was a great pet with the family The captain says he would willingly give $25 for a lock at the fiend who committed the dastardly act.

DEATHS

An infant son of Mr and Mrs W D Case, died on Tuesday evening The funeral took place from the residence on the corner of Sixteenth and Wilder streets, Sullivan's addition, at [illegible] o'clock yesterday afternoon, Rev I D. Driver, officiating

Mr John Cunlan who has been for over a year past afflicted with consumption, died at his residence on Fourth street, in this city, at 12 o'clock yesterday The funeral will take place at St Francis Catholic church, on J street, this morning at [illegible] o'clock, when mass will be said Friends of the family are invited to attend

PERSONALS

Rev C J Yil[illegible] of Blue Springs, Neb., accompanied by his wife and child, arrived in this city this morning They are guests at the residence of Rev C C [illegible]ding, where they will remain a few days and then go to Independence

Mr George Fox left on the evening train yesterday for Southern Oregon, where he goes on business connected with the O & C railroad He expects to return on Monday next.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL

Another fine audience gathered at the tabernacle last night to hear Dr Lecleston lecture on "St Paul's Cathedral—Old and New The lecturer in a brief prelude spoke of the ancient worship of the Britons and the Druid temples of the past and their present remains Old St Paul's cathedral, the wonder of architecture, was then described, and excellent views shown of it Brief accounts of the lives of eminent persons there buried were given and a graphic description of the great fire of London The lecturer is thoroughly versed in both ancient and modern history, and as he proceeds, scene after scene appears on the canvas, English history becomes a reality and the past lives again He has won great renown in other cities and it is with pleasure that we note the Young Men's Christian association [illegible] our citizens with such eminent talent They are making extensive preparation for a winter course that is to surpass anything before attempted

The illustrations last evening were even better than on Tuesday fully covering the immense screen which is [illegible] feet square The Doctor's operator not coming as was expected, the work was entrusted to Mr R I I Ross, of this city, the stereopticon used being owned by the boys branch of the Y M C A.

Announcement was made of the lecture course soon to be commenced by the association and of a mass meeting in the interest of the association to be held in the tabernacle next Wednesday with Mr. H. J. McCoy, general secretary of the San Francisco association, Mr C S Mason state secretary of California, and Major Thomas Hardie, president of the last international convention, as speakers.

# THE STATE FAIR.

## Fine Exhibit of Stock, Grains, Fruits and Grasses.

### KITTY LYNCH WILL TROT FRIDAY.

**How the Protest was Settled—Repetta Wins the 1 1-16 Dash—Fred Hambleton the 2 35 Trot—General Notes.**

FAIR GROUNDS, Sept. 15.—There is a look of old times about the grounds to-day. The attendance, which is sufficiently great to crowd all centers of interest, numbers at least 6000 The Portland train was composed of nine cars which emptied themselves here, and the trains from the south were proportionately large All the exhibits are in shape at last and the judges are engaged busily in awarding premiums.

THE STOCK PENS

Are unusually well filled and attractive, and long lines of people are constantly marching about among them Here as elsewhere the rule against ticketing exhibits with the names of exhibitors is enforced, and visitors are thus left in ignorance of the chief item of interest. Nobody has yet been able to find out the reason of this rule. Following is a list of the cattle exhibit

Henry Myers of Polk county, eight head of shorthorns

W S Ladd of Portland nine head of shorthorns of different ages

S Condit of Aumsville, three shorthorns

G W Dimick eleven head of shorthorns Mr Dimick has also ten head of polled Angus all imported and seven head of Jerseys

Wm Fuqua of Polk county five head of shorthorns [illegible] three year old bull and two are three year old cows one heifer calf and one male calf

[illegible] of [illegible] City Missouri, seven head of Her[illegible]

R W Carey of Marion county two full blood Aberdeen bulls one three quarters [illegible] one half bred heifer and one half breed cow Also a Jersey bull and cow

[illegible] Apperson of Clackamas county nine head of Jerseys imported and home bred

[illegible] Looney of Marion county twelve head of Jerseys

T H Tongue of Hillsboro a herd of Ayershires

[illegible] Sternam of Wilhoit Clackamas county one Jersey bull

Allen & Misher one Jersey bull

A M [illegible] of Lane county an imported Holstein bull

N Humphreys of Eugene two full blood Holstein heifers one two year old bull and two calves

D C Stewart & sons of Washington county thirteen head of Holstein mostly imported

C A Wallace of McMinnville, imported Holstein bull Solon Prince and cow and calf same breed

A Bush of Salem five head of Guernseys

SHEEP AND GOATS.

Following is a list of the sheep exhibits

Ladd & Reed from their Bachelor Island farm two yearling ewes of Leicester breed two Cotswolds lambs of both breeds also yearling rams same breeds and one Lincoln yearling

Mr Hatt of Eastern Oregon, three Spanish merino bucks imported this year

David Craig eight Cotswolds, lambs, ewes and bucks

G G Glenn of Marion county, nine head of New Oxfordshires bucks ewes and lambs. Mr Glenn has also two grades from crosses with merino

George H Hunt of Marion county twelve head of Shropshire imported and home bred and a pair of Leicesters

D M Guthrie of Polk county twenty-five head of French, Spanish and American merinos, lambs, bucks and ewes

Dr Withycomb of Washington thirteen head of Spanish merinos, bucks ewes and lambs.

John Minto fifteen head of Spanish merinos, rams ewes and lambs and eight American merinos

J L Parrish of Marion county one Shropshire buck and fifteen graded Shropshires and merinos.

John West of Marion county, two Cotswold bucks one Leicester ewe and seven grades

R Strickland of Clackamas county six Cotswolds

F Yocum of Polk county nine thoroughbred Angora goats raised on his place and selected from a band of 700

Mr Miller of Marion county and Mr Claggett also of Marion county exhibit some fine goats

HOG EXHIBITS.

T H Tongue of Washington county two Berkshire sows, bred from an imported boar Mr Tongue also exhibits his three-months pigs of the same breed

N I Gregg, of Polk county eight head of Poland China hogs

Mr West of Marion county several pens of Berkshires

I F Mascher one Berkshire sow [illegible] years old

R C Hawley, of Marion county one Berkshire boar and a litter of pigs

J L Parrish of Marion county one Cheshire boar two Cheshire sows and broods of pigs two [illegible] of Chufty Chinas Yorkshire boar and sow cross breeds of Chufty Chinas and Yorkshires and cross breeds of Poland Chinas and Yorkshires

POULTRY

S W Gaines of Scio Linn county, exhibits twenty four varieties of chickens, including all the choice grades All are prime imported stock Mr Gaines also exhibits a coop of white Holland turkeys and two pairs of white crested and Pekin ducks the latter imported

George Goodhue of Marion county exhibits six varieties of imported stock He also shows fine bronze turkeys Pekin ducks and [illegible] pigeons

J L Parrish of Salem exhibits a fine pair of Emden geese

R C Howles of Salem, exhibits two coops of Plymouth Rock chickens

There are some other coops of chickens turkeys guinea pigs etc but there is nothing to indicate by whom exhibited and nobody in attendance to inform either visitors or reporters Just what purpose was in the minds of the managers to make the prohibition the ticketing of the exhibits is hard to find out It is a great annoyance to visitors to which half the interest lies in the ownership of the things displayed

THE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The display of fruits, vegetables, grains and grasses is one of the features in the pavilion, although the number of exhibitors is not as large as might be There are but four large exhibits of fruit, namely, those of O. Dickenson, of Salem, S Luelling of Milwaukie, Arthur Warner and Mr. Walker, both of Clackamas Beginning with Mr Dickinson we find about 75 varieties of apples Among the kind displayed might be mentioned king of Tompkins, western beauty, rubicon, pryors red, russet, (20 ounces) pippins, monmouth, baldwin, fall orange, gloria mundi, which a spectator remarked was the poorest and largest apple in the world Then there was the yellow bell flower, and Dutch mignone, bishop crab and transcendent. Quinces, orange, seedlings, and pear quince Pears, twenty varieties, consisting of sheldon, winter nellies, buera clairgus, belle lucrative, bartletts, etc. Peaches, lemon cling, golden cling and charlotte The last was raised by Mr Dickinson from the seed, is an early peach and it is said it can't be beat in Oregon Grapes, creoellang, brighton, Iona and eumelon Prunes, Italian, German, imperial gage, silver, Prettyman and Coe's golden dew drop. A small display of other fruits is also made

S Lewelling, of Milwaukie, takes the prize for the best general display of apples, also the principal class prizes for apples, pears and prunes He displays apples from the size of a walnut to almost the dimensions of an ordinary sized water melon There are pippins, blue pearmain, baldwin, park greening, black detroit, wine sap, famuse, lady maiden, blush and kay Mr Lewelling shows twenty seven kinds of pears, including Flemish beauty, beurregets, brandy wine, Columbie, tyson, black walnut, sickiefull, butter angoulème Plums, egg, purple, damson, red and blue, and Coe's late Prunes, petite, Italian, German and Golden, a new variety rapidly coming into favor Mr Lewelling also makes quite a display of grapes, and a small showing of quinces The Clackamas county exhibit is represented by Arthur Warner and Mr. Walker, and a very creditable showing is made There are sixty odd varieties of apples, pears, peaches and plums, a small showing of grapes, and a sprinkling of berries, apricots, etc, also a twenty four pound sealy bark watermelon from the farm of A Walgamot, at Canby

W W Randall, of Oregon City has charge of the grains and grass for his county, and has got together a very large collection There is at least [illegible]00 varieties, and about forty or fifty classes Of native grasses alone, thirty varieties at least are shown, taken from Mr Randall's place in the vicinity of Mount Hood There is wild millet, blue grass, tassel, bent, purple, clover, bunch grass, tall red top, crab grass, slender grass, mesquite, poverty grass, seven varieties, porcupine four varieties, blue joint, Alpine bent, caning brown, borden, fine top, timothy, orchard, foxtail, etc.

M Wilkins of Eugene looks out for the interest of Lane county in the grain and grass, and has a fine exhibit of grains of all kinds The showing of wheat, oats and barley consists of almost every known variety, and goes to show what can be raised in Oregon in that line Of wheat there is Hundreth, Red Chaff, Palestine winter, Chili, Club, Texas white, Scotch, Hudson Bay, Odesa, Big Club, White Velvet New Zealand and Oregon winter Oats—Scotch dun, Whiteside, Blackside, Spring, Blackberry, Hamburg Brewing, Standard malt Barley Blue spring, Silver hull Also samples of buckwheat, white rye, peas, corn, etc. Mr Wilkins shows 110 varieties of grains and grasses for Lane county, and proves how well imported grasses, of which he has numerous specimens thrive in the Willamette valley Among the imported grasses he displays Texas bluegrass, Winter Futter, Louisiana summer, Bermuda, purple clover and winter clover.

The finest exhibit of grains and grasses ever made in Oregon is that of George Belshaw of Lane county, and was raised [illegible] himself this year on his farm near [illegible] Mr. Belshaw took the premium at [illegible] New Orleans World fair and also at Philadelphia for the best bushel of spring wheat of any class or locality; also a premium at both expositions similarly worded for the best winter wheat. Mr. Belshaw exhibits 70 varieties of wheat in straw, 6 of oats in straw, 3 of barley in straw and 50 varieties of grass. Yesterday he was awarded the blue ribbon for the best county exhibit in Oregon in his line. His display of white wheat consists of the following varieties First Scotch fife, the seed of which was brought from Minnesota. The kernel was originally red, but two years of careful handling in Oregon soil changed it to a white. Other varieties, propo from California, Chili club spring beauty, fish pale, Australia crown club, white chaff club, seven headed, Hudson bay, Sonora, Canada club, moss white, long white, French, red chaff club, Keyworth, England, red chaff, New Zealand, fine new wheat, velvet chaff, which took the premium-at New Orleans and Philadelphia, talevare, Whitman county club, Clawson long white, mammoth imperial, ninety day hedge row, shot club, golden chaff, the deal, sunset. Red varieties Pultza, goose wheat, Lancaster, English red, Odessa and bearded amber

Marion county confines herself to vegetables and an exhibit of flour by the Salem Flouring Mills company There is only, however, one vegetable exhibit worth especial mention, and that is by W H Adair of Salem prairie It, however, makes up for what is lacking in size in others, as it is prodigious in quantity in every respect. Imagine a pumpkin weighing 11[illegible] pounds, but this is only a starter turnips from two to five pounds, likewise carrots, parsnips sweet potatoes, etc. There is a good display of "Irish Murphys" and the beets nearly frighten the beholder Judging from this part of the display, if there is any money in the manufacture of beet sugar, Oregon is the place to start the enterprise It is almost unnecessary to mention the balance of the display Suffice it to say nearly every vegetable ever heard of in the known world has a representative, and most of them are big enough to take care of themselves Several creditable showings of jellies bottled and fruits of all kinds, canned and bottled, is made but one point about this portion of the display is that it is contributed by a multitude of persons, names not known, as the exhibits are unmarked This also applies to the small exhibits of fresh fruit Here you find a small plate of apples from one person, next pears from another, again grapes plums, etc. Some are very fine in their way but a display of fruit covering but one single table, contributed by twenty or thirty different persons, doesn't show up individually alongside of one wherein one exhibitor has a much larger table even than the "company" one, all to himself, loaded down with the finest of the season, specially picked for the occasion This also applies to the small display of vegetables made by some exhibitors True some of them will take prizes, but few of the smaller exhibitions are large enough to compete for the class prizes (exceptions always )

The committee was engaged to-day in making some awards and affixing blue and red ribbons to the winning packages The winners' names will not be given out until saturday

One thing noticeable for its absence in the pavilion is music. A band played a tune or so in the grounds in the morning but failed to put in any other appearance during the balance of the day in the vicinity of the pavilion, doubtless considering the ladies didn't care for its music and that it had better waste its energies in amusing the crowd at the race To make amends, pianos were brought into play, and the deficiency in a measure made up for, and there was actually one young lady present who *could* play

The exhibits are now all in place in the pavilion, at least all there will be It presents the same sort of an appearance that all fairs do, and naturally the visitors are largely comprised of the fair sex The man who has a patent that is going to revolutionize the world is in attendance in several numbers, also several women with a mission of the same kind to perform previous to leaving this vale of tears for a better world They all manage to attract some attention, and wear a smile of satisfaction that seems to say "Fickle fortune, thou art at last within my grasp" The display of grain and grasses commands the most attention from the gentlemen, and the art gallery, flowers and embroideries by the ladies. Boots and shoes, gloves etc. are rather neglected The piano is boss of the situation, and, as long as it sounds, attracts the main portion of the crowd to its vicinity

THE KITTY LYNCH PROTEST

The resolutions proposed by DeLashmutt have been the one subject of talk among horsemen since yesterday and the sentiment against the proposition to leave the National association appeared to be almost universal. At the same time, it was felt that the ruling against Kitty Lynch was an injustice. After several conferences the matter was settled this morning with good feeling all round. All parties in the protested race signed away their interest in the money won by Lynch and the society took their receipt and will stand responsible to the National association DeLashmutt will pay his fine of $100 under protest and will contest the matter before the National association and, whether he loses or gains the case, will be made whole This arrangement is entirely satisfactory and the mare will go on Friday

The settlement of this matter is extremely fortunate Withdrawal from the national association would have thrown the management of the state fair track back to the old system so productive of evils and unfortunate for the turf interests of the state

THE DASH

This race was for one and one-sixteenth miles for a purse of $500 The starters were Repetta, Keepsake, Geo Winters, Becky K and Neyella. Quebec and Billy Ayres were withdrawn Pools, with Repetta barred from the sale sold Neyella, $20 Winters, $9, Keepsake and Becky K, each $5 Repetta won easily, Neyella second, Winters third time, 1 51

THE TROT

This race was three in five, 2 35 class for a purse of $600 The starters were Fred Hambleton, Alta, Oleander and Lady Maud Lady Maud was a hot favorite in the pools She broke at the first turn, and Hambleton and Alta had it all their own way, the former winning easily in 2 32. Lady Maud and Oleander were distanced In the second heat Hambleton led all the way around and won as he pleased in 2 31 The third heat was a repetition of the second, Hambleton winning in 2 27 ¼

Between the second and third heats Lady Maud, who was distanced in the first heat was brought out and driven around the track in 2 26

TO-DAY'S RACES

Running, two year olds, three-fourths dash—Entries to date Laura D, Caddie P, Duffy Winters, Mark Twain and Diavalo

Trotting, two-year-old class, best two in three—Entries to date Clara, Mignonette, Alago, Lady Bassett, Democrat, Cicero and Cleveland Brown

RAILROAD NOTES

WORK ON THE NORTHERN PACIFIC BRANCHES

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—A St Paul special to the *Press* says Gen Adna Anderson, chief engineer of the Northern Pacific, speaking of the work upon the Northern Pacific extensions and branches, said "Upon the Cascade division we hope to have the section from Ellensburg to the tunnel ready for the next inspection This will be between the 1st of October and the 1st of November The length of this section is forty miles Work upon the tunnel is progressing very satisfactorily Contractor Bennett's men have pierced the mountain for a distance of 1400 feet This is about one-seventh of the entire distance. Men are working from both ends and will meet each other early in next year The Spokane and Palouse branch, [illegible] miles, will soon be completed and turned over to the operating department Trains are now running from Spokane Falls to Belmont, southern terminus of the line At some future day it is very likely the company will build east from Kingston to the Spokane Falls & Palouse line This will carry the line south of Coeur d'Alene lake, crossing the St. Joe river near its mouth "

A PHILADELPHIA RUMOR

NEW YORK, Sept 15—The *Mail and Express* says Report comes from Philadelphia that an effort is making to bring about a more definite separation of the Oregon Railway & Navigation and the Oregon & Transcontinental interests from those of the Northern Pacific.

ANSWER TO A CHINESE COMPLAINT

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 —The secretary of state some time ago transmitted to the treasury department a complaint made by the Chinese minister that certain Chinese females who arrived at San Francisco on the steamer San Pablo were, on their landing, searched all over their persons by male customs officers at the wharf, in the presence of many spectators, and that some of them had to take off their outer dress, reluctantly, by compulsory orders

After examination of the facts a reply was made to the secretary of state, stating that the females were searched by male customs officers in the temporary absence of the female inspector, that it was no personal search, but that the females were compelled to remove from their bodies certain new and unworn overcoats which they wore, in addition to their usual raiment, for the evident purpose of smuggling into the United States. Furthermore, the report states that "although it was plain from external view that these females had on their bodies a large quantity of other unnecessary underclothing, or other material believed to be smuggled goods, yet they were not subjected to [illegible] their persons searched, for the reason that there was no inspectoress to perform that duty."

# FOREIGN DISPATCHES

## Latest Phases of the Dispute About Bulgaria.

### A BRITISH MOVE ALARMS TURKEY.

**Justin McCarthy Lectures on the Irish Question Before Sailing for America—Dilke to Edit a Daily Paper—Etc**

NEW YORK, Sept 15 —T P O'Connor, in a London cable to the *Star*, says Fierce dissensions reign in the royal family on the Bulgarian question The Prince of Wales desires openly to wash his hands of the whole affair, but secretly opposes the brother of his sister Beatrice's husband, in favor of the successor of his wife's brother His wife's brother has abandoned his attitude of reserve and declared himself warmly, not in support of his own opinion but against the strong partisanship shown by the queen for Prince Alexander, supported by her favorite daughter Lord Iddlesleigh, foreign secretary in attendance on the queen, also strongly objects on constitutional grounds to further direct intervention by the sovereign in diplomatic negotiations carried on by the government He is put forward by Salisbury to make these representations The prime minister is too much of a courtier to present them himself

The European outlook is more peaceful but still full of peril Russia expresses a willingness to submit to Europe A dangerous stage will be touched when matters [illegible] of negotiation for revision of the treaty of Berlin

A BRITISH MOVE ALARMS TURKEY

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept 15 —The British are establishing a coaling station [illegible] on the northeast shore of the [illegible] The island is in the [illegible] of [illegible] Khedive The island is, however, for some time enjoyed certain [illegible] privileges [illegible] sides establishing a coaling station at the village [illegible] the British are giving other indications of an intention to govern the whole island Said Pasha, Turkish minister of foreign affairs has telegraphed instructions to Rustem Pasha Turkish ambassador to England to ask Iddlesleigh British foreign minister, whether or not it is true that England is chartering steamers and making other provisions against contingencies and if so what are England's reasons for this activity, if it is in a direction in which Turkey has interests "

A SIGNIFICANT APPOINTMENT

VIENNA, Sept 15—The *Politische Correspondenz* says Gen Baron Kaulbars, military attache of the Russian embassy at Vienna, summoned from Galicia while attending the Austrian maneuvers, to Brest-Litovsk, Poland, by the czar last week, has been appointed Russian diplomatic agent at Sofia If so, the appointment must be considered significant, as Gen Kaulbars is admitted to be the best informed foreigner living concerning military affairs in Austria

THE EMPERORS AGREE

LONDON, Sept 15 —A dispatch from Vienna to the *Times*, says that Kalnoky, Austrian minister of foreign affairs, has returned to Vienna from Gastein, furnished with the rudiments of an *entente cordiale* between the three emperors on the Bulgarian question, at least so far as the immediate future is concerned Russia, the dispatch says, recognizes the European character of the Bulgarian question, while laying stress upon her interests in Bulgaria.

ENGLAND TO SEIZE EGYPT

PARIS, Sept 15—The *Republique Francaise* publishes a telegram from London, which states that England meditates a grand *coup d'etat*, and will probably proclaim Egypt a British possession She will, however, adds the *Republique Francaise*, do nothing until she has sufficient force at Alexandria.

THE RUSSIAN MANEUVERS

PARIS, Sept. 15—Dispatches from Brest Litovsk say that the Russian military maneuvers which have been attended by the czar have concluded, the closing drill having been a grand march by all the troops past the czar

EMPEROR WILLIAM EXHAUSTED

STRASBURG, Sept. 15 —Emperor William was unable to attend the German maneuvers here to-day He was compelled by exhaustion to remain at home

JUSTIN McCARTHY

**He Lectures at Liverpool Prior to his Departure for America.**

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 15 —Justin McCarthy delivered a farewell lecture here to-night, on the eve of his departure for America. There was a large attendance. McCarthy had for his subject "The Irish Cause of To-day" He said that the cause of Ireland had of late made remarkable strides Parnell had opened up an entirely new chapter in the history of the Irish struggle for legislative independence (Cheers) Success was within sight. It was hardly a question of years, but rather a question of months The most eloquent of English orators, the most gifted of English statesmen, Gladstone, was now leader of the home rule cause, and behind him was the great English democracy party. Only some strange, unparalleled fatal mistake by the Irish party could prevent success, and please heaven they would not make such mistake (Applause

The test of a true Irishman is," said McCarthy, "is he a home-ruler? Irishmen," he concluded, "did not ask to dissolve the partnership with Great Britain They only insisted upon their right of governing themselves Irishmen were tired and sick of being the enemies of England, especially as English friends had so suddenly and nobly risen to do their duty toward Ireland " [Applause ]

He was not going to America on a political mission He had heard, however, that educated Americans did not believe in home rule, and he would try to find them out. He thought that on his return he would be able to give a list of them in a very small compass Indeed, he hoped to return in time to take part in the great struggle which would begin in the next session of parliament, and which would lead to the complete and consummate success of the Irish cause. [Applause ] There was the cause of civilization, enlightenment, progress and humanity, and under God's providence it could not possibly fail to meet with success

At the close of his speech Mr McCarthy was loudly applauded

ENGLAND

DALY, THE DYNAMITER

LONDON, Sept 15 —A correspondent writes to the *Times* in reference to the resolution of the Limerick branch of the National League expressing sympathy with Daly, the dynamiter whom the resolution describes as "dying in a British dungeon " The correspondent reminds the *Times* that when Daly was arrested there were found in the house in Birmingham letters from Brennan which proved that it was Daly's purpose to obtain admission to the strangers' gallery in the house of commons, and to throw a bomb on the table during the debate, the Parnellites, of course, to receive caution before hand to absent themselves on this occasion "If, continued the correspondent, "Daly's purpose had been successfully carried out, every leading statesman in the house of commons, on both sides, including Gladstone, would have been killed."

ORMONDE WINS

LONDON, Sept 15 —This was the second day of the Doncaster September meeting The race for the St Leger stakes was won by Ormonde St Miren second, Exmoore third There were seven starters.

St Miren took the lead, followed by Coracle, Exmoore Ormonde and others The positions of the four leaders were continually changing until the end of the half mile was reached, when Coracle retired Ormonde then drew to the front, followed by Exmoore and St Miren, and coming on, won in a canter by four lengths Exmoore was a bad third time, 3 21 Ormonde was ridden by Archer, St. Miren by Barrett, and Exmoore by Boster The weather was splendid and the attendance unusually large

LORD CHURCHILL REPLIES

LONDON, Sept 15 —Lord Randolph Churchill, replying to the directors of the Scotch Protestant alliance who recently severely criticised his answer to their remonstrance against the appointment of Matthews, Roman Catholic, as home secretary, says he must decline to enter the field of polemic theology, in regard to the position of Catholics in Protestant states He adds that if the views of the alliance were pushed to a logical conclusion they would involve the repeal of all those acts of parliament removing the political disabilities of Catholics and the re-enactment of penal laws which a vast majority of the British people are anxious to forget.

DILKE TO EDIT A PAPER.

LONDON, Sept. 15 —Sir Charles Dilke has returned to London, and has already announced that he will re-enter public life as proprietor and editor of a London daily news paper.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* is indignant at Sir Charles Dilke's hardihood, and publishes an article calling upon the queen to vindicate the purity of English homes and the sanctity of a judicial oath and remove Sir Charles Dilke from the roll of the privy council.

PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, Sept 15.—It is now understood that after further talk on the appropriations for the Irish constabulary the Parnellites will cease their exhausting labors in debate, and that the remaining appropriations will be rapidly passed. It is expected that the discussion of the supply bill will be finished Saturday night, and that Parnell's land bill will be discussed on Monday, and a division be taken at a late hour on Tuesday Parliament will probably be prorogued a week from Saturday.

STEAMER SUNK

LONDON, Sept 15 —A collision occurred today in the river Clyde, between the British steamers Craithnaira and Clan Graham, and the former vessel was sunk.

AUSTRIA

CHOLERA GAINING GROUND

LONDON, Sept. 15 —The cholera is gaining ground in Austria It is the worst at Lic, a village near Agram, of 900 inhabitants. Of the village ninety have been stricken down, about twenty-eight of them died almost immediately The people distrust the doctors and conceal the sick as long as possible The doctors are frequently stoned in the streets In one house a mother and daughter were found half naked on a bare floor writhing in the agony of death, and in another room lay the body of the father upon which had been thrown the corpse of the son The villagers are too much frightened to help one another

Six persons died from cholera in Trieste, during the twenty four hours ending yesterday, and two died in Pesth In the former city sixteen new cases were reported and six in Pesth

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 15—Turkey has ordered the establishment of a five-day quarantine against all arrivals from ports on the Danube, because of the existence of cholera in Buda Pesth

A BRIDGE DISASTER

VIENNA, Sept 15 —A suspension bridge over the river [illegible], in the town of Ostrau, in Moravia, collapsed to-day while a squadron of [illegible] were crossing [illegible] and a number of spectators who were on the bridge were [illegible] the soldiers were [illegible] precipitated into the river [illegible] persons were instantly killed, [illegible] Many were seriously injured All the injured were rescued [illegible] the river

It is found that [illegible] school children were drowned through the falling of the suspension bridge at Ostrau yesterday, in addition to casualties already reported

FORTY ROUNDS A MINUTE

VIENNA, Sept 15 —The new Mannlicher repeating rifle now being manufactured for the Austrian army is the most perfect rifle ever invented. It fires forty rounds a minute The *Deutsche Blatt* was seized for publishing a description of the mechanism of the French of the new rifle

MEXICO

REPORTED INDIAN OUTRAGES DENIED

EL PASO, Tex, Sept 15 —Reports were circulated to-day by irresponsible newspapers in El Paso that hostile Apaches are depredating near the Sanael mining district in Chihuahua, and around Lake Guzman, about fifty miles southwest of Paso del Norte These reports are false in every particular They were caused by outrages committed by a band of Mexican marauders and horsethieves A few days ago a ranch house at the corral de Piedra, between Lake Guzman and Sulimal, was burned down, after all the stores contained in it had been appropriated The large numbers of horses at the corral had not, however, been disturbed This proves conclusively that the marauders were not Indians, for they would have gone after the horses It is pretty certain that there are no more hostile Apaches on the war path, but that they are all in the hands of the military

MEXICO'S FOURTH OF JULY

CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 15 —The city is filled with visitors to participate in the celebration of national independence day to-morrow. This being the anniversary of the birth of President Diaz, he was waited on this forenoon by generals and chief officers of the army in full uniform, by the diplomatic corps and civil service functionaries at his residence To-night the president attended exercises commemorative of Mexican independence at the theater, at which were present several thousand persons To-morrow there will be a great street procession and review of troops A great ball given in honor of the president by his generals will take place at the school of mines in the evening The decorations are costly, and it will be the greatest social event of this decade Congress begins its sessions to-morrow afternoon

THE NEW HEBRIDES

ARBITRARY ACTION BY THE FRENCH

MELBOURNE, Sept. 15 —Exciting reports have been received here of arbitrary French action in the New Hebrides. Rev M MacDonald, Presbyterian missionary at Havana harbor, in a letter to Lieut. Man of the British gunboat Swinger, says that the French Hebrides company have seized lands of the native Christian mission, alleging prior title, and that the French commandant threatened the natives with armed force if they resisted The company also claimed the lands of other British subjects. MacDonald says that the French practically exercised sovereignty over the island A collision between the natives and the French is imminent Threats have been made against Mr MacDonald and native Christians, and he demands assistance from the English squadron The premiers of the Australian colonies are about to hold a conference to consider the situation.

AFRICA

A CONTEST FOR TERRITORY

MADRID, Sept. 15 —A telegram from Elobey on the west coast of Africa, reports conflicts between Spaniards and Frenchmen, owing to the hoisting of the French flag alongside of the Spanish flag on some west coast territory According to latest advices the natives on the left bank of the Muni river, opposite Fernando Po, hoisted a Spanish flag, and a Spanish gunboat was sent to protect it. The authorities of the French colony of Gaboon thereupon also dispatched a gunboat to the spot, the captain having instructions to claim the Muni country as French territory The two gunboats met. The Frenchmen wanted to hoist the French flag, but the Spaniards announced that they would fight before they would allow the French colors to be raised The Frenchmen then made a formal protest against the action of the Spaniards

ITALY

A WONDERFUL HERB

LONDON Sept 15 —Succi, the Italian faster, at Milan, will not divulge the secret of his African herb liquor, as he intends to take out a patent for it, and expects to realize a few million francs profit from its sale He claims that the liquor will become a staple drink among the poor He says it will become cheap that a large family may subsist a week on a franc's worth of liquor Succi is visited by dukes, princes, senators deputies and hosts of doctors His strength is unimpaired

SAMOAN ISLANDS

[illegible]

LONDON, Sept 15 —Advices from Apia state that after the departure of the last of the man of war which had recently visited the Samoan islands, the native kings renewed their civil war

IRELAND

A BRIDGE DISASTER

DUBLIN Sept 15 —The Albert bridge, spanning the Lagan river at Belfast, collapsed to-day Twenty persons were thrown into the river, four of whom were drowned

CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

A TELEGRAPH MANAGER ABSCONDS

ST LOUIS, Sept. 15 —L. B Brown, manager of the Western Union Telegraph company, failed to send in his regular financial statement to the head office for three months, and when finally telegraphed by General Superintendent Clowry to do so fled to Canada, where he now is Officers of the company refuse to say anything of his accounts, but various rumors are in circulation He is in Windsor for his health, said his friends, but the pay rolls are so tangled that experts are now at work on them, and expect to be busy for a week or more. The charge is made that suburban operators on $20 salaries were credited on the pay roll with $40, but claim, when interviewed, to have received none of the benefits of the steal

Col Baker, district superintendent, said he had received a message from Brown in London, Canada, and that Brown will be back in a few days "I am of the opinion," he added, "that Brown is short in his accounts but when things are straightened no one but his bondsmen will be told the amount of the deficit."

It is supposed that Brown fled to Canada to avoid arrest, and will stay there until his friends have squared his accounts and arranged that no prosecution shall follow

THE CONFESSION OF ARBUTHNOT

ST LOUIS, Sept 15 —Chief of Police Halloran of East St Louis, to-day sent further inquiries to the sheriff of the county where Arthur Arbuthnot, confessed murderer of the late ex-Mayor Bowman, is held. The matter has been placed in the hands of the murdered man's son, and he will demand Arbuthnot's return to East St. Louis, in order that the latter may be personally examined by the authorities there. A general opinion prevails here that Arbuthnot is a crank.

SPORTING NOTES.

BROOKLYN JOCKEY CLUB RACES

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 —Brooklyn Jockey [illegible] three-fourths mile—Climax won, [illegible] second, Jim Douglas third, time, 1:15¼

Selling allowances, one mile—[illegible] Florence M. second, Mono third, time, 1:4[illegible]

For three-year-olds and upward, one and [illegible] fourth miles—Won by Aretino, Richmond [illegible] ond, only two started, time, 2.24.

The Woodland handicap for three-year-olds and upwards, one and three-sixteenths [illegible] Weaver won, Mollie McCarthy's Last [illegible] Supervisor third, time, 2 04.

Two-year-olds, three-fourths mile—[illegible] won, Italiala second, Bainbridge third, [illegible] 1 17

Three year olds and upwards, selling allowances, one mile—Frank Ward won, [illegible] second, Little Minnie third, time, 1 43¾.

THE LOUISVILLE RACES.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 15 —Mile heats, selling allowances—Sour Mash won in straight [illegible] Elmstum second, Bootblack third, [illegible] 1 4[illegible], 1 46

One and one-eighth miles—Bob Fisher [illegible] Big Three second, Gold Ban third, time, 1:5[illegible]

Three quarters mile—Tom Hood won, [illegible] ity second, Kennebec third, time, 1:1[illegible]

Three quarters mile—Violin won, [illegible] second, Little Fellow third time, 1:15½.

Five furlongs, the Belle Mead stakes—[illegible] won easily by a length, Banyan second, [illegible] third time, 1 02.

BASEBALL.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 15.—Kansas City [illegible] troit 1[illegible]

NEW YORK, Sept. 15 —New York 0, Washington [illegible]

BOSTON, Sept. 15 —Boston 5, Philadelphia [illegible]

ST LOUIS, Sept. 15.—St. Louis 2, Chicago [illegible]

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 15 —Afternoon game [illegible] Kansas City 7, Detroit 6.

FIGHT TO A FINISH.

MARLBORO, Mass, Sept. 15.—Henry McGlore [illegible] of [illegible], and Eddy Welch, of Ashland, [illegible] eight rounds at the Ocean Pier skating rink [illegible] night for $200 and the light featherweight championship About 200 sporting men [illegible] present Each of the contestants weighed [illegible] pounds and both were well trained. [illegible] fought the fighting, battering ram style, [illegible] Welch was more agile McGlore secured [illegible] first knockdown in the fifth round. In [illegible] eighth round he landed a swinging blow [illegible] Welch's jaw, knocking him completely [illegible] Welch could not stand on his feet for [illegible] [illegible] and the fight was awarded to McGlore

BURKE STARTS WEST.

CHICAGO Sept. 15 —Jack Burke [illegible] backer will start to morrow night for San Francisco, to meet Jack Dempsey in an [illegible] glove contest, Marquis of Queensbury [illegible] September 27, the winner to take all the [illegible] ceipts

ARRANGING A NATIONAL DRILL.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15 —The committee [illegible] authorized by a recent meeting of citizens of [illegible] city to arrange for a proposed national drill [illegible] be held here next May, held its first meeting [illegible] night It was decided to offer cash prizes [illegible] least $20,000 It was also decided to invite [illegible] J O De Long of Mobile to confer with the committee before any further arrangements [illegible] ing the affair were made. A number of [illegible] companies have expressed a desire to [illegible] pete

ROYAL [illegible]

Royal is the best baking powder [illegible] it is absolutely pure and wholesome, of [illegible] highest strength, and maintains its [illegible] leavening power until used.

There is no other pure baking [illegible] offered to the public, all others [illegible] either lime or alum,—deleterious [illegible] ces —sometimes both. Lime [illegible] sults from impure cream of tartar, alum [illegible] added to give strength, the object of [illegible] manufacturers in both cases is to produce a cheap powder

The Royal Baking Powder is exclusively made from cream of tartar specially [illegible] and prepared for its use by patent process [illegible] by which the tartrate of lime and all [illegible] impurities are totally removed. Its [illegible] late purity is guaranteed by its manufacturers and certified by all prominent [illegible] ists and scientists who have made [illegible] subject of investigation

The cream of tartar of the market [illegible] which other baking powders are made [illegible] been tested by Profs Chandler and [illegible] for the New York State Board of Health and found to contain impurities from [illegible] to ninety three per cent of its weight. [illegible] is, therefore absolutely impossible [illegible] these powders should be pure, while [illegible] equally as impossible for the Royal, [illegible] made as it is from chemically pure materials to be otherwise than absolutely pure

There being no inert matter in the ingredients of the Royal Baking Powder, [illegible] strength is, of course, attained, and [illegible] exact value of the materials being [illegible] tainable to an atom, a compound is [illegible] that will maintain its full strength [illegible] and leave no residuum in the bread [illegible] which all chemical tests and practical experience have proved to be the perfection [illegible] leavening agencies This combination [illegible] the "Royal" makes it the best, and [illegible] only perfect baking powder attainable.

Prof Mott late Government Chemist says Because of the facilities that [illegible] pany have for obtaining perfectly [illegible] cream of tartar, and for other reasons [illegible] pendent upon the constituents used [illegible] manufacture the proper proportion of [illegible] and the method of its preparation [illegible] the Royal Baking Powder is undoubtedly [illegible] purest and most reliable baking powder [illegible] to the public "

H A MOTT, PH D," etc.

U S Government Chemist

[illegible]'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and

CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

[illegible] S [illegible]

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 44 Murray St., [illegible]

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POMMERY SEC CHAMPAGNE, PIPER HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE

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Terms

Cash for all sales of $25 or under. [illegible] for cash; or one-third (1-3) cash, balan[illegible] per cent. interest, secured by mort[illegible]

This Auction Sale will com[illegible] on Court day, October 4th, [illegible] il all the Lots are sold.

For Description, Plats or furth[illegible]

JOSEPH

YOUR OWN NEIGHBORS AND Business Associates ARE OUR WITNESSES

They testify, after 10 to 20 years of [illegible] perience, that, as a Provision for Loved Ones [illegible] SOUND, HONEST Life Insurance is a Necessity

And that, of [illegible] good trustworthy [illegible] surance [illegible] in which they have insured, the

BEST FOR THE POLICY-HOLDER [illegible]

Northwestern Mutual, Of Milwaukee, Wis.

[illegible]

FRANCIS & REED, [illegible] Portland [illegible]

Grain Bags FLOUR SACKS, TWINES, HOP BAGGING BURLAP CLOTH, [illegible]

W.C. NOON & Co. 20 AND 22 NORTH FRONT ST. [illegible]

MACHINERY.

THE WESTINGHOUSE AUTOMATIC ENGINE

PARKE & LACY 1[illegible] Front St., Portland, Or.

FOR THE FINEST [illegible] OF BEER IN [illegible] Franz Kel[illegible] and Finests